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VOL. XI. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 6, 1873. NO. 21.

FIRST EDITION.

Execution of the Modocs

A Most Impressive Spectacle.

Witnessed by Five Hundred Klamaths

And by the Wives and Children of the Culprits

JACKSONVILLE, October 3.—Your correspondent left Fort Klamath this morning at 10:30 o'clock, and by hard riding arrived here a few moments ago. The following is a report of the execution of Captain Jack and his band: Boston Charley and Black Jim were led on the scaffold first, and Schonchin next; they trod on it with apparent indifference and iron nerve, having evidently resolved to die as brave as they had lived. Jack went easily up the stairway, but looked wretched and miserable. The manacles had been struck off, but their arms were securely pinioned with cords. At precisely 9:45 A. M., the interpreters, Capt. O. C. Applegate and David Hill, explained to the culprits the nature of the order to be read to them by the Adjutant, and at 10 A. M. Adjutant Kingsbury read the orders promulgating the sentence of the Commission and the President's order thereon.

The two reprieved prisoners, Bamcho and Sloluk, yet stood on the ground in front of the scaffold, shackled and under guard. During the reading the pinioned victims were seated on the platform of the scaffold, with their feet on the drop, listening anxiously, but of course not understanding a word of it. The reading occupied ten minutes; then the Adjutant read the order of commutation in the cases of Bamcho and Sloluk, and the poor fellows were taken back to the stockade, evidently happy at not accompanying the others to the happy hunting grounds. The Chaplain then offered an earnest and fervid prayer for the souls of the culprits, which was listened to attentively.

At 10:15 the fatal noose was placed around the necks of the condemned, under the direction of Captain Hoge. It was necessary to cut off a little of Jack's long hair, which was in the way of the rope. Captain Hoge then bid farewell to the prisoners, and the black caps were placed on the heads of the culprits; it must have been an awful moment.

At 10:20 they stood on the drop; the rope was cut by the assistant at a signal made with Captain Hoge's handkerchief. The bodies swung round and round, Jack and Jim apparently dying easily, but Boston Charley and Schonchin suffering terrible convulsions. Boston Charley and Schonchin repeatedly drew up their legs, but the two others seemed to die almost instantly. At 10:28 their pulses were felt by Captain Hoge, and, as I write, they are swinging lifeless in the air. As the drop fell with a terrible thud four poor, wretched human beings fell into eternity, and a half smothered cry of horror went up from the crowd of over five hundred Klamath Indians, who witnessed the awful spectacle.

Walls of deep and bitter anguish went up from the stockade, where the wives and children of the poor fellows had a fair view of the shocking scene. The coffins, six in number, had been placed directly in the rear of the gallows, two of them destined to be unoccupied.

FROM FORT WAYNE.

Hairbreadth Escape—Young Man Crushed by a Train—A Child Burnt.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., October 4, 1873.

A very extraordinary hairbreadth escape from a horrible death occurred in this city. John Cody, superintendent of a large stave factory, while running along the track of the Wabash Railway, tripped and fell. Before he could raise himself, a train was upon him and five flat cars passed over him before the train was stopped. Mr. Cody's presence of mind is unequaled. He rolled near to the rail as possible, and this left space for the machinery of the cars to barely clear him. Had the engine reached him he would have been mangled in an instant. However, he got off with some severe cuts over the eye, and a badly injured arm.

A young man named J. C. Ballman was instantly killed at the Wabash freight house to-day under the following circumstances: While climbing up the side of a car he was caught by the building and fell under the train, crushing his right leg and hurling him into a jelly.

A little boy, named Charley Stockhouse, four years old, was terribly burned to-day while lighting a stick in the fire to play with. He was burned from the abdomen in front and on both sides to the top of his head. It is hardly possible that he can get well.

Relief for the Sufferers at Memphis.

ST. LOUIS, October 4.—Nearly one thousand dollars was raised on 'Change to-day for the Memphis sufferers, and a committee appointed to raise an additional amount. A Memphis packet company donated one thousand dollars. Collections will be taken up in most churches to-morrow.

CHICAGO, October 4.—A committee was appointed by the Board of Trade this evening, to solicit subscriptions for the aid of the suffering citizens of Memphis. Some fifteen hundred dollars in cash has already been raised, and will be telegraphed to the Mayor of Memphis this evening, and further liberal donations will soon follow. Bishop Whitehouse, of the Diocese of Illinois, has requested his clergy to take up subscriptions in their churches to-morrow.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The Cotton Exchange yesterday raised $1,600 for Memphis.

LOUISVILLE, October 4.—At a meeting of the Board of Trade, on Saturday, extensive subscriptions were obtained for the Memphis and Shreveport sufferers, and a committee is to be appointed to canvass the city. The proceeds of the Exposition for two nights are also to be given to the sufferers.

CHICAGO, October 4.—Over five hundred dollars was raised here to-day by a committee from various Hebrew societies for the benefit of the Memphis yellow fever sufferers. Subscriptions continue to come in to the Citizens' Committee appointed by the Board of Trade to-day.

Mysterious Death.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., Oct. 4, 1873.

Last evening Sidney Hill, a colored citizen, living in the northern outskirts of the town, was found dead near the track of the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad about a half a mile north of his residence. The coroner held an inquest last evening, but being unable to procure an important witness adjourned until this evening. Hill was last seen walking on the railroad track with his landlady. The doctors testify that deceased come to his death by a heavy weight falling on him, as the remains show no outward bruises except a black and blue spot over the eyes, but they think his hips and ribs are broken.

Wooster University—Inauguration of President.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WOOSTER, O., October 4, 1873.

The inauguration of Mr. A. A. E. Taylor, D. D., as President of the University of Wooster, will take place in the University chapel on Tuesday, the 7th inst., at ten o'clock A. M. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Willis Lloyd, D. D., the retiring President, and Dr. Taylor, the President elect. This will be an occasion of great interest in the history of the young and prosperous institution. The Board of Trustees will have a meeting the same day.

Close of the Stark County Fair.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

KNOX, STARK CO., IND., October 4, 1873.

The fair closed to-day with a large attendance, bad weather taken into consideration. The managers congratulate themselves on their good success, the fair being pronounced by those who have attended for years previous to be the best one held in Stark county. The prospect is very flattering for a fine time next year. The display of agricultural implements and farm machinery was very good, while the display of farm products exceeded all expectations. Everything passed off quietly and no disturbances.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

A dispatch from Alexandria, Egypt, says a financial panic prevails in that city.

Lamper & Co., grain dealers, of Boston, have suspended, the accounts standing thus: Liabilities, $300,000; assets, $500,000.

The working men of Boston are making arrangements to give a grand reception to Joseph Arch on his arrival from Canada.

A fire at a plaining mill at Montreal on Saturday resulted in damage to the amount of $30,000.

A Boston dispatch states that the store of A. Jaquith, at Newford, was on Friday night robbed of $12,000 worth of railroad stocks and $300 in greenbacks.

The change of gauge on the Grand Trunk Railway, of Canada, was completed on Saturday over the entire line, and trains will resume their regular trips to-day. The international bridge at Buffalo will be completed on the 27th, after which trains can pass between Canada and the Eastern and Western States.

A Melbourne, Australia, dispatch reports that anarchy prevails in the Feejee Islands. Many of the white settlers refuse to pay taxes, and have taken up arms to resist their collection. The British and German consuls have intervened to restore order. The commander of a British gunboat has forbidden subjects of Great Britain to arm.

Baltimore papers say that so many loaded oyster crafts have arrived there during the past week as to completely overstock the market, and that the oysters are selling at fifteen cents per bushel to dealers.

The fall meeting of the American Jockey Club opened yesterday most favorably, at Jerome Park, New York.

Our Cincinnati dispatch says there is nothing very important here relative to the financial situation. The week closes with improved confidence. The number of hands thus far discharged on account of the stringency is small.

The Louisville Exposition was last week visited by ninety-three thousand persons. It will close next Saturday.

The Cincinnati Exposition closed on Saturday, with an attendance of sixteen thousand for the day. The entire attendance has been five hundred and eight thousand.

The report that a coolness had sprung up between Senor Castelar and Gen. Sickles, United States Minister to Spain, is contradicted.

The steamer Wisconsin arrived at New York yesterday.

The main pipe of the Hoboken water works burst on Saturday night, causing a water famine.

Septy's oil cloth factory at New York, was burned on Saturday night. Loss, $60,000.

The New Orleans National Banking Association goes into liquidation, and will be placed in the hands of receivers. The house of Cavoroc & Son has also failed.

There is no more apprehension on account of the financial situation in Columbus, O. There has been no stoppage of manufactures, and none is expected.

The preliminary trial of Parker, the farmer who murdered the boy Mills on the 27th ult., commenced on Saturday.

The steamship City of Brussels brings $655,000 specie.

The New York *Herald* has a letter from Dundee, Scotland, saying that an important statement relative to the death of Captain Hall, of the Polaris, has been made by the second mate Morton, and given to the United States Consul there, which has been forwarded to the American government.

The steamer Italo has arrived at New York from Glasgow.

THE CAMPAIGN

Grand Rally in Philadelphia

Indorsement of the Republican Nominations—Speeches of Hon. Benjamin H. Brewster and Col. William B. Mann.

The Republicans of Philadelphia held a monster mass meeting in Horticultural Hall on Friday evening, the room being densely crowded, and the wildest enthusiasm prevailing. Hon. Morton McMichael presided, with a long list of vice presidents and secretaries. Eloquent speeches were made by Hon. Benjamin H. Brewster, Hon. John W. Forney, Hon. William H. Armstrong, member of the Constitutional Convention, Col. William B. Mann, and others. A series of resolutions was adopted, indorsing the nominees for State, county and city officers, and pledging them a hearty, earnest and united support. We regret that contracted space prevents the publication of all the speeches, but cannot forego the pleasure of laying before our readers those of Mr Brewster and Col. Mann. Following is the

SPEECH OF HON. B. H. BREWSTER.

The object of this meeting is to express our candid and united approval of the nominations of the Republican party, and to resolve that we will do all we can to secure their elections, one and all. The first in order of dignity and public importance is the nomination for a Judge of the Supreme Court. The gentleman nominated is Isaac G. Gordon, of Jefferson county. As to this gentleman, I can in the most free and full way assure you that a better man could not be found in the Commonwealth.

This I would not say and dare not say if I did not believe it. I never will stand up and support for a judicial nomination an unworthy or ignorant man. My idea of fitness for such a post requires that the candidate should be conspicuously pure, experienced, capable and learned; and I do assure you that from knowledge acquired by me directly from those who have lived with him—those who contended at the bar with him, those who sat in judgment on his arguments, and those who have opposed him in his public life and differed with him in his political views, that I can say he is a man of eminent professional fitness and of unquestioned simplicity and purity of life and character.

The judicial office is the most essential of all, for it often supplies all others, and is never itself supplied by others. There is necessity of taking a Republican. All things being equal, it is our duty to support our own man, for oftentimes the judicial function is invited to uphold the policy and principles of the Executive and Legislative, as in the late rebellion on the question of the draft, the loan, the legal tender. Indeed, in this State we were most happy in having gentlemen on the bench who knew no obligation of mere party, and rose to the dignity of patriots. In this, I regret to say, Judge Ludlow is open to criticism. Once Judge Allison had to perform the unpleasant duty of rescinding, if not of rebuking, his unpatriotic action. Judge Sharswood felt constrained by old convictions to repudiate the legal-tender law, and that in the midnight of our troubles. He, too, was overruled by his associates, but he left on record an opinion of great force that was all the more hurtful because of its strength, and hurtful when men could not pause to weigh nice atoms of law in apothecaries' scales. It was because the judicial power and the executive and legislative all alike united to sustain the country, that we prevailed and rescued our nationality. They all were able to answer as Cicero answered when arraigned for overstepping the letter of the law when he subdued the Cataline conspiracy—"If I did depart from the letter of the law, I know that I saved the republic." It is, therefore, essential that we should have a judge on the Supreme Bench whose past association with the Republican party in its public career will assure us all that he will not encourage any step that leads to a retraction of these legal and constitutional decrees that were made to protect our authorities in the prosecution of the war, or that have been made to secure the fruits of that war. We want men who will be judges in Israel, and not mere representatives of faction—men who will follow the higher law of patriotic obedience to their whole country—men who will, as my friend Mr. Hazlehurst said, "be equal to times that try men's souls and make the souls that try them."

There is another reason why Republicans should here in Philadelphia hesitate to aid Judge Ludlow, no matter how strong their personal liking may be for him. To take him from the Common Pleas would be to remove the only Democratic representative on that bench, and I with many others hold that this would be a public misfortune. Here locally we would lose his experience of our local laws, over which the Common Pleas has had an especial jurisdiction, and his party, unrepresented, would clamor loud and long at the judgment of the court in all public matters, as the partial findings of a tribunal that was restrained by no opposing influence. It has been said by the friends of Judge Ludlow that he will carry away a large vote from our party in this county. This is an error, as the result will prove. The fact that Philadelphia did not secure her candidate will never persuade our people to reject a worthy and learned man from another section, or to desert their party or their duty to follow one who gave discomfort and judicial countenance to our party and our policies when we were struggling for national life and national honor. The friends of Judge Paxson will to-night deny and denounce this thought. Judge Paxson himself would reject it with indignation and call on you all to vote for Isaac G. Gordon, as Isaac G. Gordon would have called on all to vote for Judge Paxson, had he been the nominee. Oh no; Philadelphia will be true to her own local party nominations, and she never will disgrace her record by a treason so black as the support of her own local ticket and the betrayal of the judicial nominee for the State. That would be too vile a thing for men to do—for men who had borne the brunt of all contests since the war began; for men who had never flinched or fled from the hardest trials.

I tell you now, and, in telling you, I tell all men in the State, that we mean to be faithful to the party, and poll its whole vote for Isaac G. Gordon—poll it for him as he is a good lawyer, as he is a pure, upright man, as he has been, and is, a true, avowed, active member of the Republican party, and, as in being all this, he is also its choice and hope.

I must now pass from this gentleman to consider the nomination and election of Mr. Mackey. Were I to obey the impulse of my judgment I would say nothing on this nomination, as I consider our adversaries were signally defeated on all the charges they presented against Mr. Mackey in the election of last fall. It was not General Hartranft who was then on his trial; it was Mr. Mackey. All they charged against General Hartranft was a guilty knowledge of Mr. Mackey's supposed delinquencies. On that issue I met the accusations and at the Wigwam I confuted and confounded them—one and all. I am not too bold when I say that from the hour I then pleaded the cause of the party to the day of the election, no one man and no one press was able to refute the justification then uttered by me. The subject could be treated as an ordinary litigation in court could be treated, and so I dealt with it. I went to the people as I would to a court and jury, and reasoned my case on the law and facts as they were given in evidence by our accusers, and the result was a triumphant verdict of the people for our nominee, John F. Hartranft, and in giving that verdict I laid ground for another which will elect Robert W. Mackey. I am one of those who thought and said that the party owed this nomination to Mr. Mackey. To me he was a stranger. I had no relations with him or his that made me over-partial to him. Indeed, there were those associated with him who had wantonly wronged me, but this should not sway me, and did not, and I looked at the question with a clear eye regarding the right. I say I thought the party owed this nomination to Mr. Mackey. Go where you would, he was there. He was ubiquitous, he was earnest, and spared neither labor, time nor money, and for that he is entitled to his reward. What charge have they made that we have not refuted? Are we to forget the certified examination of the condition of the treasury by Mr. Lewis, the President of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, and Mr. Charles L. Schaffer, the cashier of the Girard Bank, two of our best men? They examined and certified that the Treasury of the State was untouched; and that had Mr. Mackey been disposed he could not have sold a dollar of the Sinking Fund, as it was invested so that it could not be sold or negotiated. Oh! what a shame it is thus to accuse a man merely because he holds a public office, or is chosen as the candidate of an honorable and patriotic party. Since these charges were made the Legislature convened, the Constitutional Convention assembled, and in neither of those bodies have responsible men been bold enough to stand up and renew them. If they were true it was the duty of the accusers to have caused an open and public trial of them. Mr. Mackey's career as an officer has been a prosperous one for the Commonwealth. So abundant has the revenue been under his prudent and honest management that he has reduced the State debt, and virtually repealed all the State taxes on the general property and effects of the citizens, collecting the revenue from the earnings and profits of our public and private corporations.

I say again, I think he earned the nomination by his suffering and good conduct, and I believe he will be as certainly vindicated and elected as was his friend, Gen. Hartranft. They both have the same generous, confiding constituencies, and they both merit the same good fortune.

Before I conclude I must pause to speak of our local ticket. The chief and most important candidate, for the Sheriff, Mr. Elliott, commands my especial consideration. He is a plain, blunt, sensible, punctual, honest man. He is of the people—from the people—for the people. Step by step, steadily has he made his way in life, and each step was a forward one. He is eminently an independent, free man, and the public know it and have known it for years, and hence the great popular confidence he so conspicuously possesses. He never occupied a place that he did not do its duty up to the full measure of its requirements. He never left a public place but at his own desire, and no man dare stand up in this community and make a charge against his fitness or integrity, and when we add to all of this his great and valuable services to our party through years and years of good and evil fortune, what more can we want or can any man bring to command the full and entire vote of his party? He serves us by lending such a name and such a record for this canvass. I say all this because I personally know and respect this gentleman, and feel it to be his due thus to testify in his behalf. The rest of the ticket is as good as the best man our opponents have to offer. And this I declare to be a point of duty of all true Republicans, never to forget that when we were in the Valley of the Shadow of Death and our armed enemies were upon us, that our opponents now were our opponents then; that they were the men who jeered at us, and mocked at us, and predicted and hoped our ruin; and, remembering that, I call on you all to turn away from these men and their chosen men, and give the preference to our own nominees—judicial and State, county and municipal—all, all—yes, all. Never forget the past, and beware of the present for the sake of the future.

REMARKS OF COLONEL W. B. MANN.

Our purpose in assembling here to-night is to ratify the nominations of our party. This meeting is held in conformity with established usages. No election since the creation of the Republican party, has taken place without such a meeting first being called. I therefore think the Executive Committee has acted wisely in calling us together. We can here renew our pledges, one with the other, of continued devotion to Republican principles. We can here earnestly agree with each other to steadfastly support the candidates who are the exponents of these principles, and we can further declare to the Republicans of the State our firm and unalterable resolution to sustain with zeal and fidelity all the nominations of the Republican party.

Had our conventions placed in nomination men unworthy the support of the people, there would be some justification in those who do not consider themselves bound by party ties and rules in withholding their support from such candidates; but when, as now, the nominees are conceded to be well fitted for the positions in which we hope to place them, it is unpardonable infidelity for Republicans to withhold from them their support, and thus give aid and comfort to the enemy.

The names of our standard bearers have been before the public now for several weeks, and their political opponents have had ample time to select the weak points in their armor, yet at this late day, just upon the eve of the election, we find that their only vulnerable point is that they have been life-long and steadfast Republicans. It is for you to say next Tuesday week whether or not this shall be counted against them.

No fair-minded man in our party can view the names upon the State and city tickets without feeling a sense of pride in being able to cast his vote for so many men who have distinguished themselves in the contests of the past. I have not yet the honor of personally knowing Judge Gordon, whom we will elect to the Supreme Bench, but I have heard of him here to-night, and last August in Harrisburg and in other places, and from gentlemen of judgment and integrity, and I feel that his elevation to the seat, about to be vacated by the present distinguished and esteemed Chief Justice will reflect great credit upon our party. But I do know Mr. Mackey, and am glad he is the candidate for State Treasurer. I voted for him in the State Convention, as did every delegate from Philadelphia. We knew his worth, his integrity, his manhood, and we determined that a man so honest in the performance of official duty, and so true to his friends, was not only the best, but the most available candidate. Who can say with any degree of truth that Robert W. Mackey, while State Treasurer, has not faithfully discharged every duty? The Republicans of Philadelphia have already ratified his nomination, and will confirm it on election day by a majority of thousands.

We can point with pride to the nominees upon our city ticket—Widener for Treasurer, Clark for Register, and Elliott for Sheriff. That the State, nation and city are safe under Republican rule, is evidenced every day. When railroad companies, bankers and gigantic corporations were shaken to their very centers, their stock falling and shrinking, the loans of the city of Philadelphia did not vary one-half per cent. Does not this show confidence in the city under Republican rule? And yet there are those who wish to reform the present condition of things, and you are gravely asked to make a reformation by turning out a faithful public servant. We cannot see the reform in such a move. Those men are constantly howling the word "Reform! reform!" in our ears. The word has no charm as they pronounce it; we heed not their frantic calls, for we see the men and know their motives.

These reform-shriekers strike everywhere at Republicans. In the Twelfth ward they have adopted the whole Democratic ticket. In the Third district they place on their ticket the Democratic candidate for Senator. They tried hard to defeat our worthy Mayor by adopting the Democratic canditate; I say our worthy Mayor—the most effective and useful one in a generation of men. And they are especially hostile to me because I am a Republican, which fault they in time may forgive; but, having published a circular in which they declare the revenues of my office to be 400 per cent. greater than they are, they believe me to be a prosperous gentleman, and they can't forgive me for that.

When convinced of the slight inaccuracy of detail occurring in their circular, perhaps they may relax a little in their hostility to me and the clerk of the Quarter Sessions, who shared with me their attention and solicitude.

Is not, I repeat, the country safe under the Republican rule? All the money rings combined could not induce the President to appropriate, contrary to law, a single dollar of the public funds.

A single Roman soldier for ages guarded the public treasure, and when great Julius seized upon it the liberty of Rome was gone forever.

The honor of the American people watches and guards the sanctity of their institutions, and he who lays a ruthless hand upon them or upon the long received traditions of the country will deserve and receive the universal contempt of our citizens. Not Cæsar's fortune, but Arnold's fate, will be his who incurs the just indignation of the liberty-loving people of America. Our President wisely and resolutely refused to act illegally, and all honor is due to him.

All honor to our Hero-President.

His courage and success made him the first in war.

His wisdom and prudence and patriotism unite in making him the first in peace and in the hearts of his countrymen.

I would like to say a word about our candidate for Sheriff, William Elliott. Our enemies admit him to be well qualified for the place—indeed, a "marvellous proper man;" yet the *Age* can find one fault even in William Elliott. It seems, they say, on one occasion, while in the Legislature, he disapproved of some of the features of the registry law; but when the caucus of his party resolved to sustain it, he yielded his personal judgment, and gave his vote with the rest of his party. And this the *Age* considers a crime.

How was it when the newspapers about the country were discussing the claims of Greeley to the Democratic candidacy? The *Age* said: "We are Democrats and, nominated or not, we will never support him." Never, never, never, they said—not sweetly, like the reconciled Mr. and Mrs. Peter Teazle, but savagely—never! never! never!

Greeley was nominated by the Democratic Convention, and the *Age* in a little while was actively engaged in supporting him.

The *Age* should be the last to censure a man for yielding to the rules and conforming to the regulations of his party.

With me, Mr. Elliott stands no worse for acting in harmony with the decisions of the tribunals which parties are bound to erect for their own preservation. Somebody is running against Elliott for Sheriff. I really don't know his name; it makes no difference, for no Republican can find any reason for looking anywhere for a candidate for Sheriff except on his own party ticket. I might as well say there is no opposition to Mr. Elliott, and outsiders might as well join and share the pleasure of electing him.

Mr. Mann here closed with an earnest exhortation to make every effort to secure a glorious triumph for the whole ticket.

STATE NEWS.

The Freeburg *Courier* says: "The prospecting for iron ore along the proposed Selinsgrove and North Branch Railroad is pronounced to be quite successful. The fossil and block ore abound in large quantities, and from the different openings that have been made the average thickness attained is one and a half feet. The hematite ore, which is also said to abound in large quantities, has not been opened, as the parties care very little for it now."

Elwood Greist, editor of the Lancaster *Inquirer*, is the author of a book just issued, entitled "The Fugitive Slave."

The York papers boast of a man nearly seven feet tall. Reading has one seven feet six inches—probably the tallest man in the State.

An Oxford, Chester county, peach tree has just ripened its second crop this year.

A son of George Neiman, aged about fifteen, was killed at the steam saw mill of Etter, Carmany & Siple, Middletown, on Wednesday evening, under the following circumstances: While shoving a stick of lath wood under a circular saw it was hurled violently against his breast, killing him instantly.

The Everett City *Press* says: Quinine is popular at Saxton and Stonerstown, where over three hundred of the citizens of those places shake with the ague.

The students of the Normal School, West Chester, have determined to have a lecture course of their own this winter. Mrs. Livermore is expected to deliver the first lecture.

The desecration of the last resting places of the dead is becoming a wide-spread evil that calls loudly for redress. The *Chester County Advertiser* says the appearance of the Paoli Monument at the present time is a howling shame. The shaft has been broken and battered by brainless relic hunters until it stands there more like an obelisk raised to gratify the morbid vanity of the present age for something curious than to commemorate a heroic deed.

Shortly after the recent illness of Hon. John Hickman, Hon. Washington Townsend called on him, and wishing to encourage him, remarked: "Well, Hickman, I can't see that your appearance need trouble you." "No, Townsend," quickly replied the invalid statesman, "it doesn't; it is my disappearance that troubles me."

The new building of the Lafayette College, at Easton, erected for the Scientific Department, is now occupied by the classes, and will be dedicated by appropriate exercises on the 21st inst. This magnificent structure cost over two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and is the gift of Mr. Ario Pardee, the founder of the Scientific Department of the college. The dedication will be an interesting event to the friends of the college and all who are interested in educational matters.

The members of the old 47th regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, will have a reunion at Catasauqua on the 22d of October. Col. Gobin is announced to be in attendance.

Carl Wolfsohn, the well known Philadelphia musician, has accepted an invitation to reside permanently in Chicago, where he will take charge of a newly-formed Beethoven Society.

Berks county has three daily newspapers and fifteen weeklies, viz: Three dailies and nine weeklies in Reading; three in Kutztown, one in Birdsboro', one in Hamburg and one in Boyertown. Thirteen of these are German. Lancaster county has thirty-one publications, viz: Three daily papers, nine weeklies and eight monthlies in the city; three weeklies in Columbia, two in Mount Joy, and one in each of the towns of Strasburg, Manheim, Moutville, Marietta, Elizabethtown, and New Holland. Four are German. Chester county, with three fourths of the population of Lancaster county, has only eleven publications, viz; One daily, one semi-weekly and two weeklies in West Chester, two weeklies in Phœnixville, two in Oxford, one in Coatsville, one in Spring City and one in Downingtown.

The Bellefonte *Republican* says: There are symptoms of a coming strike among the miners of this region, for an advance of ten cents per ton. As we go to press a day earlier this week than usual, we are unable to give full particulars to date, but at this writing, two mines, the Reliance and Mapleton suspended operations, the operators refusing to give the advance demanded. The feeling among the miners is that they ought to receive seventy cents per ton, the price paid before the last strike, from the effects of which the miners, the operators, and the region have not yet fully recovered.

Competition in Wilkesbarre has reduced the price of coal to $1 50 per ton. There the people ought to be happy.

The rail mill of the Pennsylvania Iron Works, says the Danville *American*, has been stopped in consequence of a slight misunderstanding in regard to a contract for rails. How long it will remain idle cannot now be told, but we shall hope for the best. We are pleased to note that the puddlers have met the present difficulty by cheerfully accepting the reduction to $4 80 per ton.

A young lady in Lancaster has the initials Y. M. C. A. engraved on one corner of her visiting cards, which she hands to certain gentlemen visitors. At first they suppose she belongs to the Young Men's Christian Association, but it is not long before they rightly construe the letters to mean "You May Come Again."

A Mrs. Sheehan resides in Cambria borough who claims to be in the one hundred and seventh year of her age. Her appearance indicates extreme old age, although she is still able to move about.

An Englishman named George Law was on Thursday night caught in the act of stealing cabbage from the patch of Frank Espy, in Hanover township, below Wilkesbarre, and when an effort was made to arrest him he fired three shots at Espy without hitting him. Espy then fired, and shot the thief dead. At the Coroner's inquest to-day Espy was exonerated from all blame.

On Thursday last a farmer, named James Warner, and his wife, while returning from Hazelton to Dorrance township, Luzerne county, in a large wagon, were accosted by some miners who asked for a ride. The request was granted and soon after getting in they commenced quarreling and using indecent language. Warner ordered them out, when they attacked him and he defended himself with a board which he had been using as a seat and knocked out the brains of one of the miners. Warner is now in prison at Wilkesbarre.

The Lancaster *Express* says: A vein of mineral of twenty inches thickness, and known by the scientific term of oxyde of uranium, or more commonly as crude umber, has been discovered and opened by S. V. Mills, mineralogist, on the farm of Joseph L. Horst, in Conoy township, this county. The vein increases as the work progresses, and promises a favorable development. Mineral of this kind, in the crude state, is said to be worth from eight to ten dollars a ton.

Nomination for City Clerk at Fort Wayne—The Knights Templar.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.]

FORT WAYNE, IND., October 5, 1873.

A very exciting Democratic Convention was held in this city last evening, to nominate a candidate for the office of City Clerk, made vacant by the suicide of Samuel H. Freeman three weeks since. After balloting nineteen times without making any choice, the Convention adjourned to meet on Monday evening, when some new men will be put before the Convention.

Under the new order dividing this State into Knights Templar districts, Fort Wayne Commandery has been put in District No. 1.

The Constitutional Convention.

During the proceedings in the Constitutional Convention on Friday a long discussion ensued upon the proposed abolition of the Associate Judgeship throughout the State. The Convention finally voted to retain them in office in counties which do not form separate districts, abolishing them in other counties and providing that the Associate Judges in office upon the adoption of the new Constitution shall serve until the expiration of their terms.

Mr. Howard, of Allegheny, having moved to strike out of the article the section for testing in the courts the validity of the acts of Assembly alleged to have been passed by corrupt means or fraudulently, and requiring the question of fraud to be tried before a Judge of the Supreme Court by a jury, and annulling a law shown to have been fraudulently passed.

Mr. Landis, of Blair, moved an amendment to allow in any judicial district the addition of special rules for the purpose of making the system prescribed by the Supreme Court more conformable to the local wants and requirements of each district. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Ewing, of Allegheny, the provision requiring the Supreme Court to make a uniform system of rules for all courts of record was stricken out. Yeas, 40; nays, 30.

Additional amendments were proposed, and the Convention adjourned until Monday.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Department of Agriculture Report.

Averages of the Fruit Crops.

Prospects of the Virginia Election.

THE REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

International Postal Cards.

Democrats and the Salary Grab.

Special Dispatch to Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 4, 1873.

Averages of the Fruit Crops.

The report of the Department of Agriculture for August and September was issued from the press yesterday. It furnishes the following interesting information in regard to the apple and peach crops: Oregon is the only State which reports an average crop of apples. The average for this year was from 28 in Rhode Island to 102 in Oregon; in the Middle States, 75 in New York and only 50 in Pennsylvania. Many counties in different parts of the country report an entire failure of the crop. The reports from all over the country as to peaches are worse than the apple, a large number of counties also reporting an entire failure of the crop. Oregon is again the only State reporting above the average, which was from 18 in South Carolina to 122 in Oregon. Pennsylvania reported but 20.

Prospects of the Virginia Election.

One of the hopes of the Conservatives of Virginia of carrying the election is the apparent apathy of the colored voters. This is a great mistake, as there is no State in the Union where the colored people are more disciplined than in Virginia, and if left free to their own choice, will prove it most effectually on the day of election. There seems to be no doubt the contest will be a close one, and that the white man's party is resorting to all manner of fraud and intimidation to carry their end, but from all the advices the Republicans have every hope of a decided victory.

The Registration of Voters

in advance of the annual election for members of the territorial legislature is now going on in this city, but an unaccountable apathy seems to exist among all classes. The whites appear to have yielded that greatest of privileges, the ballot, and the colored people are displaying much less interest than was to be expected.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 4, 1873.

SECRETARY RICHARDSON ON THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Secretary Richardson said to day he believed there would be no further financial trouble except a closeness in the money market, and that the country would now experience relief from the panic.

INTERNATIONAL POSTAL CARDS.

The German government has agreed to the proposition of Secretary Creswell for a treaty providing international exchange of postal cards at two cents each.

HEAR! MEN OF OHIO.

It is a subject of comment that, "while the Democratic papers in Ohio are busily engaged in denouncing every feature of the increased salary bill and declaring for its repeal, every Democratic Congressman from that State, including Senator Thurman, continues to draw with great regularity every month his pay at increased rates. Democratic speakers in Ohio ought not to overlook this fact."

EX-SENATOR POMEROY—HIS SUCCESSOR SENATOR INGALLS.

Ex-Senator Pomeroy is loser by the failure of the First National bank. He is here looking after his money.

Senator Ingalls, Pomeroy's successor, is here making strenuous efforts to have a number of Pomeroy's appointees in Kansas removed and his own friends appointed. He has been partially successful.

THE PRESIDENT AND CABINET TO RECEIVE THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

President Grant will not, as he intended, be present at the Reunion of the Army of the Tennessee. He will remain here to receive, in company with his Cabinet, the Evangelical Alliance, who will visit Washington on the 14th inst. and remain two days.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY.

In the Middle and Eastern States westerly winds and clear weather.

For the Lower Lake region north-westerly winds, rising barometer, falling temperature and cloudy or clearing weather. For the Ohio and Missouri Valleys, the Upper Lakes and the north west, northwesterly winds, partly cloudy and clear weather, rising barometer and lower temperature. For the Gulf States northerly winds and lower temperature. For the South Atlantic States continual southeasterly winds, partly cloudy weather, possibly with rain.

Midnight Bulletin.

OCTOBER 5, 1873—10:48 A. M.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cincinnati, O.	59	N. W.	Light Rain.
Davenport, Iowa	45	N. W.	Cloudy.
Galveston, Texas	86	......	Fair.
Indianapolis, Ind	50	N. W.	Cloudy.
Louisville, Ky	56	......	Light Rain.
Memphis, Tenn	63	N.	Cloudy.
Nashville, Tenn	63	N. W.	Cloudy.
New Orleans, La	78	......	Clear.
Omaha, Neb	38	N. W.	Clear.
Pittsburgh, Pa	58	S.	Cloudy.
Shreveport, La	88	S.	Clear.
St. Louis, Mo	48	W.	Clear.
St. Paul, Minn	35	N. W.	Cloudy.
Keokuk, Iowa	40	N. W.	Clear.
Yankton, D. T.	31	N. W.	Clear.
La Crosse, Wis	39	N.	Cloudy.

JAY COOKE & CO.

Proposition for Winding Up the Estate—Important to Creditors.

PHILADELPHIA, October 5.—Messrs Jay Cooke & Co. have completed their detailed statement of assets and liabilities, and in connection therewith have prepared a form of agreement for settlement to be presented to their creditors for their consideration. The main features of the proposed agreement are as follows: The members of the firm of Jay Cooke & Co. surrender all their partnership and individual property. A trustee (Hon. E. A. Rollins, late United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue, will have the management of the estate, thus saving costs and expenses. Dividends will be made whenever the trustee has cash in hand sufficient to be divided, commencing soon after the agreement is approved by the creditors. Settlements may be made under restrictions which guard perfectly the interests of the general body of creditors. The creditors surrender no rights they now possess, but merely accept advantages of trust created for their benefit, and the debtors can gain nothing except surplus, which they hope to secure by an economical and judicious winding up of their estate. Full powers are given to the trustee, but he is to act under the control of a committee representing the creditors, consisting of Mr. M. Felton, late President of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, William C. Houston, and Dell Neblt, Jr., President of the Corn Exchange bank of Philadelphia. Negotiable certificates of interest of any creditor in trust to the estate will be given by the trustee. After all the debts are paid in full the remaining property will be assigned. It is understood the firm do not propose to call a general meeting of their creditors, as they have been doing business in three different cities, and the creditors are so scattered as to render such a meeting impracticable. They have, however, addressed a letter to each creditor, so for as known, submitting their proposition. Any creditor failing to receive such a notification, can examine the papers at the office of the firm in Philadelphia, New York or Washington.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 4, 1873.

SUSPENSION OF DRY GOODS HOUSES.

A bulletin announces the suspension of Peak, Opdyke & Co., a large dry goods house. Their liabilities amount to about $2,500,000. They propose to pay in full with interest as follows: Ten per cent. at two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, fifteen and eighteen months respectively. The proposition of Paton & Co., also dry goods dealers, submitted to their creditors, is as follows: On their $1,400,000 of indebtedness they offer, with interest, ten per cent., at two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, fifteen and eighteen months respectively.

BROOKLYN CITY TREASURY FRAUDS.

The Grand Jury of Brooklyn to-day indicted Courtlandt Sprague, ex-City Treasurer, and Marvin T. Rodman, his deputy, for embezzlement. The Jury stated that after careful examination they found that only the above were concerned in the frauds.

Kate Stoddard was also indicted for the murder of Goodrich.

ARRIVAL OF THE CREW OF THE POLARIS.

While the steamship City of Antwerp was coming up the bay this morning, the United States steamer Tallapoosa went alongside and took on board Capt. Buddington and his men of the Polaris. The Tallapoosa then steamed to the navy yard, and will leave this afternoon for Washington with the rescued voyagers. Capt. Buddington said to the reporter, pleasantly that he was under martial law, and could not make any statement concerning his eventful voyage. The captain and his associates seemed in excellent health.

ARRIVAL OF BULLION FROM ABROAD.

The steamers arriving to-day have a large amount of bullion on board, which will be placed in the sub-Treasury on Monday.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Arrived, the steamships City of Brooklyn, City of Antwerp, Spain, and Adriatic, from Liverpool, and Arragon, from Bristol.

COMMITTEE ON PRIVILEGES.

At a meeting of the United States Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, to-day, no business was transacted, owing to there not being a quorum present. The committee is to consider a plan for changing the Constitution with regard to the election of President. A quorum is expected to arrive to-day.

A MONEY ORDER CLERK IN DEFAULT.

John Howard Young, money order clerk in the Brooklyn Postoffice, has been missing from his desk since Saturday last, and a hurried examination of his accounts shows that a deficiency exists. An expert accountant is now making a careful examination to ascertain the exact amount. Mr. Young was looked upon as an honest officer.

SETTLING UP.

Robinson & Suydam, Smith & Seaver, and P. G. White, who temporarily suspended, have settled up to-day and were admitted to the Stock Exchange.

Dedication of Emanuel Church at Dayton—Grand Pageant.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

DAYTON, O., October 5, 1873.

The grandest pageant ever witnessed in this city took place to-day, on the occasion of the dedication of Emanuel Catholic church, which has just been completed at a cost of $90,000. It is estimated that 10,000 strangers were in the city. Dedicatory services were performed by Archbishop Purcell assisted by Bishop Borgess of Detroit, and a dozen priests. The day was pleasant, and the strangers in general were highly entertained by the hospitality of the citizens.

The Evangelical Alliance.

Convention in New York.

PROCEEDINGS ON SATURDAY.

NEW YORK, October 4.—The second day's session of the Evangelical Alliance was begun by prayer in Madison square church, Rev. D. Adams officiating, after which the delegates assembled in Association Hall. The galleries of the latter place reserved for the public, it became so crowded and so many people were striving to gain admittance, that the meeting was organized in Dr. Crosby's church in Twenty-fourth street, at which addresses were made by Rev. Mr. Marston, of London, and Rev. Dr. Conrad, of Philadelphia.

At ten o'clock President Wolsey called the delegates to order, and Rev. Dr. Hodge, of Princeton, then delivered an address on the unity of the church, arguing that each denomination should recognize the sacraments and orders of the others. Addresses were also made by Rev. Dr. Potter and Dr. Crook, who represented Bishop Simpson of Philadelphia, and the Dean of Canterbury.

The morning session was brought to a close by the reading of a paper by Rev. C. Dallas on the communion of the saints.

At the afternoon session, Bishop Bedell, of Ohio, read a paper. After paying a high tribute to the virtues of the late Bishop McIlvaine, Bishop Bedell continued: It is charged that Protestantism is a failure, because of its division into sects, but uniformity is not necessary to unity. Protestantism is not a church nor a nation. There was no uniformity in the church from the beginning. Union is not unity.

Denominational distinctinctions arise from national prejudice, physical build and mental capacities, and we will have denominations until truth and free thought are crushed out. Differences in the church are the necessary preservation of a free gospel.

After an address by Rev. Dr. Cook, of Paris, on the unity among Christians in France, and one from Rev. W. Noel, of Berlin, in German, Rev. F. W. Conrad, of Philadelphia, delivered an address on the interchange of pulpits, maintaining that interchange should be confined to Evangelical pastors.

Monday's Conference will be divided into two sections, theological and philosophical. The exercises at Association Hall on Monday evening will be conducted in the French language, and on Wednesday there will be services in the Welsh language; Tuesday afternoon there will be a service in Madison Square church for the faculty and students of the different denominations attending the Conference. On Wednesday next Brooklyn will formally receive the delegates, and in the evening a dinner be given them in the Academy of Music. On another evening a public meeting will be held in the same building, when addresses will be made by foreign and resident members of the Evangelical Alliance. The Alliance have accepted the invitation to visit Washington on the 14th inst., and will hold public meetings at the Metropolitan church on the 14th and 15th, at which President Grant and the members of the Cabinet will be invited to attend.

NEW YORK, October 5.—An immense audience assembled in the Academy of Music this evening at the meeting of the Evangelical Alliance, and many were unable to obtain admittance. The Dean of Canterbury conducted the devotional exercises, and the meeting was addressed by Rev. R. Knox, of Belfast, Ireland, Rev. Nanayan Sheshedral, of Bombay, Rev. Dr. Conlin, of Geneva, and other foreign delegates.

Another meeting was held in Steinway Hall, the speeches being made in the German language.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Spain.

MOVEMENT OF INSURGENT VESSELS.

MADRID, October 4.—The intransigente vessels Tetuan and Fernando El Catolico have effected a landing off Garrichua, for the purpose of procuring provisions. It is apparently their intention also to pillage the silver mines in the vicinity of Tierra Almagera, and the authorities at that place are making preparations to resist an attack. Admiral Labois, who is now at Gibraltar with the Spanish squadron, has received orders to go in pursuit of the insurgent vessels. The British squadron has gone to Garrichua.

THE CARLISTS REFUSE BATTLE—CONSOLIDATION OF DEBTS.

MADRID, October 5.—Gen. Mariones last week offered battle to the Carlists before Estelle. The Carlists refused to fight, and on Saturday precipitately evacuated Estelle, which was occupied by the government forces. The insurgent men-of-war have quitted Garrucha. The British squadron has arrived at Valencia. The government contemplates the consolidation of the Spanish and Cuban debts.

England.

SPECIE FOR NEW YORK.

LONDON, October 4.—The steamship Frisia, from Plymouth to-day for New York, took $16,000 in specie.

CUSTOM HOUSE SEIZURE.

LIVERPOOL, October 5.—Ten thousand dollars' worth of laces was seized by the Custom officers yesterday.

A Defensive Coalition.

World Special.]

LONDON, October 5.—Tiers has given consent to a proposed Alliance between the Republicans and Imperialists, as the only means of preventing the restoration of the monarchy with Count De Chambord as Henry V.

France.

M. THIERS ON THE CRISIS.

PARIS, October 4.—Thiers has written to the Mayor of Nancy declining to visit that town until the present crisis has passed. He says the Left must defend the republic, the principles of 1789, and the tri-color, without which a counter revolution would be an odious and revolting lie.

PARIS, October 5.—The Deputies of the Right, at a meeting to-day appointed a committee to draw up a platform on which all sections of the Right can unite.

POLITICAL MOVEMENTS.

PARIS, October 4.—The *Gaulois*, having announced that a list would be opened at its office for the enrollment of all persons who desired to join the Bonaparte League, the Minister of the Interior has issued an order forbidding the carrying out of the project. The Republican members of the Assembly are hastening to Paris for consultation and to adopt a line of action in opposition to the schemes of the Monarchists.

THE PROSPECT FOR A MONARCHY.

LONDON, October 5.—A special dispatch from Paris to the London *Observer* states that 350 Deputies of the French Assembly have pledged themselves to support the motion for the restoration of the monarchy.

Hungary.

FAILURE OF THE CROPS.

LONDON, October 4.—It is reported that the crops have failed in Hungary, and that famine prevails in some sections.

Germany.

THE BISHOP AND THE EMPIRE.

BERLIN, October 4.—The old Catholic Bishop Reinkens, who was recently recognized by the Emperor as a Catholic bishop, will take the oath of allegiance to the German empire, in this city, on the 7th inst.

Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, October 4.—The steamships Samaria, from New York, Marathon from Boston, and Austrian from Montreal, have arrived out.

QUEENSTOWN, October 5.—The steamship France, from New York, has arrived.

European Markets.

LONDON, October 4, 5 P. M.—Consols 92⅝a92¾; 5-20s '65, 95½; do '67, 96¾; 10-40s, 91¾; new 5s, 92; Erie 43.

PARIS, October 4.—Rentes 58 francs 5 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, October 4.—Cotton hardening at 8⅞a 9⅛d; sales 15,000 bales; American 7,000; speculation and export 4,000. Breadstuffs and all others quiet and unchanged.

ANTWERP, October 4.—Refined petroleum 41 francs.

CRIMES.

Suicide by a Cook.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LOGANSPORT, IND., October 5, 1873.

John Silgrait, cook at the Adams House in this city, committed suicide last night by taking an overdose of morphine. Just before retiring he asked one of his children to bring him a glass of water, remarking that it would be his last request, but as he had been drinking no attention was paid to the remark at the time. He swallowed the morphine unobserved. A doctor was called after the facts became known, but too late to save his life.

Beating a Father's Brains Out.

ST. LOUIS, October 4.—A terrible affair is reported from Schuyler, Nebraska. It appears that a young son of Mr. Fakey, living near Schuyler, who was subject to crazy fits, became enraged last Tuesday at some action of his sister and father, and struck the former over the head with a gun, knocking her senseless, and then tried to cut her throat with a hatchet. Subsequently he attacked his father and beat his brains out with the butt of a gun. He was arrested.

Shooting a Boss.

ST. LOUIS, October 4.—William Barnes, a section boss on the St. Louis and Southeastern Railroad, was shot and mortally wounded by George Owens, a striker in the machine shops of the same company, at Mount Vernon, Ill., on Thursday evening. The affair grew out of the discharge of John Owens, brother of George, as a section hand.

Murder of a Miner—A Garden Thief Shot.

WILKESBARRE, October 4.—James Warner was lodged in prison yesterday, charged with the murder of a miner, who, with others, had used indecent language in the presence of Warner's wife.

George Law was shot dead last night, while robbing the garden of Frank Espy, near this city.

FIRE RECORD.

Fire in Willshire—One Square Completely Burnt—Every Business Place Destroyed.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WILLSHIRE, O., October 4, 1873.

Our hitherto prosperous little town was visited last night by a very severe fire. Every house on one square was destroyed and every business place in the town swept away. It broke out early in the evening and raged with unabated fury nearly all night. As we have no engines and must needs depend on buckets, it was almost impossible to get the fire under control, and for hours the citizens were on the point of giving up to discouragement and letting the town go. Many of the goods were saved, and as more were lost the total amount cannot yet be estimated, but it is very large, and to make it still worse there was but very little insurance upon the houses, and as far as can be learned during the present high state of excitement none upon the goods. Several days since a small building containing some bales of cotton caught fire, but was saved. Yesterday this cotton was removed to a safer place, and it is supposed that one of these bales still contained a little fire, and from this originated the fire that has nearly ruined our town.

Saw Mill Burned—Loss $150,00.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LOCK HAVEN, PA., October 4, 1873.

Thomas & Mason's saw mill, known as the Starr mill, was burned last night. It was the best mill in the city. Loss about $45,000, insurance $21,000. Mason has found employment for his men in the mills at Flemington.

Quarantine at Cairo for Up-River Steamboats.

CAIRO, October 4.—The Mayor has issued a proclamation declaring the city of Cairo in a state of quarantine against all steamers coming up the Mississippi river. He considers this a necessary precaution since the increase of yellow fever at Memphis. A physician will be appointed whose duty it will be to meet up steamboats with a tug two miles below the city, and forbid their landing at Cairo except on a special permit from said physician. No permits will be given where the physician has reason to believe that the passengers have been exposed to yellow fever. The health of the city is improving, and we hear of but one dangerous case of fever in the city.

Inducements Offered.

For cash and to prompt men, on sugars, fish, flour and all other goods at the Checkered Front, T. C. Jenkins.

RISING SUN FLOUR.

Will commence Shipping this day. Each customer served in their turn. All orders now in will POSITIVELY be filled this week.

F. W. JENKINS & BRO.

HAINES & SHEIBLER,
94 Wood Street,
Are prepared to offer to their Friends
THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, &c.,
Ever Offered in this City.
The attention of all Buyers is respectfully invited.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
Wholesale Exclusively.
LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST GOODS,
At Lowest Eastern Prices.
Sole Agents for Fullerton's, Greenville and Allegheny Barred Flannels, Blankets and Yarns. Bradley's and other makes at Mill price.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO CALL AT
239 and 241 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

PORTER, DONALDSON & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO { G. SCOTT & CO., AND J. H. HAWKINS & CO., } STEUBENVILLE, O.,
127 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Millinery and Straw Goods and Fancy Notions,
OFFER AN ENTIRELY FRESH STOCK AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.
All the Novelties in their line received as soon as imported. Milliners and Merchants are invited to examine this Stock before purchasing.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.
J. H. HAWKINS ....J. J. PORTER ....D. V. DONALDSON ....C. E. PATTERSON.
MWF

CASUALTIES.

Team Accident.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WOODVILLE, via MANSFIELD, O., October 4, 1873.

Yesterday afternoon, about five o'clock, a team belonging to Christian Wynyard became unmanageable, and the occupants of the wagon were thrown out and dragged for several rods. Mr. Henry Bruns, of the firm of Bruns & Co., of this place, had his leg broken below the knee, and was bruised about the body. Mr. Wynyard had his leg broken, and received other injuries, from which he died this morning about eight o'clock. The other party was not seriously injured. Mr. Bruns is doing well, and it is hoped that he will recover, although he will probably be a cripple for life.

Accidentally Shot While Hunting.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

DAYTON, O., October 4, 1873.

John Maier, of Shakertown, in this county, while hunting this morning, accidentally shot himself through the head. He died instantly. He was nineteen years of age, and the son of a rich farmer.

Fatal Accident to a Brakeman.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LOGANSPORT, IND., October 4, 1873.

Jacob Roller, freight brakeman, fell from a train near Royal Center this morning. The train passed over the lower portion of his body, causing his death in about one hour. Deceased leaves a wife and child.

Fall from a Building.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.]

BLAIRSVILLE, PA., October 4, 1873.

Charles E. Davis fell from the roof of a new building, a distance of thirty feet this morning, and broke his arm in two places and his nose was also broken. It is also feared he is injured internally. He was working with his father at the carpentering trade.

Found Drowned.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO, October 4, 1873.

J. Messersmith, an old surveyor, well-known through this valley, was found lying in the river at Warren this evening, drowned. He had been drinking hard lately, and it is supposed fell in while intoxicated.

Novel Inmate of a Boy's Stomach.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

VAN WERT, O., October 4, 1873.

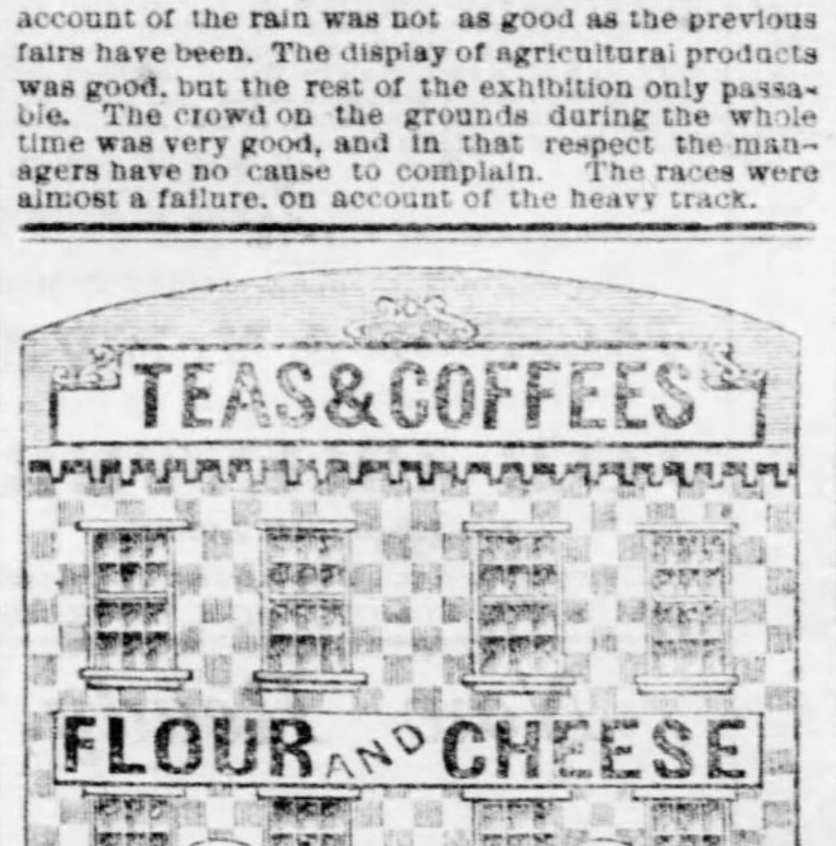
A little boy named Jacob Stripe vomited a garter snake eighteen inches long and half an inch thick. For two years he has been subject to severe convulsions, but none knew the cause until the appearance of his snakeship. The snake is perfectly formed with the exception of being blind. It is probable the snake was swallowed while drinking at a spring near his father's house.

Close of the Wells County Fair.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BLUFFTON, IND., October 4, 1873.

The Wells County Fair closed to-day, but partly on account of the rain was not as good as the previous fairs have been. The display of agricultural products was good, but the rest of the exhibition only passable. The crowd on the grounds during the whole time was very good, and in that respect the managers have no cause to complain. The races were almost a failure, on account of the heavy track.



The Only House that Handles
Jenkins's Snow Flake,
Golden Fleece,
White River,
Jenkins's Lilly Mills,
Union Star and
Red Jacket, for Bakers.
Largest Stock
Old Wheat Flours
IN THE CITY.
Full Line of
Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars
NON-EXPLOSIVE CARBON OIL.
All Orders by Mail will be filled at the lowest possible Prices.
NO CHARGES FOR DRAYAGES.
One per cent. discount on all Bills paid within 10 days from date of Invoice.

Buy Golden Fleece Flour.
Ask your grocers for this brand of Flour if you want choice Flour at a reasonable price. Quality is guranteed. tf

Choice Brands Flour,
From all old wheat, at the Checkered Front. T. C. Jenkins.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—TINNERS—2 GOOD TINNERS. Must come immediately to A. ROEKENSTEIN, JR., Butler, Pa.

WANTED — SITUATION — A FIRST class wholesale Grocery House can secure the services of an experienced Salesman, having an extensive acquaintance, by addressing Mercator, Commercial office.

WANTED—A SOBER, INTELLIGENT, reliable man to treat Distillate. Must have thorough practical experience in an Oil Refinery. Address, with reference, stating wages expected, BUEHLER, BONBRIGHT & CO., 427 Market street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — FIVE COAL MINERS, married men preferred; Farm and Garden Hands; several Girls and Women wanted to do housework and cooking in and out of city. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

WANTED — SUPERINTENDENT OF ROLLING MILLS—A first-class Superintendent, of ample experience and fair business tact, to take charge of a merchant bar, plate and sheet mill, in another State. Best of references required. Apply to or address, SINGER, NIMICK & CO., 83 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED — PURCHASERS — FOR Cheap Lands. I am prepared to furnish cheap Mineral, Coal and Timber Lands, in tracts from 1,000 to 10,000 Acres each in the States of Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, North Carolina, East and West Virginia, Kentucky and Michigan. These lands are well located on navigable streams, accessible by railroads, and will be sold low for cash, or exchanged for city or country property at its market value, by applying to E. O. KEYS, 66 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$10 TO $20 PER Day. Agents wanted everywhere. Arizona Diamond Store, 27 Sixth street, Pittsburgh. d*

WANTED—AGENT—A YOUNG ACTIVE man of undoubted character, with from $3,000 to $5,000, to take the exclusive Agency in this city and vicinity, of one of the best established manufacturing houses in New York City. Address Manufacturer, Monongahela House.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—WANTED—A GENTLEMAN wants Board and Lodging for himself and wife in a private family, where no other boarders are taken, in this city or Allegheny, within 15 minutes' walk of the Pittsburgh Postoffice. References exchanged. Address U. B., Commercial Office.

BOARDING—WANTED—ABOUT OCTOBER 1st, an unfurnished front Room, with Board, for a gentleman, wife and two children aged 5 and 7 years, in a private family or where there are few boarders preferred. Address, stating location, terms, &c., Box A. A., this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK Dwelling, 8 rooms, situated on corner Fifth and Hiland avenues; over one acre of ground. Inquire on the premises or to Judge STERRETT.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A FINE NEW Store and Dwelling House, No. 37 Diamond Square, Pittsburgh, Pa. Inquire of JAMES GODFREY, Real Estate Agent, No. 52 North Diamond, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—RUBBER BELTING AND HOSE—India Rubber Belting and Hose of all sizes and descriptions. Also, Gum Packing at Eastern Prices. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street. M

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND NO. 1 Planer and Matcher; 1 second-hand Bail Moulder, 3 sides; three 8x20, two 9x14 and one 7x14 inch second-hand Engines, all in good order. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—LOT 100 FEET SQUARE, corner Bingham and Ninth streets, Pittsburgh, South Side. Also, Lot 100 feet square, corner Bingham and Eighth streets. Inquire BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO., Second and Wood streets.

FOR SALE—ONE NEW ENGINE, 18 inch bore, 24 inch stroke, and 3 new Boilers, 36 inch diameter, 20 feet long, C. H. No. 1 iron. Will be sold separate or together. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny, Pa.

ELECTION NOTICE.

ELECTION NOTICE—THE Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO., are herby notified that the Annual Election for Seven (7) Directors will be held at the Wharfboat of the Company, Monongahela Wharf, on TUESDAY, the 7th day of October, between the hours of 10 and 3 P. M.
J. B. McKENNAN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY—ELECTION.—The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Gas Company are hereby notified that the Annual Election for Trustees will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, October 6th, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock P. M.
W. H. McCLELLAND, Treasurer.
September 22, 1873.

POLITICAL.

HEADQUARTERS ALLEGHENY COUNTY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS, PITTSBURGH—No. 68 Smithfield Street.

A MEETING
Of this Committee will be held on
Tuesday, Oct. 7th, 1873,
AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.
A full attendance is requested.
The Tickets for Country Districts will then be ready for Distribution.
JACOB REESE, Chairman.
FRANK P. CASE,
JAMES ONSLOW,
R. B. BROWN,
W. G. HAWKINS, JR., } Secretaries.

GILL & BRO.,
WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,
No. 253 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Without Question the Handsomest, Most Spacious, Best Lighted and Most Centrally Located Store in the Trade, and
One of the Largest Stocks of Goods in the Market.
A Full Line of Men's, Boys', Youths', Women's, Misses and Children's
BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS, &c.
SPECIAL ATTENTION CALLED TO OUR
"FORT PITT BOOTS."
We are Agents for RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES, at Manufacturers' Prices.
N. B.—Eastern Bills Duplicated, and Orders filled with care and attention.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

WANTED—PERSONS WISHING TO get into a good paying business are advised to address Employer, Leader office.

NOTICES.

NOTICE — GENTLEMEN OF good social position and business experience can have a pleasant and profitable occupation as Agents for the EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, that has for 4 years past done the largest business in the world. Previous experience not necessary. Call to-day at the office, 137 Fourth avenue.
SAMUEL PURNELL.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.
R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.—Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders that the the fourth instalment of TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. on the allotment of new Stock of 1872, will be due and payable at the Office of the Company, between November 1st, and 28th, 1873.
An instalment of TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. on the allotment of new Stock of 1873 will be due and payable at the same time and place. The remaining instalment of TWENTY FIVE PER CENT, will also be received from such Stockholders as may desire to pay in full for their shares.
EDMUND SMITH, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, September 1, 1873. Tu

OFFICE UNION BRIDGE CO., }
Pittsburgh, September 12, 1873. }

NOTICE TO RIVER MEN—
Notice is hereby given to those interested in the Navigation of the Allegheny River, that the Contractor for the Stonework of Union Bridge, across the Allegheny river at the Point, Pittsburgh, has commenced work. Pier No. 4 is located on north side of channel, distant 212 feet from shore. The other Piers will be located each 212 feet apart across the river to Smoky Island. The Contractor will keep a RED LIGHT by night on Channel Pier as a signal of danger.
By order of the Board of Directors.
F. W. SMITH,
tf Chief Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, }
Pittsburgh, September 15, 1873. }

NOTICE—
TO BUTCHERS and NIGHT-SOILERS
By virtue of an Act of Assembly approved April 8th, 1852, the Board of Health has placed a Dump Boat at the foot of Sixteenth Street, Twenty-eighth Ward, from which all persons are hereby required, under penalty provided in said Act of Assembly, on and after the 15th day of October, 1873, to empty the contents of all Privies that may be cleaned within the limits of the City of Pittsburgh, South of the Monongahela river, together with all Filth and Offal from Slaughterhouses within the said limits. By order of the Board of Health.
CROSBY GRAY, Health Officer.

DIVIDENDS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PA.—QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 3 months, payable forthwith, free of tax.
J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, October 4, 1873.

ANCHOR SAVINGS BANK—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last five months, payable forthwith.
JAMES H. SCOTT, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, Pa., October 1, 1873.

MASS PROHIBITION
CONVENTION,
AT
Lafayette Hall,
On MONDAY, October 6,
AT 10½ O'CLOCK A. M.
The Convention will be Addressed by
REV. JOHN RUSSELL,
Of Michigan, in the Forenoon.
Business of Great Importance will be Attended to in the Afternoon.
Jas. Alex. Mowatt,
Of Brooklyn, will address the Convention in the Evening.
A Splendid Brass Band will be in attendance.
Suitable Seats will be Reserved for Ladies.
The Prize Flag will be on Exhibition.
Friends of the Cause are Invited to Attend.

INSURANCE.
"ÆTNA,"
OF
Hartford.
CAPITAL, $3,000,000.
Losses Paid in 54 Years - - - - $39,000,000 00
Losses Paid in Past 16 Months - 9,000,000 00
Assets March 1, 1873.
Cash in Hand and in Bank..........$ 867,783 50
Mortgage Bonds and Real Estate Securities.......... 1,425,055 00
Bank Stock.......... 1,337,050 00
United States, State and City Stock, and other Securities.......... 2,350,978 96
Total..........$5,980,867 46

"ORIENT,"
OF
Hartford.
Cash Capital, $350,000.
Assets September 1, 1873
Cash on Hand and in Bank..........$ 26,823 72
Loans Secured by Stocks, Bonds and Mortgage.......... 310,268 17
National Bank Stock.......... 118,727 50
Railroad Stocks and Bonds.......... 145,246 00
Total..........$601,065 39
Liabilities.
Outstanding Losses..........$ 32,707 65
LOSSES ADJUSTED AND PAID BY
S. S. CARRIER,
Agent,
NO. 59 FOURTH AVENUE.

CAPERTON'S DINING ROOMS—
No. 60 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH.
First class Meals for Ladies and Gentlemen.
We are prepared to supply Balls and Parties with Suppers at reasonable rates on the shortest notice.
Dinner Tickets, 15 meals for $6 00.

WHEAT AND BARLEY—
No. 1 Spring Wheat and Barley,
In Elevator and to arrive, for sale by
D. WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET.

DRY SILLERY AND EXTRA
CHARLES HEIDSIECK
CHAMPAGNES.
For Sale by the LEADING WINE MERCHANTS and GROCERS. MWF

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
C. OTTO HARTUNG,
A Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 25TH DAY OF OCTOBER 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 98 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt.
M S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

Hutchison & Co.
Iron Working Machinery
AND
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
28 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Geo. I. Whitney,
Broker and Notary Public.
Notes, Stocks and Bonds.
ALSO,
GOLD.
Represented Daily on the New York Stock Exchange.
Collections Made and Promptly Remitted for a Lowest Rates.
Notarial Business Transacted. Correspondence Solicited.
FIFTH AVENUE AND WOOD STREET.

FALL STYLES
SILK HATS!
Broadway and Trade Styles.
Fur, Cassimere and Wool
HATS.
SILK, CLOTH AND FUR
CAPS.
Full Line, all the New Styles in Market.
R. H. PALMER,
151 WOOD ST.
P. S.—New Goods Received Daily.

NEW
Importations!
FOR
FALL AND WINTER
COMPLETE STOCK.
New and Elegant Styles.
GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE
Merchant Tailors,
31 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY
WATCHES,
Diamonds, Jewelry,
Clocks, Silverware,
Watch and Clock Materials, &c.
NO OLD STOCK. Every Article Fresh and Stylish.
Inducements offered to CASH and PROMPT PAYING CUSTOMERS.
G. B. BARRETT & CO.,
(OPPOSITE MUSEUM),
Pittsburgh, Penna.
tf

No. 110 Market St.
The attention of Wholesale Buyers is respectfully invited to our
Stock of Domestic
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
Fancy Goods and Trimmings,
All of which we offer at Eastern Prices.
C. Yeager & Co.

Silver Ware!
New Stock,
New Styles,
Low Prices,
AT
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
101 Fifth Avenue,
Second Jewelry Store above Smithfield street.

Wm. B. Hays & Son,
PORK PACKERS,
DEALERS IN
Bacon, Mess Pork, Dried Beef,
Lard, Lard Oil, Carbon Oils.
Curers of the Celebrated
Star-Anchor Brand Extra Sugar-Cured Hams.

STENCILS
STEEL STAMPS,
BURNING BRANDS,
SEAL PRESSES,
CANCELLING and
RIBBON STAMPS.
STENCIL COLORS.
Brushes and all Stencil Materials Wholesale.
W. A. BUNTING'S
STENCIL ROOMS,
184 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH.
1p

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1873.

THE "Sorrows of Werter" were as nothing, compared to the poignant miseries of the *Post*.

THE latest issue of the *Post* contained another interesting chapter of the lamentations of JEREMIAH.

"Though Democracy may never win another victory it will never die. Victories are not essential to its life."—*Speech of the Chairman of the New York Democratic Convention.*

"And the smoke of its torment shall arise up for ever and ever."

THE Supreme Court of Illinois, following the example of Ohio and Wisconsin, has affirmed the constitutionality of the new liquor law, whose features are mainly identical with the Ohio statute. The decision is in thorough accordance with the interests of public morality.

TOWNSHIP elections will be held throughout Connecticut to-day. The voters will also pass on the question of making Hartford the sole capital, which will probably be carried by a large majority, the people, apparently, being heartily tired of the old two-capital arrangement.

THE *Post* still persists in laying the responsibility of the late financial panic at the doors of the Administration. It is to be said in that journal's favor, however, that its views are only one or two degrees more idiotic than some other theories which have been advanced concerning the same matter.

NO PARTY can have discipline, solidity and vitality that will make concessions to every little outside guerrilla faction that springs into existence. Let those Republicans of Allegheny county who have been approached with solicitations to vote for the candidates of the irregular local tickets placed in nomination, remember it.

ARE the Republican voters of Pennsylvania ready for the question? One week from to-morrow the election will be upon us. Let every man who has at heart the welfare of the good old Commonwealth improve to the utmost his opportunity to make the Republican majority more decisive and overwhelming than ever before.

THE Supreme Court of the United States meets to-day. The impression appears to be general, though there is no authority for it, that Senator CONKLING will be made Chief Justice. It is understood that there will be no nominations until after the meeting of Congress. It is by no means improbable that one of the Associate Judges may be nominated for the position.

THERE is one point, at least, concerning which the Republican and the Democratic parties would seem to be agreed. Democrats protest that they have not the slightest wish to revive "dead issues." Neither have Republicans. And Democracy is about the deadest issue of the nearly completed century. Herein will consist the secret of the Republican victory of a week to-morrow.

THE Evangelical Alliance monopolizes, for the moment, the principal attention of the New York press. Never before, perhaps, has so much of Protestant intellect and eloquence been concentrated at any one point in this country, and it is not unnatural, therefore, that the desire to do homage to the one and to enjoy the other should partake of the character of a positive popular excitement.

"THE greatest of these is Charity." The city of Memphis is suffering all the horrors and distress of the yellow fever epidemic, and has imperative need of liberal and immediate assistance. The fame of Pittsburgh as a city ever ready and willing to succor the unfortunate and distressed, is as wide as the boundaries of the nation. What response has she now to make in this sharp emergency of her Southern sister?

THE librarians of the Public Libraries of Cincinnati, Philadelphia and Boston state that the project of opening those institutions on Sundays can no longer be considered an experiment. Whatever opposition there may have been at first has been conciliated or has disappeared. Perfect order and decorum have prevailed; the attendance and issues have increased till they have almost reached the limit of the libraries, and more books than periodicals are called for. Here is something for the managers of our Mercantile Library, to consider. Christianity does not need to enact a prohibitory tariff, so to speak, against culture, business and secular interests in general. When it accepts and uses them all it will be more interesting than either, and will attract the same clear heads and the same high lives to its service, which are now too apt to deny or ignore its authority.

SENATOR MORTON emphatically contradicts the statement which has been circulated to the effect that he is in favor of an extra session of Congress. The suggestion would seem to have found no response whatever in official circles. The President himself has been from the first opposed to any such step. As to the idea that the Treasury will be in difficulty before Congress could act, no such fears are felt by the officials of that department. The remainder of the year the receipts are estimated at fifty millions of dollars, and it is thought that they will not fall off more than one-fifth; while of the Syndicate payment anticipated on the 16th of November, sixteen millions in amount, there is no doubt entertained, the negotiations having been completed before the panic was perceptibly felt. It is not believed that the drafts upon the Treasury from the first of September till January will exceed ninety-nine millions, while the estimate of the Treasury receipts and balances is over one hundred and twenty millions.

THE improvement in the monetary situation continues, and the feeling among all classes of business men is more cheerful. Confidence has been restored, money needlessly withdrawn from the vaults of banks and trust companies is being returned, and from these fiscal reservoirs will again flow out to feed the channels of commerce. The produce movement is taking care of itself in a great measure, and the gold on its way from England will materially assist. The law of supply and demand will tend to keep prices stiff, and therefore all parties interested in the sale of produce will be satisfied. There are dangers in the future which must be avoided, but we are now in a very much better condition to meet them than we were a couple of weeks ago. The New York *Bulletin* looks for the speedy recovery of our mercantile and industrial interests from the consequences of the recent panic, and says: "Indeed, considering the nature and extent of the monetary collapse, the comparative immunity of the business interests from disaster affords the strongest possible proof of their general soundness."

BRITISH WAR ON THE GOLD COAST.

The English war on the Gold Coast has assumed a much greater degree of importance than was anticipated at the beginning. It has, in fact, become one of those struggles which make up so considerable a part of British history, and which, originating in causes so slight and insignificant as to awaken no interest in foreign eyes, have yet resulted in the extension of British sway over vast tracts of the earth's surface. These acquisitions have usually, in the first place, consisted of a small space of land on the coast of some semi-civilized or barbarous country, purchased from or freely granted by the natives as a site for a "factory" or trading station. No ownership may have been acquired but a mere right to occupy and use for a few years or forever may have constituted the entire claim of our English relatives on the foreign soil. But having acquired so much, a foothold in the country, the spread of their power and the subjugation of the natives follow as naturally and inevitably as a little leaven leaveneth the whole lump. But civilization with British order, freedom and law has commonly been diffused with British power, and the fact goes far to reconcile other nations or at least the better portion of them to the conquest.

In reference to the Ashantee war, public opinion in England is evidently a good deal divided. The party in favor of peace is numerous and influential, led, it is said, by Mr. JOHN BRIGHT, who threatens to withdraw from the Cabinet rather than countenance the prolongation of the struggle. They allege several arguments in support of a pacific policy. Thus they concede the reasonableness of the wish of the Ashantees to own and hold a station on the coast through which they may carry on trade with the outside world. Such a station they had in Elmina before it was surrendered, two years ago, by the Dutch to the British. The advocates of peace farther declare that the English, having already in one battle soundly beaten the Ashantees, could now offer them terms of peace, without sacrifice of dignity or prestige, and that if the offer of peace were accompanied with the concession of a trading station on the coast, it would likely be joyfully accepted by the Ashantees. Should it be rejected by them, then, say the peace men, England would stand on the solid ground of justice, and might rightly thrash the barbarians into submission.

The men who press on the war and refuse to propose any such terms of accommodation to the enemy, probably understand the Ashantee nature better than the men of peace. Still more probable is it that the former have a sharper and farther-seeing eye than the latter for the true interest and might of the empire which owes most of its greatness to its colonial posessions. In the first place, the Ashantees are a very powerful tribe or assemblage of tribes, holding a territory which stretches over more than four degrees of latitude, and nearly four degrees of longitude, that is about three hundred miles long and three hundred miles broad. The King can put a hundred thousand men in the field. Then the pride and arrogance of the Ashantees are simply portentous, hardly credible outside of Africa. Unless we mistake, their King is the African sovereign of whom it used to be told that, having dined, he caused proclamation to be made permitting the other Kings of the earth to stay their stomachs. At any rate, he is fully conscious of his superiority to all other monarchs in might, and after such a concession as is proposed, the English on the coast could hardly expect permanent peace. He claims, and has always claimed, dominion over the entire territory between his capital and the sea, and it was only by recognizing his sovereignty or paramount authority, and by undignified compliances that the Dutch, who are not proud, secured his friendship for themselves and their native dependents. In the second place, with whatever propriety or success concessions might have been made at first, the time for the policy vanished forever on the first collision between British and Ashantee arms. And the advocates of war further allege that collision was inevitable under the circumstances, as the Ashantees attacked and slaughtered the respectable tribe of the Fantees, who have for many years lived under British protection and who looked to Cape Coast Castle for defense. It is and always has been British, as it was Roman policy, to stand by allies, especially when they happen to be barbarian or semi-civilized; the rule having been found to work most advantageously for the extension of the empire. The truth, no doubt, is, that in recollection of the past, the Ashantees were ready and eager from the first to provoke and engage in a conflict with the English, as two former conflicts terminated in a manner which led them in their ignorance to infer the superiority of African to English arms and prowess. In the first conflict the English were utterly defeated, and from the second, though victorious, they withdrew leaving the savages masters of the situation. It is no insignificant circumstance that on festive occasions his sable majesty of Ashantee, is still able to drink his African nectar from a cup fashioned out of the skull of Sir CHARLES M'CARTHY, who commanded the former of these bootless expeditions of many years ago.

Finally, though not emphatically urged as an argument by the war party it is possible that the well known riches of the Ashantee country help to reconcile the British official mind to the expenditure of money and the inevitable loss of life in waging war in one of the most deadly climates in the world. The country abounds in gold, in some places being found in large pieces, some of about four pounds weight, called rock-gold.

The plan of the English is understood to embrace the capture of the capital of the kingdom, Coomassee, situated one hundred and forty miles from the coast and separated from it by a most difficult country. The expedition will leave the coast in November, the first month of the dry season, and though soon or late the triumph of the British may safely be considered as assured, the loss of life from the diseases of the country is likely to be very great. But English wealth will be increased.

How to Supply the Needful.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

"Greenbacks" is all the cry, "give me greenbacks or I die." How to get them: My theory is, and has been, to let the Secretary of the Treasury issue legal tenders to be exchanged for coupons on Five-twenty bonds, redeemable in coin semi-annually at the expiration of the time of the coupons for which they had been exchanged; or, in other words, convert the coupons into a convenient circulating medium, and let them like the Methodist preacher itinerate around doing good, until the day of their redemption. This will furnish us all with plenty of money.

GREENBACK.

Interesting Iron News from England.

Late London papers contain several news items of interest to our iron people. A tract of hematite iron ore has been discovered in Shropshire. From specimens brought into Wolverhampton it is pronounced equal to the best Cumberland, containing 57 per cent of iron. A tract of 1,100 acres has been already secured by Staffordshire iron-masters, who are going to form a company. A general conference of the iron-masters of Yorkshire, Derbyshire, North and South Staffordshire and the north of England, has decided to reduce wages all round, beginning next Saturday. The men have been notified and are now conferring in their turn. Lastly, we find mention of the sale at Liverpool of 100 tons of American bar iron at £11 10s.—underselling the English iron market.

THE New York Court of Appeals have reversed the judgment of the Brooklyn Court in favor of the litigants who received a verdict of $5,000 each for deaths occasioned by the Westfield explosion. There can be no question whatever of the soundness of the doctrine laid down by the Court of Appeals as one reasons for overruling the decision of the Court that it erred in the assumption that the Steamboat Company were required to exercise more than ordinary care on Sunday for the safety of their passengers. The fact that there are more than usual on that day does not change the principle of law applicable to the case, for ordinary care has reference to the requirements of the particular occasion. The non-liability of the company because the contract was made on Sunday is also a valid legal defense, and the Brooklyn Courts clearly had no jurisdiction in the case in which their verdicts were given. It is to be regretted, however, that substantial injustice has been done in this matter through legal technicalities, and that the Steamboat Company escape liability for gross carelessness in consequence of the accident having occurred on Sunday.

SOME occurrences in real life resemble the climax of a bad dream. The bystanders who witnessed the following narrow escape, related by a French paper, must have felt extremely anxious to awake: A child of five and a half years of age was playing at one of the windows of a house in the Rue de la Trappe, when it leaned too far out and fell. The mother darted to the window in agony, and saw her child hanging by its pinafore to an iron hook fastened to the half-opened shutter of a window on a lower story. In spite of the entreaties of a neighbor, the unhappy mother stood gasping for breath, her hands clutching the window sill, and her whole appearance a model for a statue of despair. Suddenly a voice cried: "Make haste, his pinafore is tearing." The mother fainted, but the door had now been broken in, and the porter drew the shutter gently inwards; and thus, at length, succeeded in placing the child safe and sound on the floor of the room.

A RATHER astonishing bit of chemical news appears in a Paris letter to the *Turf, Field and Farm*. It describes a discovery related at a secret session of the Paris Academy of Science, June 13. This discovery is that hydrogen, hitherto considered an element, is in reality a combination of two elements, one of which is nine times as light as hydrogen and twenty-five times as light as ordinary illuminating gas. The new element is called abaron, meaning weightless. It will not burn, extinguishes flame, is without oder, taste or color. The discoverer is M. Lebarre, a well known French chemist, and his discovery was not an accident, but the result of a series of successful experiments. The influence of the discovery, should it be substantiated, upon ballooning will be manifest. The tremdous lifting power of abaron will render possible the employment of metallic balloons, capable of resisting all strains and shocks, and also of preventing the escape of gas by exosmosis.

LABOR-SAVING MACHINERY is used to a much greater extent in America than in England. Our great resources, the comparatively small army of our workers, and the consequent high price of labor, have made the use of machinery a necessity, and have thus stimulated inventive genius. In the iron and steel works in and around Sheffield, England, an American Manufacturer is surprised to find work done by hand that in this country would be entrusted almost entirely to machinery. But in England, the long continued use of old methods has in some cases prejudiced masters and workmen against new inventions—and, as labor is cheap, there is not the incentive to make use so extensively of labor saving machinery.

A WRITER, in speaking of sailors' pets, tells us of Jock, "a seal of tender years, who for many months retained the affections of all hands, until washed overboard in a gale of wind. This creature's time on board was fully occupied in a round of duty, pleasure and labor. His duty consisted in eating seven meals a day, and bathing in a tub after each; his pleasure to lie on his side on the quarter deck and to be scratched and petted; while his labor consisted in ceaselessly endeavoring to enlarge a certain scupper hole sufficiently to permit his escape to his native ocean. How indefatigably he used to work day after day and hour after hour, scraping on the iron, first with one flipper, then another, then poking his nose to measure the result with his whiskered face. He kept the hole bright and clean, but did not sensibly enlarge it, at least to human ken.

THE American Mechanics, in a recent report, state that their order is established in twenty-three States, with nearly one hundred and fifty thousand members, and the treasuries of the subordinate councils have received nearly two millions of dollars, have paid nearly half a million for benefits and relief, nearly five thousand dollars for relief of widows and orphans, and have nearly seventy-five thousand dollars in a fund for the same commendable object. This showing is very creditable as an evidence of how the men who are enriching the country by their labor can help themselves by organization.

A STRIKE of nail makers for an advance of ten per cent. in wages is impending in the East Worcestershire (England) nail trade, in which about 25,000 persons are employed. On the other hand, a conference of ironmasters from the North of England, from North and South Staffordshire, from Yorkshire and from Derbyshire has been held in London, and it was there unanimously agreed that the wages of iron workers should be reduced after October 4th. The resolution has been reaffirmed by a meeting of Wolverhampton masters.

THE Philadelphia College of Pharmacy has filed an official protest against taxing small articles of medicine. Such a decision has been pronounced both unjust and unwise. A committee of influential men have gone to Washington to lay the matter before the proper authorities, with their views upon the same.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

If Venus don't "transe" properly in the approaching transit depend upon it, the opponents of the Administration will be prepared to prove, beyond question, that it is the fault of President Grant and the Republican party.

Chicago is in trouble about the plans for the proposed Court House. How the concern is to be made large enough to accommodate the divorce cases, without crowding the rest of the city into the lake, is the problem to be solved.

The famous "Little Church around the Corner," at New York, has become so popular that it is to be enlarged and rebuilt, and will soon be one of the largest and most highly ornamented in the metropolis.

On a sudden, economical sentiments have become the fashion. With one consent people have turned to preaching, and exhorting, and enjoining economy. There is a universal reprobation of the extravagance of the age.

The ceded Crow tract comprises seven million acres. Political scarecrows have begun squatting there already.

Hey diddle diddle,
The cat and the fiddle,
Our bankers recovered soon,
The little ones laughed,
And the big ones chaffed,
And the panic went up to the moon.

Three cargoes of flour, aggregating 48,360 barrels, have lately been shipped from San Francisco to Liverpool, and the *Bulletin* speaks of the movement as a novel and interesting feature of the export trade of that port.

The British Association for the Advancement of Science have been discussing Geography in its relation to Politics. We have settled that question in this country, and have learned that the argument of locality usually does the business.

The gauge of the Grand Trunk Railroad has been changed from five feet six inches to the standard American width of four feet eight and a half inches, and the new engines and cars will commence running to-day.

In the southwestern portion of Kansas considerable bands of wild horses are said to roam. They are matchless in speed and beauty. Hunters not unfrequently attempt to crease them, with a view to capture, by well directed shots through the upper part of the neck.

It is said to be a practice of Illinois courts to call an attorney to the bench while the Judge goes out to get a drink.

A proposition is sought to be engrafted upon the Michigan State Constitution consisting of a clause which permits the legislature to authorize five-sixths verdicts in criminal cases, or, in other words, to make the finding of ten of the jury equal to the present unanimous verdict of the entire twelve.

The prospecting agents sent to this country by the Russian Mennonites report in favor of Texas for cattle-raising, Kansas for fruit-growing, and Minnesota for the cultivation of wheat.

A Parisian dentist, who has a small villa in the outskirts, has raised upon a mound at the bottom of his little garden, a summer-house built entirely of human teeth.

A medical expert has a new name for it. It is not "congenital insanity," nor "emotional insanity," nor "transitory mania." When a man has it he is "conditionally or relatively insane." Pass it around among the criminal lawyers.

Not to be outdone by England, the French government has appointed a committee to inquire into the state of coal mining industry and the present and prospective supply of fuel of that country.

How these Western cities grow.—The value of Milwaukee has increased $2,000,000 during the past year, while the increase of business done was $12,000,000.

At the last meeting of the American Bible Society five new auxiliaries were recognized, in Alabama, Kansas, Arkansas, Wyoming, and Montana.

Among the consequences of the financial crash in Wall street is said to be the withdrawal of many persons well known by their long continued presence there. The necessity of the occasion has forced them to pursuits other than speculations.

The Postoffice money order department has risen into some prominence in connection with the events of the late excitement, and has proved an unusually great convenience to the public. The money orders being invariably paid in legal tender notes, many business men have taken them for the largest allowable amounts.

A free public library for colored people, in Concord, Mass., was dedicated the other day. The building is of excellent workmanship and attractive plan, and is the gift of a native of the town. The library contains an average of four books to each inhabitant, an unusual quantity of rare and valuable works, and is especially strong in the classics.

The American farmer must be astonished at times over his new importance and popularity. All sorts of people take a tender interest in his welfare, and give him all sorts of advice on all sorts of subjects.

An essay read before the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society of this city, at its last meeting, by Dr. Chamberlain, estimates the production of silk in the United States to be already worth $40,000,000.

Ex-Vice President Colfax addressed a country fair at Coldwater, Michigan, last week, at which he claimed that the best way to secure low freight was to build a national double track railroad from ocean to ocean, put the same under government management and thus remove it from "disturbance by local laws."

The Cincinnati papers and Archbishop Purcell, of that burgh, are having a hand-to-hand fight. The Archbishop "went for them" on Sabbath last, hurling shot and shell into their ranks with most cruel carelessness, and now he in turn is suffering a furious bombardment.

It is related that the editor of a religious paper recently left to his heirs over two thousand one hundred shares of different kinds of stocks, all of which are not now worth that number of cents.

England is announced to be the only civilized country in the world which has not sent home-grown tobacco to the Vienna Exhibition. Varieties are shown from Norway and Sweden, as well as from the tropics and from all intermediate territories. It is remarked that the value varies throughout very much, according to the distance from the equator.

A lager beer house in New Jersey was formerly a church. The shrewd Teuton who now keeps it was about to erase an inscription painted over the door, but on second thoughts he left the last line untouched. It is: "Let him who is athirst come."

A colony of Russians—mechanics, farmers, millwrights, etc.—have purchased several thousand acres of land in Huron county, Michigan, and will very soon settle, build houses, school houses and mills, and establish a thriving, self sustaining community.

The first premium on matched horses at the Oneida county fair was awarded a resident of Utica. As the judges were tying the ribbons on an unsuccessful exhibitor demurred at their decision, saying, "On what grounds do you give the premium to my opponent's horses?" "On fair grounds," was the witty reply.

It is proposed to place the American cowcatcher on English locomotives, in consequence of several accidents having recently occurred from cattle straying on the tracks.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Sumner yields to the advice of his friends, and will not lecture, this season. He will have to buy fewer rare books and old pictures, for to get the means for the indulgence of his taste in this respect was one of the leading motives of his lecturing purpose.

The notable weddings of the season at Washington will be those of Secretary Fish's son, Hamilton, Jr., to Senator Frelinghuyson's daughter; W. O. Charlton, of the British Embassy, to Miss Campbell; and Senor Don Casermero Franquello, of the Spanish Legation, to Miss Lillie Thomas.

The remains of three Confederate soldiers, killed during the cavalry engagement at Hanover, York county, in this State, in 1863, were exhumed by Dr. R. Weaver, of Gettysburg, on the 24th instant, from the farm of Mr. Carl Forney, adjoining the borough. The remains of these men were conveyed to Richmond for interment in Hollywood Cemetery.

General Longstreet is about to go into the iron business. He has been the subject of a good deal of irony lately from his former Confederates.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe will make a tour through the West during the month, giving public readings from her own works. The first reading will be given at Reading, Pa., after which she will visit various cities, including Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and Philadelphia.

In looking over the divorce record of Indianapolis a *Journal* reporter has discovered that Dr. Henry Schliemann, who is now delving in the ruins of ancient Troy, took up his residence in that city in 1869 for the purpose of procuring an Indiana divorce from his wife Catherine, to whom he was married in St. Petersburg in 1867, but who refused to come to this country with him.

It is reported that the secret of Reverdy Johnson's zeal to get the President to put the forty-four million reserve at the disposal of the banks, was his having a son-in-law who is a broker in New York city.

John C. Heenan, the pugilist, gambler, etc., is dangerously, almost hopelessly, ill with hemorrhage of the lungs in Montana, whither he recently went for his health.

The Hagerstown (Md.) *Mail* is informed by the Secretary and Treasurer of Antietam National Cemetery that the granite statue is now fast approaching completion. This colossal representation of an American soldier will be put on its feet about the first of January. The statue is made of two blocks of granite, and when up will stand twenty-one feet high; thickness across the shoulders, five feet two inches; feet, thirty-six inches long; hands, twelve inches wide; fingers, fifteen inches long; moustache, thirteen inches long, &c.

The Liberator of Central Africa, Sir Samuel Baker, has accepted the invitation of the American Geographical Society to visit America during the summer season of 1874. His distinction as an explorer and humanitarian, and his wide fame as the only Anglo-Saxon who has ever led a large military expedition into the heart of Africa, will insure him a cordial reception from the American people. Sir Samuel Baker's has been one of the most remarkable careers of the present century. Of late years, too, there has been an additional romance about his explorations, in that they have been shared by a heroic wife, who has been his most powerful ally at all times of danger and difficulty. She, too, will visit our shores, and we feel assured that all America will extend to husband and wife a generous and hearty welcome.

A Human Skull in a Quartz Lead.

Agassiz and all the great physicists of the Old World and New would have been thrown into a state of feverish excitement had they heard the rumor that is current on our streets. The report was that a human skull had been imbedded in a body of rich silver-bearing quartz in one of the Comstock mines. Such a phenomenon would have upset all the accepted theories, and overturned all the well established facts demonstrated by the researches of modern science, and hearing that the skull was at the Palace Saloon, we repaired thither to ascertain the facts in the premises. There we found a large human skull, thickly coated on one side with rich sulphurets of silver, and, upon inquiry, ascertained the curiosity was found in an old drift of the Ophir mine, some years ago, by the late Judge Baldwin. The skull was found at a point where the drift had cut through a rich vein of sulphurets, and hence its coating. How it got there is still a mystery, and will perhaps remain so forever.—*Nev. Bulletin.*

A GOOD story comes from Maine. Last Thursday the Supreme Court was engaged in a case in which the ledgers of both parties were produced in court, both appearing rather mixed, with two charges in some cases where, apparently, there should have been but one. One of the parties was an Irishman, and his attorney, after opposing council had made some capital out of the Irishman's accounts, casually remarked to Judge Walton, presiding, that the Irishman's accounts were at least as straight as those of the other party. "Yes," coolly replies the court, "it is apparent both parties kept accounts by double entry!"

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HON. ISAAC G. GORDON, of Jefferson County.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
HON. ROBERT W. MACKEY, of Allegheny County.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.

STATE SENATE,
HON. GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh

ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. McCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County Districts,
J. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins.
A. B. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh (South Side).
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY TREASURER,
Capt. SAMUEL KILGORE, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Pittsburgh.
JAMES G. MURRAY, Upper St. Clair, two years.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
Capt. JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer.

CORONER,
WILLIAM McCALLIN, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

A MELANCHOLY STORY.

A Young Man Sent Out to Seek His Lost Brother Commits Suicide.

About twenty years ago a little boy named William Askew ran away from his mother, who now resides in Harrodsburg, Ky., but who then lived in Virginia. Until recently she never received any tidings of him after he left home, and he had long been mourned as dead. A few weeks ago the mother received a letter from a nephew stating that he had accidentally discovered her son in the northern part of Missouri, and that he was doing well. She had another son, John M. Askew, a young man engaged in the practice of law at Harrodsburg, and him she sent to Missouri to hunt up and communicate with his long-lost brother. Day before yesterday he arrived in this city, and after calling on a few old friends, took passage on the steamer Davenport to continue his journey in search of his brother. About half-past eight o'clock in the evening, when the Davenport was at the mouth of Piasa creek, about four miles from Alton, he suddenly jumped overboard, and although a yawl was sent out and diligent search made for him, he could not be found.

That the act was deliberate and premeditated was evinced by his having previously deposited with the captain of the boat a package of letters and left directions for the disposition of his effects, among which was a valise containing a navy revolver and some minor articles. It is stated by one of the friends whom he visited in this city that he was in a wild state of excitement when he took passage on the Davenport. From his conduct on the boat he was supposed to have been insane. Yesterday morning the body was recovered.—*St. Louis Republican, 26th inst.*

FROM PARIS CITY, PA.

Business Dull—Oil Fifty Cents per Barrel at the Wells—How they Evade the Local Option Law, &c., &c.

PARIS CITY, PA., October 4, 1873.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Your correspondent again attempts to give you some news from this portion of oildom.

Business continues dull, but nothing else can be expected with oil at fifty cents—the price paid at our wells—but we hope for better times next spring.

The news depot still furnishes the COMMERCIAL to the public.

A photograph gallery is run here by Carpenter & Griffin, and does a resonably lively business. They are fine artists.

A drug store is in operation here, where whisky flows pretty freely, despite the local option law, and there are some pretty lively fights among the drunken men, disturbing the people's peaceful slumbers considerably.

"CAPTAIN JACK."

The Tonic of the Period.

This is a trying season to persons deficient in stamina and out of health. To rally their physical energies by the most approved artificial means is a duty they owe to themselves. Foremost among the tonics and alteratives of the age stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is a vegetable stimulant and corrective, against which no tenable objection can be urged. There is no risk in recommending it as the best preparation in existence for renovating an enfeebled and broken down system. The most valuable medicinal products that nature has ever yielded to botanical research are blended in this famous elixir, and its stimulating basis is recognized in our public hospitals as the purest of all the varieties of distilled liquors. For general debility, nervous weakness, dyspepsia, constipation rheumatism, biliousness and intermittent fevers it is a positive specific.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1873....$778,251 56.

Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

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D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
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John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

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[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

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SURPLUS FUND..........59,875 30

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Vice President—Jas. B. D. Meeds.
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Hon. J. K. Moorhead,
Jacob Painter,
Harvey Childs,
O. G. Hussey,
Jas. B. D. Meeds,
Jno. P. Henderson,
B. F. Jones.
Wm. K. Nimick.

Office open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday evening, from 7 o'clock to 9. M

EDUCATIONAL.

NORTH SIDE INSTITUTE—This school, we are informed, is to be established in our sister city in that large and substantial building on the east corner of Federal street and North avenue, overlooking the Park. Mr. WAKSHAM, the Principal, so widely known in the community as an Educator, will be assisted by an efficient corps of Teachers. Mr. W. may be seen at the rooms every morning after 8 o'clock. Circulars may be had at any of the Bookstores.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP

The Co Partnership heretofore existing between D. McCALLISTER, WM. J. JACKSON and JAMES M. McEWEN, under the firm name of McCallister, Jackson & McEwen, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, dating from October 1, 1873, D. McCallister retiring. The business will be carried on by Wm. J. Jackson and James M. McEwen, under the name of JACKSON & McEWEN, who will settle the accounts of the late firm at the old Stand, No. 40½ Fifth avenue.

D. McCALLISTER,
W. J. JACKSON,
JAMES M. McEWEN.

Pittsburgh, October 1, 1873.

WM. J. JACKSON..........JAMES M. McEWEN.

JACKSON & McEWEN,

Successors to McCallister, Jackson & McEwen,

JOB PRINTERS,

No. 40½ FIFTH AVENUE,

Between Wood and Market Streets, Pittsburgh.

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THE

AMERICAN LAW REVIEW,

For October, 1873.

VOL. VIII. No. I.

CONTENTS.

I. An Elective Judiciary. II. The Distribution of the Geneva Award. III. The Law of Homicide. IV. The Reporters and Text Writers. V. Digest of the English Law Reports. VI. Selected Digest of State Reports. VII. Book Notices. VIII. List of Law Books Published in England and America since July, 1873. IX. Summary of Events.

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Preparation of nature's great food ever produced. Essentially nothing but the woody fibre and a portion of the water are removed by the process, leaving all the starch, gluten and the greatest part of the mineral substances (phosphates), all that is nourishing in the wheat. The removal of the woody fibre makes it far more palatable than the various preparations of wheat now in the market. No other article of food contains such proper proportions of the requirements of the whole human system. To those suffering from INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, and to persons of sedentary habits, it will prove invaluable. As a BREAKFAST DISH it is unequaled. Our best physicians here say it is of more importance than anything else that can be found. Try it once and you will never be without it. Ask your Grocer or Druggist for a Package. Manufactured only by the

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SEPTEMBER 5th,

1873.

NOTICE.

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ASSIGNEE'S SALE

On THURSDAY, OCTOBER 16th,

At 10 o'clock A. M., we will sell at Public Auction, at the store, Nos 29 and 30 DIAMOND, Pittsburgh, the remainder of the Stock of Goods of RINEHART & STEVENS, Bankrupts, consisting of a large lot of choice Teas, Syrup, Soap, Tobacco, Spices, Washing Blue, Flavoring Extracts, Baking Powder, Yeast Powders, Fruit Can Cement, &c.; also the Stoves and Office Furniture. The attention of the Trade is invited to the above Sale.

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LACE CURTAINS,

DRAPERIES,

CORNICES,

TURKISH FOLDING SPRING BEDS,
METROPOLITAN SPRING BEDS.

Upholstering of all Kinds.

E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,

55 MARKET STREET.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL THE

LITTLE DETECTIVE!

A useful article for seeing what is going on without looking directly at it.

POLICEMEN

Use them thus: They stand around the corner close to the building, and direct their attention up the street through the Little Detective. From a chamber window they can

OBSERVE WHAT IS GOING ON

In the houses opposite. For observing the movements in Street Cars, Churches, Theaters, &c., Of any person or persons you may wish to. Merchants can see their clerks' movements in any part of the store.

FOR SALE AT

Arizona Diamond Store

PITTSBURGH.

d*

DRY GOODS

WM. SEMPLE.

Flannels, Flannels

Country Barred Plain Flannels. Flannels, all kinds and colors. Twilled Flannels, Mixed and Plain Colors, at Real Bargains.

Blankets Blankets

An Immense Stock, White and Colored, at very Low Prices.

Shawls, Shawls,

In all kinds and Styles, just what are wanted for Fall and Winter wear. Prices very Low.

Comfortables,
Coverlets,
Quilts.

A full supply of these in largest size and heaviest weight for Winter, at our usual Bargain Prices.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

DARK PRINTS, at 6 1-4 and 8c, choice patterns and good colors.

GREY DRESS GOODS, at 8 1-3c per yard, for Suits and Redingotes.

WIDE PERCALES, at 10c, Styles specially adapted for comforts.

DRESS PERCALES, 4-4 wide, new dark styles.

KENTUCKY JEANS, 12 1-2c.

DRESS GOODS, 15c, dark bright stripe, worth 25c.

STRIPE FLANNELS, 18 3-4c, dard, shirting style.

COUNTRY BARRED FLANNELS, 25c, yard wide, worth 37 1-2c.

165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny.

Great Closing-Out Sale

OF

DRY GOODS

AT

A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S,

172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.

Great Closing-out Sale

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MEDICAL.

Speedily Cured!

ALL FORMS of Venereal, Private and Nervous Diseases at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness or Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicine supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.

This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and Special Diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefitted and cured by their treatment. No matter how difficult or how long standing your case may be, if curable, after a personal examination they will frankly tell you. Remember, they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.

Patients treated by mail or express, but where possible it is best to visit the city for personal consultation; or address

GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment. D&*

Doctor Whittier,

Office, No. 296 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Specially treats all Private Diseases. Cures guaranteed Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis (all forms). Also Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Vigor, Mental and Physical Decay, &c., &c., are thoroughly cured, without exposure, or detention from business. Medicines supplied. Confidential consultation or pamphlet free; call or write. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. "True Marriage Guide," 260 pages, illustrated, 50 cents. d*

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. For circular, etc., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 7 P. M.

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TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.

A large and desirable contract is about to be let First-class parties, with large capital, may learn particulars as below; no others need apply. Address

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Paper Sack Manufactory,

THE LARGEST IN THE WEST!

GODFREY & CLARK

Manufacturers and Dealers in

DOUBLE SATCHEL BOTTOM

FLOUR SACKS,

Buckwheat and Cornmeal Sacks.

Manilla Wrapping Papers and Grocers' Sacks on hand and printed to order.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Wellsburg Mills Wrapping Papers. Each quire warranted to contain sixteen sheets.

Liberal Discount to the Wholesale Trade.

270 LIBERTY STREET.

WOOD WORK

We are prepared to furnish all kinds of

Carved or Plain Wood Work,

BANK DESKS COUNTERS,

SHELVING and CABINET WORK,

Of every Description.

Factory, Corner Second Ave. and Try St.

MOECK & BROS.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh, June, 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ROBERT B. EDGAR, of the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

WM. HENRY, Assignee,
Fallston, Beaver county.

June 20, 1873.

DRY GOODS:

WM. SEMPLE.

NEW

REDINGOTE GOODS.

Camel's Hair Serges,
Camel's Hair Cloth,
Camel's Hair Fleeced Cloth,
Tissage Cloth,
Grey Mixed Fabrics,
Leaf-colored Fabrics,
Moss-colored Goods.

New Dress Goods!

Epinglines,
Camels' Hair Serge,
Twilled Pongees,
Plain Pongees,
Stripe Pongees,
Plain Poplins,
Silk Stripe Poplins,
Shah Stripe Poplins,
Illuminated Stripes,
Damas Poplins,
Changeable Poplins,
Drap De Nice,
Puritan Cloth,
Mohair Balerno,
Serge Anglaise,
Serge Paris,
Plain Satteen,
Wool Tissage,
Plain Velours,
Velours Brocash,
Plain Biarritz,
Stripe Biarritz,
Geneva Cloth,
Tyrollian Stripe,
Wool Alpesian,
Iron Grey Serges,
Iron Grey Redingote,
Medium Grey Redingote,
Sublime quality Taffeta,
Entaglio Stripes,
Wool Delaines,
Domestic Delaines,
French Merino,
Empress Cloth,
Wool Poplins,
Plain Polonaise,
Brocade Polonaise,
Stripe Tissage,
Moss Color Poplins,
Mohair Balerno,
Tissage Stripe Sateen,
Windsor Suitings,
Alpine Suitings,
Check Poplinette,
Meerane Silk Stripe,
Illuminated Figur'd Poplins
Corded Poplins,
Dice Figure Poplins,
Crepe Cloth,
Tinted Mohair,
Wave Figured Poplins,
Tycoon Reps,
Chintz Figured Satteen,
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Plain Poplins,
Wool Plaids,
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Federal Street, Allegheny.

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THE OLD AND RELIABLE

AMERICAN

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

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Cash Assets over Four Millions of Dollars

The following gentlemen managing its affairs are well known not only in Philadelphia but throughout the entire State, as men of undoubted integrity and business capacity.

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Isaac Hazlehurst, Attorney-at-Law, Philadelphia;
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L. M. Whilldin, Merchant, Front street, Philadelphia;
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SAMUEL W. SPENCER,

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Office, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, PITTSBURGH,

Where Policies of Insurance will be issued on all desirable plans.

P. S.—Agents wanted for all towns and villages not already occupied in Western Pennsylvania. Liberal arrangements made. Call or address,

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MWF

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FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

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People's Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH,

Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue,

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise,

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WM. F. GARDNER..........Secretary.
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Western Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.

CAPITAL..........$225,000.

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LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.

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Monongahela Insurance Co.,

OF PITTSBURGH.

INCORPORATED 1854.

CASH CAPITAL..........$175,000.

Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.

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Citizens' Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office—No. 131 Smithfield street, second door from City Hall.

WM. BAGALEY..........President.
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Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.

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Strength is Security!

ASSETS $10,000,000 GOLD.

Royal Insurance Company,

OF LIVERPOOL.

COFFIN, KELLOGG & CO., Agents,

Cor. Third avenue and Wood Pittsburgh, Pa.

MWF

MERCHANT TAILOR.

B. TIEGEL,

No. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall and Winter Wear, AT LOWEST PRICES.

ASBESTOS BANK-VAULT LINING &

NON CONDUCTING CEMENT

FOR COVERING

STEAM PIPES, BOILERS & HOT BLAST PIPES

IMPROVED & WARRANTED

W. C. CHILDS & CO. 133 WOOD ST.

MANUFACTURERS. PITTSBURGH.

2p

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE — LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Col THOMAS McKEE, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having Claims against said estate will present, and all indebted make payment to

THOS. M. BAYNE,
64 Grant street, Pittsburgh.

TEAS, LIQUORS, &C.

The New Tea and Liquor House

22 DIAMOND,

PITTSBURGH.

A SAVING OF FULL TEN PER CENT TO CONSUMERS.

9 lbs A Sugar	$1 00
10 lbs C Sugar	1 00
Corn Starch	10c
Satin Gloss Starch	10c
5 lbs Oat Meal for	25c
6 Bars Wax Soap	25c
Cheese	12c
12 Cakes Toilet Soap	20c
Pearl Wheat	18c
Flour, per sack	2 00

CALL AND SEE.

Jesse Inghram

MANUFACTURERS:

Fence Pickets

We furnish the Pickets made from 3-8 inch Round Iron, like design shown in cut, at

30c. PER LINEAL FOOT

They make a HANDSOMER, MORE DURABLE and CHEAPER Fence than the Wooden Pickets.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO

Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,

Manufacturers of MERCHANT BAR IRON, GATE and BARN DOOR HINGES, BOLTS, NUTS, WASHERS, and their new line of PATENTED WAGON HARDWARE.

91 and 92 Water Street, and 114 and 116 First Avenue, Pittsburgh.

LAFAYETTE STOVE WORKS

H. Anshutz & Son,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cook, Parlor and Heating

STOVES,

GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS.

Also the Improved IRON CITY AND UNION

COOKING RANGES.

Sole Agents for the celebrated

BEACON LIGHT BASE BURNER

And PATENT SCHOOL HOUSE STOVES.

Warehouses:

No. 214 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, and 196 East Ohio street, Allegheny.

Iron City and Siberian Iron Works.

ROGERS & BURCHFIELD,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SHEET IRON

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Warehouse, No. 108 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Gas Pipe,

MALEABLE FITTINGS,

POWELL'S STAR GLOBE VALVES.

Send for wholesale price list.

J. B. SHERRIFF & SON,

68 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Hazard Powder Company's

Sporting and Mining Powder.

I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and Dealers by KEG OR CAR LOAD,

AT LOW PRICES.

SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.

ARTHUR KIRK,
No. 19 Seventh street, (late Irwin street),
PITTSBURGH.

M. B. Cochran & Co.

121 Liberty Street, Corner Fifth,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

IRON AND WOOD WORKING

MACHINERY,

AND

Manufacturers' Supplies

HAVE IN STORE A FULL STOCK OF

Deane's Steam Pumps,
Judson Governors,
Sash and Door Machinery, &c., &c.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. MWS

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,

COR. THIRD AVE. AND LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

IRON PIPE FITTERS

AND

BRASS FOUNDERS,

AGENTS FOR A. S. CAMERON & CO.'

STEAM PUMPS.

ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY, PROMPTLY FITTED UP.

MWF

W. J. HAMMOND,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Scrap Iron, Metal and Steel.

Also, Rolling Mill and Forges supplied with IRON CUT TO ORDER or FAGGOTED, as I have Two (2) Sets of Rolling Mill Shears constantly running, cutting Iron for Faggoting and other purposes. OFFICE AND YARDS, Cor. Eleventh Street and Duquesne Way, PITTSBURGH.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

STEEL CASTINGS

UNDER HAINSWORTH'S PATENT.

We are making Steel Castings, Smooth, True, Free from Porosity, capable of receiving Very High Polish. Can be Forged or Welded easily as Bar Steel, and Strong as Forged Steel. Send for Circular.

PITTSBURGH STEEL CASTING CO.,
Twenty-sixth and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad Streets, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; ALSO, BEST

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE,

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Manufacturers of All Descriptions of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL, CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL, CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES, ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM AND SEAT SPRINGS, AXLES AND STEEL TIRE, Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plates, STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.

82 Water and 100 First ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

CAST STEEL.

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Corner Penn and 17th Streets, Ninth Ward,

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Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap.

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

Buy and Sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On most favorable terms.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

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GEO. B. HILL....C. HANSON LOVE..JAS. N. HILL

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Bankers and Brokers,

58 Fourth Avenue,

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OFFER

FOR SALE

City of Pittsburgh

SEVEN PER CENT.

BONDS,

At Par and Interest,

FREE FROM TAXATION

We Buy and Sell on Commission all kinds of

Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Negotiable Paper, &c.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to London Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.

Drafts payable on demand in any part of England Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.

FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

STREET IMPROVEMENT

Seven Per Cent.

Penn Ave. Bonds

At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.,

BANKERS,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, October 4, 1873.

The day has passed quietly among the banks, the usual routine of business being pursued in the usual quiet manner. The action of the manufacturers in paying but half their rolls was a great relief, and diminished very materially the demand for bank notes, which is now the most serious want. None of the banks are making any new loans, but are exercising a liberal spirit in granting extensions on maturing obligations. On this class of paper Pittsburgh banks stick to the old rule of not advancing the rate of interest with the necessity of the borrower, but continue to discount at the usual bank rates. For paper in hands of the brokers, we may quote the rate at about 12 to 15 per cent. per annum on government and bank stock collateral, and from 15 to 24 per cent. per annum for good indorsed commercial paper. Paper not A No. 1 is just nowhere, and can't be sold at any rate.

It is too soon yet to learn all the lessons taught by the panic of 1873; we are too near it, and have been too active participants in its turmoil to give a clear view of its proportions. Some persons who have fared rather badly are remarking that it has been worse than the panic of 1857; yet there is the greatest difference between the two.

The difficulties of the past two or three weeks has not destroyed a dollar of the circulating medium. The holders of bank notes have had no uneasiness as to their soundness and there has been no run on the banks, therefore, for the redemption of their notes. In 1857 we had a mass of paper currency, much of which was rendered worthless, the whole of which was discredited. Every man who had any State bank notes in his pocket rushed to the banks to have them redeemed in coin, the banks in consequence having to take care of both their circulation and deposits. Now the notes of the banks are as readily taken in payment of their deposits as the government issue. The consequence of the currency movement in 1857 was, that mercantile transactions were almost impossible, except in gold. Following closely on this was the destruction of all confidence in mercantile transactions and a general paralysis of credit.

Now our merchants are in better condition than at any time for five years past; the amount of debts is less, the credit of most classes is sound, and the margin of profit is good and, in all departments of business we have an unusually favorable outlook for a profitable season. The balance of trade, which for five years has run heavily against us, has turned most decidedly in our favor; gold had commenced to flow this way, compelling the Bank of England to advance the rates of discount to five per cent. to check the movement, and the whole business fabric of the country seems settled to a firmer foundation than for a decade.

Looking at the situation as it is, we find that there has been no destruction of actual values. No one has lost money, excepting the stock operators and railway speculators, and that commercial paper is being met in a prompt manner. Had this panic come upon us last fall when credits were inflated and nearly every firm of prominence in this city were borrowers, the result must have been an untold disaster; as it turns out the curtailment of their banking facilities has worked them a great good. Many growls were made at the way the banks held their funds in hands, because of their experience of last autumn, but the storm found the banks strong in resources and the mercantile community with sails all trim. We owe our present safety to the conservative policy of our banks in restraining their loans to a safe limit.

—We learn from Washington that the circulating notes of the suspended National banks are already in urgent request by various parties who are desirous to embark in the banking business, but have been unable to secure circulation. There is reason to believe that within a few weeks every National bank which closes permanently will be succeeded by a new one. When a portion only of the circulating notes of a broken bank has been redeemed, a new bank may use that portion in starting, and its circulation may be extended from time to time as the old bank notes are gathered in.

—The 7⅜ per cent. coupons on $9,000,000 Union Pacific land grant bonds, due October 1st, were promptly paid. The road is earning about $1,000,000 gross per month, and the net earnings are 33 per cent. above all interest charges. On one day, September 26th, the road earned $54,509 39.

—At New York, and especially among the suspended institutions there, we see it stated that a sharp curtailing of expenses is said to be going on. That is a step in the right direction, and may be advantageously pursued, even where not enforced by direct losses. Industry and economy should now mark the [illegible] boards of every household and every place of business. To living too fast in the past we owe much of our present difficulties; by making slower time for the future we will sooner and more certainly reach the desired goal.

—Robinson Bros., Bankers, Fourth avenue, furnish the following report of Stocks in Philadelphia:

Pennsylvania R. R.	49½	Lehigh V. R. R.	57¾
Reading	51⅝	Phil'a and Erie	16
United Companies	16½	Pittsburgh 5's	71¾
Oil Creek	18¾	Central Trans.	40

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, October 4, 1873.

REMARKS—The general tone of the market to-day was that of quietness. While some houses on Liberty and other business streets were doing a good business, for Saturday, others were doing simply nothing. The buyers were not out in a very heavy force today, and probably it was as well, as the stock on hand was not over abundant. There seemed to be a more cheerful feeling manifested on all sides relative to money matters, and merchants generally expressed themselves gratified with the satisfactory manner in which our citizens had come to the relief of the banks, by refraining from taking out any more funds than was absolutely necessary to conduct business that required currency.

The following table shows the receipts of the leading articles of produce for the past week:

Apples, bbls	1,310	Corn, sks	5,924
Butter, pkgs	130	Flour, bbls	9,427
Bacon, pcs	2,570	Oats, sks	10,414
Bacon, tcs	600	Rye, sks	2,889
Barley, sks	10,224	Wheat, sks	2,706
Cheese, bxs	1,763		

The receipts of produce for the past twenty-four hours foot up as follows:

Apples, bbls	258	Flour, bbls	585
Butter, pkgs	32	Potatoes, bush	928

Below will be found the wholesale prices for this market, unless special mention is made to the contrary:

ALES—The latest advices from the East give us information that the English ales and stouts in first hands are, owing to the increased demand and light receipts, becoming light, and we do not hesitate to say that if this state of affairs continues the prices will, of course, advance. Our market here is but moderately supplied and buyers will be governed accordingly. The home ales, however, are in good request, and a very fair trade can be reported doing. We quote: X, $9; XX, $10; porter $10; India ale, $11 50; Bass' English ale, in kilderkins of 18 gallons, $22 75@24; bbls, 45 gallons, $42 25@44; hhds, 68 gallons, $62 50@65; in cases, bottled, $2 75; Guinness and Younger's stouts, $2 75; Caswells & Hazard's ginger ale, $2.

ASHES—There seems to be no material change to report in the state of the market, and we can report moderate transactions at the following quotations: Alkali, 6@8c, according to quantity and purchases; refined soda, 5@5½c; common do, 4c; pots, 9@9½c; pearls, 11c; black lead, 4½c; nitrate soda, 4½@4¾c.

BEANS—The receipts of both navy and medium beans during the latter end of the week were more liberal and the demand quite fair. We can quote navy at $2 75@2 90 ₩ bushel and medium at $2 90@3 00 ₩ bushel.

BANNER BAKING POWDER—To-day the shipments (for both home and country) have been quite large for this staple household article and dealers report an excellent trade doing. We quote: ¼ lb cans $1 60 ₩ doz; ½ lb cans $3; 1 lb cans $5 50; 5 lb cans $26; 10 lb wooden boxes, 40c ₩ lb.

BEESWAX—There is not a very large trade doing and the receipts are largely in excess of the demand, and in a small way we can quote at 30@32c ₩ lb.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—There was a fair trade doing to-day in filling orders, but they were principally from the country, as city buyers were holding off to await the action of the Board which met this afternoon. Several changes were made in prices, all of which will be found below. The figure have been carefully corrected and buyers can purchase by them: Hams, extra sugar cured, ₩ lb, 15c; shoulders, extra sugar cured, ₩ lb, 11c; breakfast bacon, sugar cured, ₩ lb, 13½c; dried beef, extra sugar cured, ₩ lb, 16½c; beef tongues, sugar cured, per dozen, $7 50; bacon shoulders, ₩ lb, 10c; bacon rib sides, ₩ lb, 10½c; bacon short rib sides, ₩ lb, 11c; bacon clear sides, ₩ lb, 11½c; mess pork, ₩ bbl, $17. Lard, refined for summer use, in tierces, ₩ lb, 9¾c; refined for summer use, in half bbls, ₩ lb, 10¼c; refined for summer use, in buckets, ₩ lb, 11c; refined in 3 lb caddies, ₩ lb, 12¼c; refined in 5 lb caddies, ₩ lb, 12½c; refined in 3 lb pails, ₩ lb, 13½c; refined in 5 lb pails, 13c; refined in 5 lb pails, ₩ lb 13¼c. Lard oil, extra winter strained, ₩ gallon, 75c.

BROOMS—Are firm at the following quotations: No. 5 X, $3 50 ₩ doz; No. 5, $3 25 ₩ doz; No. 4, $3 ₩ doz; No. 3, $2 50 ₩ doz; No. 2, $2 25 ₩ doz; No. 1, $1 75 ₩ doz; No. 1 Shakers, $3 50 ₩ doz; No. 2 Shakers, $3 ₩ doz.

BUTTER—As will be seen above the receipts of butter have been light, especially for choice roll. It is true that roll butter can be bought but only in small packages, and then fancy figures can be obtained, not from dealers, but from private parties who purchase by the single tub. Parties who supply this market with roll butter must not pay any attention to the extreme fancy figures which they see quoted in some of the Pittsburgh papers, and expect to realize them. All they can hope to realize for choice roll is 27@28c ₩ lb, less the commission, and for packed, 24@26c ₩ lb. Medium is in moderate request at 18@20c ₩ lb. Roll butter, which is frequently quoted at 30@32c ₩ lb, is only for what is sold by the single package.

BROOM CORN—There is a moderate trade in broom corn: Green, 7½c; green hurl, 8@8½c; red tip, 4@6c.

CARBON OIL—Is in fair request at 17c ₩ gal. retailed from store.

CEMENTS—The following are the retailing quotations: Beeson's Phoenix, $2 25@2 50; Louisville $2 25@2 50; Rosendale, $4 00@4 50; white lime, $2 00; calcined plaster, $4 50@5 00; land plaster, $3 00@3 50.

CHEESE—The market is very well supplied, thanks to the energy of our leading jobbers, and the demand continues good. There is considerable inquiry for the September make, but the dairymen are still holding it at home firm in anticipation of better prices being realized. The recent advance asked by our dealers continues to be well maintained, and we can quote prime New York Goshen at 14c ₩ lb; Ohio factory, in round lots, at 13½c for July make, and 13¾@14c for August make. In a jobbing way 14@14½c. There is little inquiry for farm dairy. Limburger and Sweitzer quiet at 17@18c ₩ lb each.

COUNTRY LARD—Is in fair request at 8@9c for prime. Dark lard, for land oil, 7c ₩ lb.

CHESTNUTS—Made their first appearance to-day, and the Italians will become ready purchasers if the price is liberal; we think, however, the stock on hand will last some time, unless prices are reduced. What were on sale to-day were held at $10 ₩ bushel—rather high, we think.

EGGS—Notwithstanding strictly fresh are in limited supply, the demand has fallen off somewhat, and it is difficult to get 25c. Dealers were willing to sell at 24c, and but a slow trade can be reported.

FEATHERS—Are in very fair request, and we can report sales at 75c@$1 00 ₩ lb, according to quantity and to whom sold.

FISH—The market remains nominally unchanged, and while not a very heavy trade is done, prices are firm at the following quotations: Extra No 1 mess mackerel, $35 ₩ bbl; No 1 mess mackerel, $31 ₩ bbl; extra No 1 shore mackerel, $26 ₩ bbl; No 1 shore mackerel, $22; extra No 1 bay mackerel, $21; No 1 bay mackerel, $19 50; extra No 2 mackerel, $17; No 2 mackerel, $15 50; large No 3 mackerel, $12; No 3 mackerel, $11; split Labrador new herring, $9; white fish, $7 25@7 50 ₩ ½ bbl; lake trout, $7@7 50 ₩ ½ bbl; medium codfish, $6 50 ₩ 100 lbs; medium Grand Bank codfish, $6 ₩ 100 lbs.

FLOUR—Quite an active trade can be reported for home consumption, but owing to the light stocks on hand and the falling off in receipts, the present prices continue to be well maintained at the following quotations: Kentucky flours range from $8 25 to $10 ₩ bbl; Minnesota, from old wheats, $7 50@8 ₩ bbl; Wisconsin, $7@8 ₩ bbl; rye flours, $5 25.

GRAIN—The business being done at the Elevator was never in a more healthy condition than at present. The receipts have been heavy, but a large portion of the grain which has arrived during the past few days was bought in bulk lots in the West and by consumers, and hence does not change hands. The transactions in grain to-day were quite light, and very little business was done either by buyers or sellers. From the West we learn that the flow of currency into the city of Chicago for the purchase of all kinds of grain is simply enormous, and that during the coming week, if ample railroad transportation can be furnished, the export of grain from Chicago to all points will be very heavy. The demand in Pittsburgh for all kinds of grain continues excellent, but there is little or none offering. Oats are held very firm at 47@48c; shelled corn 65@66c; ear corn 64@65c; wheat is in but moderate request and medium to choice red can be quoted at $1 50@1 55. There was not quite the demand for barley to-day as was exhibited the early part of the week, from the fact that the leading brewers went into the Western market and purchased heavily, and who are now receiving their grain in large quantities. Rye was quiet and we can quote at 85@86c.

The following transactions were reported to-day:

3 cars white oats, in elevator	48
1 car mixed oats, in elevator	48
1 car white oats, in sacks	49

The following were the receipts of grain for the past twenty-four hours:

Barley, sacks	1,870	Wheat, sacks	122
Oats, sacks	1,931	Corn, sacks	1,744
Rye, sacks	220		

GROCERY MARKET.—Trade continues quite dull. Until gold becomes more settled prices will continue to change, with perhaps every fluctuation in stocks. There has been a decline in sugars, and we refer our readers to the quotations given below:

Sugars—Crushed sugar, 12¾c; powdered, 12¾c; granulated, 12½c; A, 11¾c; B, 11¼c; extra C, 11¼c; Franklin extra C, 10¾c; Johnson & Co.'s extra C, 9½c; American extra C, 9¾c; H. G. & Co. B, 9¾c; other grades, 7¾@8¾c.

Coffee—Roasted Rio, loose, 30½c ₩ lb; roasted Rio, in 1 lb papers, 31c ₩ lb; roasted Java, in 1 lb papers, 37c ₩ lb.

Teas—Young Hyson, 40c@$1 10 ₩ lb; gunpowder, $1 25 ₩ lb; imperial, 50c@$1 00 ₩ lb; Japan, 70@90c ₩ lb; Oolong, 25@90 ₩ lb; Souchongs, 25@45c ₩ lb.

Syrups—Common, 28@36c; honey, 45c; golden, 50c; Centennial, 65c; Vienna Exposition, 70c; New Orleans molasses, 75@80c.

Rice—Rangoon, 7¾c; Patna, 8½@9c; Carolina, 10c.

Pearl Barley—Nos. 3 and 5, 3c ₩ lb.

Oat Meal—A and B, 4¾c ₩ lb.

HONEY—Is in fair request and according to quality, we can quote at 2 @35c.

HAY—Is on sale in large quantities; in fact, it is largely in excess of the demand, and we can quote all kinds of hay dull at $20@25 per ton.

HOMINY—The supply continues to be good, and the demand is fully equal to it. We quote at $5 00 ₩ bbl.

MINCE MEAT—The several leading brands of mince meat are in the market and we can quote them at 11@13c ₩ lb.

MILL FEED—Trade continues quiet and unchanged at our previous quotations. We learned of a sale of a car load of bran at 95c ₩ cwt. We can quote middlings at $25@30 ₩ ton; from store $1 25@1 50 ₩ 100 lbs. Oatsand corn chops $1 35@1 40 ₩ 100 lbs; corn chops $1 35 ₩ 100 lbs. Bran $14@16 ₩ ton.

PEARL WHEAT—Continues to sell quite readily at $7 50 ₩ case, with 25 ₩ cent. discount.

POULTRY—Good choice spring chickens are in request and the market is but poorly supplied. We can quote them from 40 to 55c as to condition; old 60@65c.

RAGS—The market is very flat at 3@3¼c for country linen rags. Woolen rags are not wanted.

SALT—We can quote No. 1 X by the car lot at $1 85 ₩ bbl and $2 00 ₩ bbl in a retail way. No. 1 by the car lot $1 65, and in a small way $1 75 ₩ bbl.

SEEDS—Timothy continues dull at $3 50 but in a small way from store at $3 75 ₩ bushel.

SAPOLIO—A good trade can be reported at all the leading houses. It is put up in cases of six dozen each, and sells at $6 ₩ case; also the hand sapolio at $5 ₩ case.

SOAP—Country soap is beginning to come in and can be quoted at 5@6c ₩ lb.

TALLOW—Market firm, with sales at 7½@8½c ₩ lb.

VINEGAR—Choice cider is quoted at 15@18c ₩ gallon.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS—There was no material improvement either in supply or prices, and the following will show how the market is supplied:

Apples were rather easier to-day; that is, the demand was not very great, but there was no material diminution in prices. For the small and inferior lots, sales were made at $2 00@2 50 ₩ bbl, while the choice were held firm.

Grapes were in better demand to-day, and we noticed the arrival of some very fine cultivated lots.

Cranberries are arriving more freely. What arrivals we have seen of the Carey cultivated berry are looking quite wholesome, and now that sugars have declined, we do not anticipate that this kind of berry will remain long on sale.

Pears, if we except the Bartlette and California, are slow in coming in, but we learn that consignments may be expected during the coming week.

Peaches were in but moderate request, as the principal portion of those on sale were not what dealers are in quest of. But a small portion offering were sound and of good flavor, while the remainder were hard, small and unsalable.

Potatoes continue scarce. The demand for bulk lots has lessened somewhat, as dealers are holding off for the new crop of peachblows. Early rose are having a moderate sale. On the arrival of the peachblows we learn that dealers are going to hold them at a high figure.

Quinces were in excellent demand to-day. The supply on hand is limited and not by any means equal to the demand.

Onions are in light stock, with a very fair inquiry. Red, white and silver skins are all on sale and command the quotations given below quite readily.

Turnips continue in limited supply, with the demand exceeding the receipts.

Peas, the green ones, were in better supply today, and with the demand good, full prices were realized.

The following are the ruling quotations for the above vegetables and fruits:

Potatoes (Irish), per bbl	$2 50@3 25
Potatoes (Irish), per bush by car lot	90@ 95
Potatoes (sweet), Baltimore, per bbl	3 00@3 50
Potatoes (sweet), Jersey, per bbl	4 50@5 00
Apples, choice, per bbl	[illegible]
Grapes, per lb	7@ 8
Pears (Bartlette), per box	3 50@4 50
Pears (California), per box	5 00@5 50
Peas, green	1 75@2 00
Onions, silver skins, per bbl	3 50@4 00
Onions, red, per bbl	3 50@4 00
Onions, white, per bbl	3 50@4 00
Peaches, per box	4 00
Cranberries, Carey's cultivated, per bbl	18 00
Cranberries, New Jersey, per bbl	12 00
Cranberries, per box	4 50
Turnips, per bushel	80
Quinces, per bbl	7 00@7 50

WHISKY.—The market for highwines was firm, and we can quote, according to purchasers and quantity, at 96@98c; Cologne spirits, $1,00 per gallon.

WOODEN WARE—Two hoop pails, $2 40; three hoop do, $2 65; No 3 tubs, $8 25; No. 2 do, $9 25; No. 1 do, $10 75; Washboards, IXL, 2 50@3 00.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, October 6, 1873.

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week, with a comparison table for previous years; also the exports of refined, together with the weeks' transactions:

	Receipts Crude per River & Rail.	Exports per Penn. R. R.	Exports per A. V. R. R.
Monday, Sept. 29	5,369	....	....
Tuesday, Sept. 30	6,386	....	4,730
Wednesday, Oct. 1	6,550	1,591	....
Thursday, Oct. 2	7,343	....	2,704
Friday, Oct. 3	4,553	....	5,536
Saturday, Oct. 4	15,648	....	8,559
Total for week	45,849	1,591	21,529
Since January 1	1,370,767	60,861	577,780
To October 4, 1873	1,416,616	62,452	599,308
Same time 1872	916,250	102,043	472,136
Same time 1871	893,275	83,520	496,750
Same time 1870	834,877	117,659	464,784
Same time 1869	669,484	90,438	326,485
Same time 1868	878,939	143,402	392,264

BUSINESS.

The market continues exceedingly dull, the raw material having reached during the week the lowest point since oil was discovered—just think that of a barrel of oil being sold at 70c at the wells. The rate at Parker's at the time of writing this report was 85@90c per barrel, being an advance on Wednesday's prices. The receipts of crude continue large. In this week's report we include 10,000 bbls of lubricating oil that arrived by the Allegheny Valley Railroad. The entire receipts from January to date exceed the same time last year 500,366 barrels. The refined market is unchanged; holders are not disposed to make any further concessions in order to effect sales; besides the stock in this market is not a large one.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The following are the crude receipts from all points, by river and rail, for the past two weeks:

	Last Week. Bbls.	This Week. Bbls.
Crude received	26,195	45,849

The following are the crude receipts from all points by river and rail for the past nine years from January 1, to October 4, 1873:

January 1, to October 4, 1873	1,416,616
Same time, 1872	916,250
Same time, 1871	893,275
Same time, 1870	834,877
Same time, 1869	669,484
Same time, 1868	878,939
Same time, 1867	667,397
Same time, 1866	500,786
Same time, 1865	392,917

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The following are the exports of refined oil East for the past two weeks by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroads:

	Last week.	This week.
Pennsylvania Railroad	1,317	1,591
Allegheny Valley Railroad	13,050	21,520
Total	14,367	23,111

The following are the exports of refined oil East by the various railroads for the past five years:

	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.
Penna. R. R.	90,438	117,650	83,520	102,043	62,452
A. V. R. R.	326,485	464,784	496,750	472,136	599,305
Total	416,923	582,434	580,270	574,179	661,757

Saturday.

CRUDE.

In our own market there was nothing done, dealers being apart in their views. Prices nominal at 3c per gallon.

PARKER'S.

1,000 bbls Fairview pipe	$ 95
1,000 bbls Union and Mutual	1 00

For prices at other points, consult our dispatches.

REFINED.

The market was entirely devoid of animation. Prices unchanged and nominal at 13a13½c, as per delivery. Philadelphia, spot, 16c; futures 15½c; New York, spot, 17c; October, 16a16½c.

OIL BARRELS.

Market dull; city $2 12a2 15; country $2 08a2 10.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, October 4.—The *Herald* says: Markets improving; prices went up with a spurt yesterday. On upper road market closed firm at $1 30. At Parkers the market opened firm but closed easier. Sales:

1,000 bbls, upper road, spot	$1 27½
3,000 bbls, upper road, spot	1 30
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Fairview pipe	95
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Union and Mutual	1 00
1,000 bbls, Oil City, spot	1 25

NEW YORK, October 4.—Closing 3.—Market is still irregular; prices difficult to quote accurately; offerings for short delivery very light, while for late months the demand is unimportant; contract for 2,500 barrels refined, first half October, settled at 17c; refined, 17c for October delivery, 16a16½c for November; cases, 21c; crude in bulk, 5⅛a5¼c spot; Philadelphia delivery, market unsettled; about nominal; refined, 16c October, 15½c November.

PETROLEUM CENTER, October 4.—Market dull and unchanged from yesterday.

TIDIOUTE, October 4.—Market firmer, with some inquiry, and offerings at $1 20.

ROUSEVILLE, October 4.—Market firmer and advanced; prices quoted at $1 17½.

TITUSVILLE, October 4.—Market firmer and advanced 10c since yesterday; now about $1 30 for spot, with an upward tendency.

OIL CITY, October 4—Market dull at $1 25.

PHILADELPHIA, October 4.—Market quiet: S. W. 17½c; crude 10½c; cases 20c; sales none; futures 15½c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

OIL CITY, October 4.—No change in prices or feeling; $1 25.

TIDIOUTE, October 4.—Market firmer at $1 20.

TITUSVILLE, October 4.—Market firm but few transfers; no sellers at price; $1 32½ at 35 bid.

PHILADELPHIA, October 4.—Refined 16c; crude 4½c; barrels 10½c; futures 15½c. Market quiet.

Refined Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R. and W. P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, October, 3, 1873.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Lockhart & Frew	Warden, Frew & Co	1,742
Standard Oil Co	Warden, Frew & Co	43
Citizens Ref Co	Tack Bros., Phila	306
Central Ref Co	John P Logan, Phila	600
Vesta Oil Works	Waring Bros., Phila	1,206
L. Irvin & Co	Waring Bros. & Co, Phila	520
Total		4,417

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Fisher Bros	H C Vantine O W	465
Fisher Bros	Standard O W	610
B S Duncan	Riverside O W	238
N W Stevenson	Peerless O W	557
Jos Bushnell	Nonpareil O W	625
H McKelvey	Hutchinson O W	468
N W Stevenson	Fairview O W	1,938
Owner	Fisher Bros. O W	470
H McKelvey	Cosmos O W	469
Lockhart & Frew	Brilliant O W	763
Fisher Bros	American O W	465

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Standard O W	610	Riverside O W	238
Peerless O W	557	Nonpareil O W	625
Hutchinson O W	468	Fisher Bros	470
Cosmos O W	469	Brilliant O W	763
American O W	465	H C Vantine O W	465
Fairview O W	1,938		
Total			7,068

IRON MARKETS.

CINCINNATI.

(By Addy, Hall & Co.)

October 6.—Market quiet with a very light demand. Prices are held somewhat in suspense, pending a more settled state of affairs in financial matters. Buyers look for a reduction in prices as the result of the panic, but holders are reluctant to take this view, and sustain prices with a moderate degree of firmness. Quotations unchanged.

BOSTON.

October 4.—The demand for refined bar iron has been fairly active, and the market probably suffers as little as any from the panic. There is no material change in prices. Our lowest quotations are for the poorer grades, while our highest cover the best brands of American and English. The suspension of the New England Iron Company is announced. American pig iron is quiet at last week's quotations. Scotch is dull and unchanged.

We quote yard lots of American pig iron at $45a50 per ton, including No. 2 extra at $42a46, and No. 1 at $47a50. We quote Eglinton at $49a50, Coltness at $57, Glengarnock, $50, charcoal at $60a70.

American and English refined bar are selling at $85a95 per ton for the ordinary sizes, and $105a110 for extra sizes, according to size. Cast steel is selling at 17c for English, gold, 20a21c, currency, and 16 a18c for American, currency, with fancy brands of English selling at 18a19c gold. Anchors are selling at 8½c per lb; chain cables, (⅝a2 inches thick,) 7a 8½c per lb; coil chains, 7⅝a16c from 3-16 to 1½ inches. Boiler plates remain steady. We quote at 7½a8c for flanges, 5¾a6c for C No 1, and 5¼a5½c per lb for common and tank.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

October 4.—The general market is very dull. Scotch pig is nearly nominal. The demand is very tame, and importers more generally decline to sell except for cash. American pig is depressed and very dull. Old English rails quoted at $48 for double-headed, and $46a47 for "T." Wrought scrap from yard is quoted at $45. Russian sheet held at 18a18½c. gold. Glengarnock quoted at $46a47, with some lots held higher; Sommerlee, $48; Coltness, $51; Eglinton, $45. No 1 American at $43a44; No 2 do at $33a36; old rails at $46a48; new rails at $64a65, gold, for English, and $75 for American. Codorus steel rails—new, all steel, $115; do., 25 per cent. do., $95; do., 16 per cent. do., $94; re-rolling T, $65; do., 25 per cent. do., $45; do., 16 per cent. do., $42—all per ton, currency. Refined bar—store prices are: Bar, Swedes, 1¼x⅜ and ⅜ x⅜ to ⅜ and ¾ square, 1⅜ to 5x⅜ and ⅜ x ⅜ to 2 square, to 12x⅜ and ¾, $175; bar refined, ⅝ to 2 round and square—1 to 6 in. x⅜ to 1 in., $82 50a85 00; bar refined, 1⅜ to 6x⅜ and 5-16 in., $87 50; bar refined 1 and 1⅝x⅜ and 5-16 in., $90; large rounds, 2¼ to 5⅜a4 in.—*Journal of Commerce.*

PHILADELPHIA.

October 4.—Pig iron remains dull and nominal. Small sales of No 1 foundry are making at $40a42; No 2 do at $35a38; white and mottled at $26a28, and gray forge at $30a32.

Manufactured iron—Bar is taken at 3½c ₩ lb.

Scotch pig is unchanged. Small sales at $44a45 for Eglinton and $46 for Glengarnock.

Nails are steady at $4 75 ₩ keg.

Old metals are neglected. We quote:

Brass, light	15@16	Copper, heavy	26 @ —
Brass, heavy	22@24	Zinc	6½@—
Copper, light	26 @—	Lead	5½@6½

Anchors and chains are fairly active. Sales of the former at 9c, and the latter, 1⅛ inch and above, at 6¾c.—*Price Current.*

BALTIMORE.

October 4.—The market for American Pig is very dull, and prices show a marked decline, particularly for No 1 Anthracite, which we now quote at $38, and No 2 $36, No 3 at $34, and mottled at $30a32 per ton. Charcoal Pig is relatively firmer, and we quote at $60a65. Scotch is in light supply, and we quote Eglinton at $49 per ton from yard, and Glengarnock at $46 50 afloat.—*American.*

THE JUPITER IRON WORKS.

The stockholders of the new iron works in Carondelet, just completed and ready to commence operations, held a meeting yesterday, elected officers and transacted some other business. It was decided to name the establishment the "Jupiter Iron Works." It has not been decided when the furnace shall be started, but the managers are at present receiving their stock of coke and coal, so that they will be ready to commence at any time. On Monday last, sixty men were engaged to raise the fuel from barges. The principal stockholders are said to be Chouteau, Harrison and Hart.—*St. Louis Times.*

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, October 4.—Wool continues dull, with trade small. Delaine and combing fleeces are very scarce; sales of Ohio extras and above at 50a52½c; Michigan, 48a50c; western fleeces, 45c; combing and delaine fleeces, 57a60c; combing, pulled, 50c; unwashed western, southern, Texas and Nevada, 27½a37½c.

Oil Intelligence.

By auction on Tuesday, 2,000 shares Duquesne Oil Co. sold at 1c; 300 shares Bull Creek Oil Co. at 3c, and 1,000 shares Atlas Oil Co. at ⅛c.—*Philadelphia Price Current.*

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, October 4.—Flour active; superfine, $4 50a4 65. Rye—Western, 90c. Corn steady at 68a70c. Oats advancing at 49a53c. Barley and malt unchanged. Refined petroleum, 16c; crude, 10½a10½c. Whisky firm at $1 05.

WOOL MARKETS.

BOSTON.

October 4.—There is very little to be said about the wool market this week. Trade has been very light, and the sales foot up less than in any previous week for several months. Buyers are in the market in fair numbers, but show no disposition to purchase heavily at any price which dealers would consider, and holders are not anxious to force wool upon the market. It is difficult to give a quotation for fleece wool which will represent the condition of the market. Prices take a considerable range, and are based upon a great variety of circumstances. A cash buyer can probably purchase Ohio wool about two cents a pound better than two weeks ago, say at an even half dollar. Buyers who wish the usual credit find prices about the same as before the beginning of the panic, and also find dealers not anxious to sell, as they are confident of the future of the market. The sales reported are hardly numerous enough to indicate the condition of the market, but are about the only criterion. The highest prices are usually for time sales.

California wool is quiet. We hear of few receipts of the fall clip, but there is considerable on the way, some of it just at hand. Should the growers insist on present prices, they will find a very slow sale here, as dealers will be unable to get back the money they pay out. Foreign wool is very dull, and prices are entirely nominal.

Receipts of wool for the week ending October 2d have been 5,861 bales domestic and 14 bales foreign.

Sales for the week foot up 200,000 lbs domestic and 15,000 lbs foreign. Included in the former are the following sales of fleece: 10,000 lbs on private terms; 1,000 lbs Ohio X at 52½c; 20,000 do. do. and above at 58c, net cash; 30,000 lbs Michigan at 45a50c; 2,500 lbs Western at 45c; 3,000 lbs lambs at 40c.

In unwashed wool there have been sales of 20,000 lbs at 36½c; 1,600 lbs Ohio at 37½c; 2,500 lbs coarse at 28c.

The sales of pulled wool have been 3,000 lbs extra at 48c; 4,600 lbs super at 52½c; 3,000 lbs Western do. at 45c; 2,500 lbs New York do. at 50c; 2,000 lbs noils on private terms.

There has been a sale of 4,000 lbs tub-washed at 50c.

In combing and delaine there have been sales of 2,000 lbs at 60c; 4,000 lbs do. and delaine at 60c; 3,000 lbs fine delaine at 57½c.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

October 4.—Trade remains very quiet, but holders quite generally are disposed to carry their stocks in preference to making important concessions. A better trade is expected to set in when money affairs are on a more satisfactory basis, and a number of dealers expect an early resumption of the buoyancy that characterized the market a few days since. A few lots have been closed out to cash buyers at some decline on full late prices, but the general range of prices may be quoted essentially unchanged. The reports from the Boston market also indicate a tame feeling. Sales are 10,000 lbs X Michigan fleeces 50c; 5,000 lbs merchantable do 38c; 5,000 lbs XX Ohio, 4,000 lbs tub, on private terms; 5,000 lbs unwashed fleeces 35c; 5,000 lbs do 37½c; 1,000 lbs Oregon 35c; 6,000 lbs Texas 33c; 50 bags super pulled 45a48c; 10,000 lbs spring California 26c; 44 bales do on private terms; 20 bales Cape 34a36½c; 10 bales mestiza 33c; 8,000 lbs lime pulled combing on private terms. In Boston 150,000 lbs fleeces were sold yesterday at fair prices.—*Journal of Commerce.*

HOP MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

October 4.—There is more animation to trade, the demand mainly for small lots, and influenced by the more attractive assortments on sale. Our outside price is still difficult to obtain. The quotations:

	Cents ₩ lb.
New Yorks, growth 1873	43@55
Eastern, growth 1873	40@50
Western, growth 1873	40@50
Yearlings, growth 1872	25@34
Olds, growth 1871	None.
Old olds, growths 1870, 1869 and 1868	8@15
Bavarians, growth 1873 (nominal)	45@50
English, growth 1873 (nominal)	45@50
Californians, growth 1873	55@60

PHILADELPHIA.

October 4.—Hops have moved slowly, as much from the small stock offering as from lack of disposition among the trade to operate. We may quote at 45a55c for New York's, and 40a50c for Eastern and Wisconsin's—our outside figures being generally time sales. There is a disposition to await developments of the foreign crop, with reference to which something definite will soon be known. Yearlings meet with more inquiry, and prime are sold freely at 30a 40c.—*Price Current.*

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 110@110⅛.

NEW YORK, October 4, 1873.

The day and week close upon a cheerful and encouraging state of affairs. On Stock Exchange matters are now going in the usual normal way, and the outlook is eminently satisfactory. The only drawback has been the announcement of the suspension of the dry goods house of Peake, Opdyke & Co., with liabilities amounting to two and a half millions. The firm claims to have a surplus of half a million.

MONEY

at the close was quoted at 7 per cent. gold to 1-32 and interest until Monday, call loans having been made to-day as high as ½ and as low as 7 per cent. currency. The premium on greenbacks is now nominal and they command only ¼ per cent. over certified checks.

The Loan Committee of the Clearing House today adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Committee request all banks which have taken out loan certificates to return and cancel them from day to day, as early as practicable, that the aggregate may be rapidly reduced. The amount of these loan certificates has been already reduced $2,200,000 from the highest point. The Clearing House has announced that during the issue and redemption of loan certificates the weekly bank statement will be discontinued.

EXCHANGE

shows a marked decline in the rates. Leading bankers reduced quotations to 107 and 108¼, but the actual business was at much lower prices. The closing transactions were at 106½a106¾ for bankers' 60 days sterling, and 107¼a107¾ for sight.

GOLD

weak, but business was not especially active. The price declined from 110¼ to 109¾, and later recovered to 110a110⅛. The rates paid for carrying were 6, 5, 7, 2 and 3 per cent. gold, and for borrowing flat. Clearances, $30,440,000. The Assistant Treasurer paid out to-day $134,000 on account of interest and in redemption of 5-20 bonds. The specie shipments to Europe this week were $671,860, principally silver bars. The total imports for the week were $7,764,447, of which $5,641,180 were general merchandise, and $2,123,267 dry goods. The amount of dry goods marketed was $1,627,895.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government bonds closed strong.

U. S. coupons, 1881	114¾	5-20's '67	114
5-20's, '62	107¾	5-20's '68	114¾
5-20's, '64	109	New 5's	108¾
5-20's '65	110	10 40's	108¾
5-20's '65, new	113¾	Currency 6's	110¾

STATE BONDS

dull.

Missouri	88	Virginia, old	35
Tennessee, old	73¾	North Carolina, old	20
Tennessee, new	73	North Carolina, new	17
Virginia, new	40		

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Little doing in railway and miscellaneous stocks. Prices declined from ⅛ to 1½ per cent., but at one o'clock the market became strong, and an active buying prevailed, which carried up the prices from 1 to 5 per cent. The quotations made late in the day were the highest of the week. The chief strength and activity were in Western Union, Lake Shore, New York Central and Wabash, though a sharp advance was made in some of the other shares. Union Pacific receded from 20⅜ to 19⅝, and afterwards recovered the decline. Express shares made a further advance early in the day. The market was unfavorably affected by rumors of dry goods failures, and later the buoyancy was partially based on rumors from Washington that the $44,000,000 reserve had been encroached on. Telegrams confirmed these Washington rumors, and stated the outstanding legal tender circulation at $358,600,000, or $2,600,000 above the minimum point.

Canton	59	Wabash	48¾
W. U. Tel. Co	69¾	Do pref. no bids.	
Quicksilver	25	Ft. Wayne	85
American Ex	35	Terre Haute	10
Adams Ex	82½	Do pref.	25
W. F. Co. Ex	60	Chicago and Alton	92
U. S. Express	54¾	Do pref.	95
Pacific Mail	36	Ohio & Mississippi	29¾
N. Y. Central	96	Clev. Col. & Cin.	76¾
Erie	50¾	Baltimore & Ohio	66
Do pref	70¾	Lake Shore	77¾
Harlem	120¾	Panama	24¾
Do pref	119	Illinois Central	98
Northwest, common	45	Union Pacific	20¾
Do pref	60	Central Pacific	93
Michigan Central	75	Union	76¾
P., F. W. & C.	84	Hartford & Erie	2
St Paul	35	Delaware & Lack	92¾
Do pref	59¾	Bankers' Bills	107¼

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, ILL., October 4, 1873.

FLOUR—Active at $5 50a6 00.

GRAIN—Wheat active; No. 1, $1 10a1 11; No. 2, $1 08¼; No. 3, $1 00. Corn active at 38⅛c. Oat active at 32c. Rye firm; No. 2, 64c. Barley dull No. 2, $1 28.

PROVISIONS—Quiet. Pork higher at $15 00. Lard steady at 7¼a7⅜c. Bulkmeats and bacon quiet and unchanged.

WHISKY—Steady at 91½c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 4.—Cotton firm at 18⅛c. Flour dull; superfine western and State $5 25a5 90; common to good $6 50a6 40; good to choice $6 40a7 00. Whisky steady at $1 05. Wheat lower; No 3 spring $1 34a1 35; northwestern spring $1 40; amber Michigan $1 65. Rye quiet at 85a95c. Barley and malt firm. Corn heavy; choice mixed in store 65½c; steamer western mixed 64a64½c. Oats firmer; white western 56a58½c. Eggs dull. Hops active. Leather firm at 27½a30c. Wool very quiet at 50c. Coffee quiet at 20a22c. Sugar dull at 7⅜a8c. Hay, molasses and rice quiet. Petroleum dull; crude 5⅛c; refined 17c. Pork steady at 17½c. Beef and cutmeats unchanged. Middles quiet at 9c. Lard firmer at 8⅜a8 9-16c. Butter and cheese unchanged. Metals—manufactured copper steady; Ingot lake dull at 24½a24¾c cash. Iron—Scotch pig dull at $45a51; American $33a43. Bar steady; Russia sheet quiet at 18a18½c gold. Nails unchanged.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 4.—There was a depressed feeling in trade to-day, owing to the suspension of Peake, Opdyke & Co. The firm will continue business as usual, however. The market for cotton goods is quiet, but steady. Woolens are in moderate request at irregular rates. Flannels and blankets are in good demand. Dress goods less active with agents.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 4.—Cotton quiet at 17½c. Flour quiet at $6 40a7. Wheat nominal at $1 38a1 40. Corn quiet at 38a45c. Barley firm at $1 35a1 50. Rye quiet at 81a83c. Pork firm at $14 75. Lard firm at 8c. Bulk meats firm; shoulders, 7¼c; clear rib sides, 8c; clear sides, 8⅛c. Whisky—Small sales at 90c, currency.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, October 4.—Flour steady at $5 90. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1 12; No 2, $1 09. Rye steady; No 1, 65c. Oats firm; No 2, 27½c. Corn active; No 2 mixed 43c. Barley firm; No 2, $1 30.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, October 4.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat active; No 1 red, $1 46; No 2, $1 37½. Corn dull; high mixed, seller November, 52½a52½c; low mixed, 47c. Oats quiet; No 1, 39½c; No 2, 37½c.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, October 4—Flour, wheat, corn and rye quiet and unchanged. Oats quiet at 45a47c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Butter steady at 25a30c. Whisky firmer at $1 00, currency.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, October 4.—Corn quiet at 54a55c. Wheat dull; No 1 red, $1 48; No 2, $1 37. Oats firm; No 1, 43c; white 45c. Barley firm at $1 56. Petroleum firm and unchanged.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, October 4.—Cotton, flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Pork dull and nominal. Bacon dull; shoulders, 8½a9c; sides, 9¾a10c. Lard quiet at 9a10c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, October 4.—Cotton quiet at 14⅛a15⅛c. Flour, grain and provisions quiet and unchanged.

PRODUCE

In Store and to Arrive.

2 cars White Oats;
1 car Corn;
1 car Ada Mills Family Flour, in sacks;
1 car Maxime Family Flour, in barrels;
1 car Hay, prime Timothy.
Apples, Sweet Potatoes, Butter, Eggs and Produce generally, arriving daily.

D. McMillan & Co.,

359 Liberty Street and 370 Penn avenue,
PITTSBURGH.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departure from New York.

Russia	October 8	Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	October 8	Liverpool.
Minnesota	October 8	Liverpool.
Caledonia	October 8	Glasgow.
Arragon	October 8	Bristol.
Holsatia	October 9	Hamburg.
Calabria	October 11	Liverpool.
City of Brussels	October 11	Liverpool.
Adriatic	October 11	Liverpool.
Spain	October 11	Liverpool.
Hakon Adelsten	October 11	London.
India	October 11	Glasgow.
Goethic	October 14	Hamburg.
Java	October 15	Liverpool.
Wisconsin	October 15	Liverpool.
Pennsylvania	October 15	Liverpool.
Olympia	October 15	Glasgow.
Silesia	October 16	Hamburg.
Parthia	October 18	Liverpool.
Baltic	October 18	Liverpool.
Pereire	October 18	Liverpool.
Italy	October 18	Liverpool.
Australia	October 18	Glasgow.
Cuba	October 22	Liverpool.
Nevada	October 22	Liverpool.
Maas	October 22	Rotterd'm
Columbia	October 22	Glasgow.
Frisia	October 22	Hamburg.
Samaria	October 25	Liverpool.
Celtic	October 25	Liverpool.
Saxonia	October 25	Hamburg.
Glamorgan	October 25	Cardiff.
Victoria	October 25	Glasgow.
Manhattan	October 29	Liverpool.
Virginia	October 29	Glasgow.
Assyria	October 29	Glasgow.
Scotia	October 29	Liverpool.
Westphalia	October 30	Hamburg.

From Philadelphia.

Abbotsford	October 9	Liverpool.
Rydal Hall	October 20	Antwerp.
Kenilworth	October 23	Liverpool.
Ohio	October 30	Liverpool.

From Baltimore.

Baltimore	October 18	Bremen.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, October 4.—No change in the river since yesterday. Heavy rain at daylight to-day. Evening cloudy and cool.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, October 4.—Cloudy and mild; mercury 62 to 68. River fallen one inch. Port List—Up—Silver Thorn and Fayette. Down—John S. Bransford and Ella Hughes. Business very light.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, October 4.—River on a stand with sixteen inches on the shoals. Weather clear and pleasant.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, October 4.—River falling, with twenty-six inches in the canal and the same depth on Portland bar. Packets have to land on the New Albany side. The steamers in port have flags at half-mast to-day in respect to the memory of Capt. J. M. Martin, who died last night. Arrived—Ben. Franklin, Cincinnati; Dove No. 2, Madison. Departed—Ben. Franklin, Cincinnati; Dove No. 2, Kentucky river.

Cairo.

CAIRO, October 4.—Arrived—City of Chester, Memphis; Burksville, Evansville; Belle Memphis, St. Louis. Departed—Burksville, Evansville; Chester, St. Louis. River stationary. Clear and pleasant.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, October 4.—Arrived—Julia, Vicksburg; Clinton, Keokuk; Dolphin, upper river; Maggie, Illinois river. Departed—Clinton, Keokuk; Grand Tower, Vicksburg; Maggie, Illinois river; Alice, Missouri river. River falling slowly. Clear and pleasant. Business is improving. The steamer Alex. Mitchell, en route from Montrose to Dubuque, was sunk this morning at Keithburg, her seams having opened so much she could not be kept afloat. The Red Wing went to her assistance, a bulkhead was built in her hull and it was supposed she was pumped out. No freight aboard and damage slight.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, October 4.—Arrived—Exporter, St. Louis; West Wind, Evansville; Pat Cleburne, Vicksburg; Joe Kinney, St. Louis; Crescent City, St. Louis. Departed—Exporter, New Orleans; Pat Cleburne, Helena; A. J. White, Napoleon; Fort Gibson, Arkansas river; Crescent City, New Orleans.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, October 4.—No boats down to-day. Up—Pargoud, Jas. Howard, Gleocoe, St. Louis. Clear and warm. River falling.

For Latest River Dispatches see Fourth Page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Elector	R. R. Abrams	Geneva.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Geneva	Phillips	Geneva.
West Virginia	Donaldson	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.

MONONGAHELA—Twenty inches.

THE marks last evening indicated twenty inches. As navigation to the lower ports continues suspended, the stage of water is not very important. The weather was cloudy and cool all day.

THE elevator at Vicksburg is nearly all on dry land now.

ST. LOUIS collected $5,095 wharfage from steamboats and barges in September.

CINCINNATI—Wharfage receipts for the week ending Saturday night amounted to $58 85.

MEMPHIS, October 1.—Ed. Barton, pilot of the transfer boat H. C. Mett, died to-day of yellow fever.

JAMES RUTTENBOUGH, second engineer of the Keystone, died about the middle of last week, near Bowlesville.

CAPT. R. CALHOUN was in the city on Saturday; he informs us that Capt. Wm. White resides in Liverpool, Ohio.

THE J. N. Phillips is engaged in pumping out the ore barge sunk by the John Gilmore at Bold Face. It is lying at the Covington wharf, below Scott street.

THE St. Louis *Journal* says: Boats in the lower river trades will soon be compelled to go to the bank on account of the dull times and a scarcity of currency. Certified checks won't do.

WE were pained to hear of the death of our old and esteemed friend, Capt. Charles Mathews. He was an honorable and upright officer, and one that has hosts of friends and deserved them all.

CAPT. WM. WHITE, brother of John E. White, has purchased the towboat Coal Bluff for $6,500. She will be used as a towboat between Georgetown and Pittsburgh, on the opening of navigation.

THE Peoria *Transcript* says: "The river, we are glad to state, has become ashamed of its meagreness, and since our last report has risen six and a half inches, while the prospects for a still greater rise are good.

THE McConnellsville *Herald*, published on the Muskingum river, says: "The propeller Siren, Capt. Scott, passed up, Monday evening, from a trading trip down the river. She has been sold to Captain Roberts, of the Ohio river, to be delivered after making one more trip."

THE river editor of the St. Louis *Globe* says if Captain John White will call on him he will furnish him with important information. As Capt. White died last December, the visit will have to be indefinitely postponed. The Captain's relations will very likely seek for the information.

ADMIRAL JOHN JAMES has lost his house and extensive corn cribs, situated on Corn Island, above Evansville. The loss is estimated at $20,000. Capt. James has been a remarkably successful man, and accumulated a modest competency in his time. This is the first loss of a very serious character he ever sustained in his business affairs.

THE Henry C. Yaeger, en route up, has 3,500 sacks salt, 1,270 boxes sugar 80 casks coal tar and 50 casks wines. She left all her freight bills uncollected at New Orleans, owing to the financial trouble, and did not have money enough to pay her labor bill. So says the New Orleans *Times* of Tuesday.

THE new John A. Scudder has made her trial trip, and in noticing the fact the St. Louis *Times* says: "The boat is one of the most superb packets that is to be seen on the Mississippi river, and what surprised all was that this fact has been kept a secret until she was completed. As soon as the river rises and business improves the John A. Scudder will enter the St. Louis and New Orleans trade."

ST. LOUIS.—The *Republican* says: Capt. Dave Campbell's three iron monitor barges will be all torn up for their iron in about a week. One has been disposed of, another is half apart, and the remaining one lies by the Carondolet ways to be hauled out and torn up. Thus passes away three fine and costly monitors that did excellent work during the late war.

MESSRS. HUSE & LOOMIS are building seven ice barges at Peru, Ill., for next season's use. Five of them are being constructed of pine, and will be 200 feet long, 30 feet beam and 12 feet hold. The other two are a novelty in ice barges, and are built only as an experiment. They are of oak, and square, like coal barges. They will be, when completed, 225 feet long, 30 feet beam and 14 feet hold.

EVANSVILLE.—The *Journal* has the following: It would scarcely be true to say that navigation is entirely suspended and river business utterly played out, yet there is a condition of affairs gradually approaching that point. The river is gradually falling and the sand bars persistently refuse to cut out. Thirty inches is the best steamboat water on Shawneetown bar, and twenty inches is all that the pilots of the Bransford report on French Island.

THE St. Louis *Dispatch* says: "For the information of Mr. Wise, we will state that a John White, formerly a pilot in the trade mentioned, and about sixty years of age, was head pilot of the General Anderson about three months ago, and was with Captain Tom Singer in the St. Louis and Tennessee river trade about two months since. He is hale and hearty, and we can't call to mind any man who could enjoy a rich uncle's money better than the same John White."

A DISPATCH from Evansville last Thursday says: "James S. Calvin, chief engineer, died on the Rose Hite, on Saturday night at Rockport. Captain James M. Rose, of the same boat, died at Shawneetown yesterday morning. The remains of Captain Rose were brought up by the Burksville, and will be sent to his home at Cannelton. Captain Rose leaves a wife and eight children. Engineer Calvin was a brother-in-law of Captain A. Drinkwater. The disease was probably yellow fever."

AT the meeting of the Ohio River Commissioners at Louisville, the following resolution, presented by Thomas Sherlock, of Ohio, was adopted on Friday:

Resolved, That the Board of Commissioners of the seven Ohio Valley States for the improvement of the Ohio river, respectfully ask the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to take immediate means to secure possession of the Louisville and Portland canal, under the act of Congress at its last session, and under that only such tolls be collected as that act provides for.

"CHRISTIAN" telegraphs us from Hot Springs, Arkansas, for the year the steamer Ocean Spray burnt, and if she made a trip below St. Louis after her arrival here. The steamer Ocean Spray owned by Capt. Waldo Marsh, left Pittsburgh for St. Louis on April 22, 1856, and that day one year, (April 22, 1857), she burnt at Bissel's point, a few miles above St. Louis. After her arrival at this point she made three trips to New Orleans, and made a whole season between here and Memphis. N. Ranney was her agent.

THE New Orleans *Times* says: "Capt. Wood the Owner of the La Belle, informed us that the La Belle was forced to leave cotton at landing on account of shippers refusing to take up the payment of charges. Capt. Wood left last evening on the steamer Robert E. Lee for the mouth of Red river, where he will remain and secure a trip of cattle. Due notice will be given of the La Belle's next departure. The arrivals yesterday refused to deliver freights to consignees until the charges and half of the freight bill were paid in greenbacks. This is the way the cargo of the R. E. Lee was settled, and also the steamer Garryowen and other packets."

ON the 26th of July, Henry McEvers left Napoleon, Arkansas, for Pine Bluff. On arriving there he drew a considerable sum of money, and announced his intention of going to Memphis, via Little Rock, to get a renewal of his license as a steamboat engineer. Since then he has not been heard from. He left his family in Napoleon, and it is believed that he has been foully dealt with. Any information of him, says the Memphis *Appeal*, will be thankfully received by his wife, Bertha McEvers, at Napoleon, Arkansas. Mr. McEvers was about thirty-three years old, heavy set, dark complexion and black hair and whiskers, and had several marks in India ink on each fore arm.

THE New Orleans *Herald*: In the present state of our money market the question naturally arises, what are our steamboats going to do for money to run them with? So far as their store bills, &c., are concerned, we suppose they could get along well enough without money, but could do better with it; but the crews are the ones most anxious about it; they are, as a class of men, more in need of money than almost any other, for their expenses are usually very high, and as a customary thing rather extravagant, and they need their money as fast as it is due them, and cannot do without it; and these boats have charges to pay on shipments, which will not be made unless the money is paid up. Now our banks should take our steamboat interests into consideration and make some arrangement by which their running expenses should not be crippled, but supply them with plenty of funds for the purpose, as well as to enable them to bring commerce to our city. Rival cities will watch our movements in that respect, and be ready to grasp for it, should our banks decline to lend a helping hand.

THE following circular explains itself:

"To the Captains and Officers of Steamboats and other River Craft on the Western Waters:

"GENTLEMEN—You are hereby at liberty to visit the United States Marine Hospital at this port any day at 11 o'clock A. M., during the morning call of the surgeon. A personal examination of the institution by those interested, is especially desired.

"The hospital is under the control of the Sisters of Mercy, and is abundantly supplied with everything necessary for the comfort and care of sick and disabled marines.

"Private patients can be furnished with rooms and medical attendance.

"According to act of Congress, all sick marines are entitled to relief who have served on a registered or licensed vessel of the United States, for at least three months just previous to their application for aid, and have paid hospital dues for that time.

"To obtain admission to the hospital, the marine should bring a certificate from the master of the vessel, and, in all cases, make application to the Surveyor of Customs at the Custom House.

"THOMAS J. GRIFFITHS,
Surgeon in Charge."

New Steamships.

The success which has attended the steamship enterprises recently started in this city has naturally stimulated to new endeavors in the same direction. Messrs. Peter Wright & Sons, it is stated, have contracted with a well known ship-building firm for the construction of four new steamships of 5,000 tons burden, two of which are to ply between this port and Liverpool, and two between here and Antwerp, Belgium. These, with the five vessels already running and the Switzerland now under way, will make a fleet of ten vessels, all first class, trading between here and the two foreign ports above mentioned. These vessels will also carry freight for all leading European ports, including Bremen, Hamburg, Havre, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, London, Belfast, Hull and Leith. The entire tonnage of all these marine carriages will be 35,990 tons. Thus is the foreign trade of Philadelphia looming up and giving promise of results of a highly encouraging character, far in excess of anything which might have been predicted a few months ago. Messrs. Peter Wright & Sons deserve great credit for their enterprise and industry, having done more than any other firm to restore to Philadelphia her lost commercial importance. Their past services have given every citizen of Philadelphia a direct interest in their welfare and prosperity.—*Price Current.*

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway.

R Owens & Co, 100 tcs s p hams; Walker C & Co, 48 do do do; Schrover & Co, 10 bxs tobacco; Carter Bros, 25 bxs soap; Curry & M, 25 do do; Johnson & Co, 41 do starch, 1 do do; Watt, L & Co, 25 do soap; Voigt, M & Co, 20 sks potatoes, 10 bbls nuts; W & D Rinehart, 10 bbls sugar; Jacob Everett, 2 bxs wood in shape; J H Rankin, 9 bdls hods, 2 bxs tin ware; Moreland & M, 19 cases coffins; J Porterfield, 10 doz brooms; Lane Bros, 1 bx brushes; Frazier, M & Co, 47 rolls paper; Lindsay, S & Co, 4 cases cutlery; England & B, 1 case do; J Old, lot stove castings; J R A Murdock, 1 bbl flower pots; W P Townsend & Co, 15 kegs, 1 cask rivets; Jones & L, lot cabbages and 4 sks potatoes; Watt, L & Co, 133 do flour; W H Graff & Co, 1 car potatoes; Carter Bros, 2 bxs tobacco; National Oil Works, 1 car oil; S P Shriver & Co, 7 bbls potatoes; E D Wild, lot oats; H Kleber Bros, 1 organ; Haworth & D, 1 box sundries; N Volker, 1 car stone; P C Messick, 1 do; Dillinger & S, 25 bbls whisky; Wormser & J, 5 do; Aucogenstein & S, 25 do; C Yeager & Co, 2 crates chairs; J Loughridge, 2 do; H Kleber & Bro, 1 organ; J Cuthbert, 1 car clay; W C Dean, 1 do stone; Bissel & Co, lot stove castings; Armstrong Bro & Co, 5 bbls bungs; Mullen & M, lot s iron; T C Jenkins, 100 bxs cheese; Head, C & Co, 140 bbls g apples; Landinal & Bro, 12 cases handles; Heath & S, 1 car shingles; Fahnestock, 276 pigs lead; E Moye & Co, 50 tcs lard; E Fox & Co, 3 bbls apples; R & W Jenkinson, 1 cad tobacco; Loh & C, 3 bbls eggs, 1 tub butter, 5 bbls g apples; E H Myers & Co, 60 tcs s p hams; Woodworth & D, 1 bbl vinegar; Spencer, McK & Co, lot empty bbls; McBane & A, 1 car potatoes; F Hamnett, 50 g hides; Miller, B & P, 10 bbls s steel; Fleming & Bros, 6 cases wine; Haworth & D, 1 chest tea; Freeman & B, 50 doz wash boards; Littell & M, 1 bbl syrup, ½ bbl wine, 1 bx sundries; Miss Mary Lees, lot h h goods; J F Caray, lot s iron; J Irwin, lot empty carboys; Van Gorder & S, 304 bush potatoes; A W Wilson, lot mdse; F Kober, lot 10 gal kegs; C P Markle & Son, 34 sks rags; Lindsey & McC, 2 bdls t hoops; Voigt, M & Co, 4 bbls apples; Maul & G, 1 case tobacco; W J Steel & Co, 2 bbls shellbarks.

PER ELEVATOR.—Z Wainwright, 7 cars barley; J A Duff, 1 car corn; W J Meek, 5 cars rye, 1 car corn; Kiel & R, 1 car barley; Houck, McC & Co, 5 cars barley; Marshall, K & Co, 2 cars wheat; G Stewart, 1 car oats; L G Graff & Co, 4 cars barley, 3 cars corn; E L Graff, 2 cars oats; S B Floyd & Co, 1 car oats; J Rhodes, 2 cars barley; A T Canfield, 1 car wheat.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—J Megraw, 3 cars stone; F Layng, 1 do coal; Keifer, Steffe & Co, 1 car bark; S C Purvis, 1 do doors, sash and blinds; Holmes & Co, 2 do lime; F Waelfel, 4 do bark; C A Warmcastle, 1 do heading; Spang, Chalfant & Co, 1 car fire brick; Mrs J Dickson, lot household goods; Jas Craig, 52 fire brick tile; Frederick Gwinner, 1 car straw; Leonard & Ellis, 55 bbls oil; Hamilton, L A & Co, 3 cars lumber; J C Thompson & Co, 200 sks oats; R Knox & Son, 400 sks flour; Thompson & Findley, 98 sks oats; John Baum, 1 car b stone; S M Cummings, 1 car old trucks; J Stanley & Co, 1 car tank iron; J Miller, 1 car pipe; R Knox & Son, 1 car hay.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

W J Meek, 2 cars ear corn; J E Schwartz, 275 pigs bullion; Tar Chemical Works, 50 bbls tar; McIlenry & Hood, 19 sks barley; J Lockhart, 10 bbls flour; Jno Seibert, 10 do, 40 sks do; J & D Dietz, 10 sks do; R Knox & Son, 20 bbls do; Head, Carson & Co, 7 bbls apples, 1 do eggs; Geo Warnhoff, 5 sks potatoes; Voigt, M & Co, 5 sks wheat; H Riddle, Son & Co, 11 bbls g apples; L G Graff & Co, 70 bales hay; B H Voskamp, 100 bbls flour; Birmingham W & Co, 24 bales cotton; Beckfield & M, 10 bbls pickles; Kennedy C & Co, 37 bales cotton; W J Meek, 142 sacks corn; Watt, Lang & Co, 100 bbls flour; G W Marsh, 2 bbls whisky.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

S B Canfield, 1 car lime; Dember & Co, 1 car lumber; Arm & P, 1 do; F Pollard, 2 bxs cases; H Rea, Jr, 32 bbls onions; J A Graff, 50 do; E Fox & Co, 10 tubs butter; Loh & C, 50 bbls onions; Voigt, M & Co, 40 bales hay; W G Miller, 150 sks oats; Scott & G, 248 do; F Schild, 60 do; J J Pettit, 100 bbls apples; Pitts Safe Co, 75 bbls cement; Knox, K & Co, 53 bxs w glass.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Carnegie, Kloman & Co, 4 cars limestone; Isabella F Co, 7 do; Barton & Keeney, 3 do lumber; Shoneberger, Blair & Co, 12 do limestone; Carnegie, McC & Co, 5 do cinder; Keystone Br Co, 3 do bar iron; J S Stickler, 1 do h h goods; Genl Barton, 1 do machy; Beggs, Loomis & Co, 1 do l oil; Barton & Keeney, 5 do lumber; W J Baughman, 1 do lime; Carnegie, Kloman & Co, 1 do clay; Bailey & Young, 1 do; Godfrey & Clark, 2 do junk; W M Gormly, 1 do potatoes; Isabella Furnace Co, 9 cars limestone; Barton & Keeney, 4 do lumber; G A Mundorff, 1 do; Waite & Rowland, 1 do; Erskon & Co, 4 do clay; Chant Lake Ice Co, 2 do ice; W J Baughman, 2 do lime; Braden & Peabbdy, 364 bxs cheese; J F Vinne, 7 bdls s rods; J H Gall, 127 bbls pears and onions.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ores.

Following are the receipts of blooms, pig metal and ore for the last twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, P. R. R. LESSEES.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	8	Pitts, F & I Co, m	4
Reese, G & Co, m	2	Wm. Clark & Co, m	4
J Reamer, m	3	Isabella Furnace Co, o	19
Lewis, B D & Co, m	1	Graff, B, & Co, m	5
Lewis, O & P, m	2		
Total			48

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Caughey & H, m	7	J W Porter, m	2
J Moorehead, m	1		
Total			10

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	1	McKnight, P & Co, o	5
Shoenberger B & Co o	10	Reese, G & W, o	2
Dilworth, P & Co, o	2	Zug & Co, o	2
Hussey, Wells & Co, o	2	Caughey & Hallman, o	1
Isabella Furnace Co, o	12	Lewis, B D & Co, o	2
Total			39

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	2

Coal Received by Allegheny Valley Railroad.

	Cars.		Cars.
T M King	1	N Y & C G C Co	61
Armstrong, D & Co	9		
Total			71

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Allegheny Homestead Bank,

244 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny.

CAPITAL........................$200,000

Stockholders individually liable.

Discount days Monday and Thursday. Six per cent. interest paid on Time Deposits. Deposits received from one dollar and upwards.

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D. W. RIGGS, Vice President.
W. H. SMITH, Cashier.
WM. BLAKELEY, Solicitor.

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C. Deitrich, Thomas Jones, Jr.,
Danl. Dadi, Jas. A. Thompson,
Wm. Rowbottom, Gus. Langenheim,
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WEST VIRGINIA,

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Assets January 1, 1873, - $961,631 10
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Deposits received in sums of One Dollar and upwards.
Six per cent. interest paid on time deposits, which can be drawn without previous notice.
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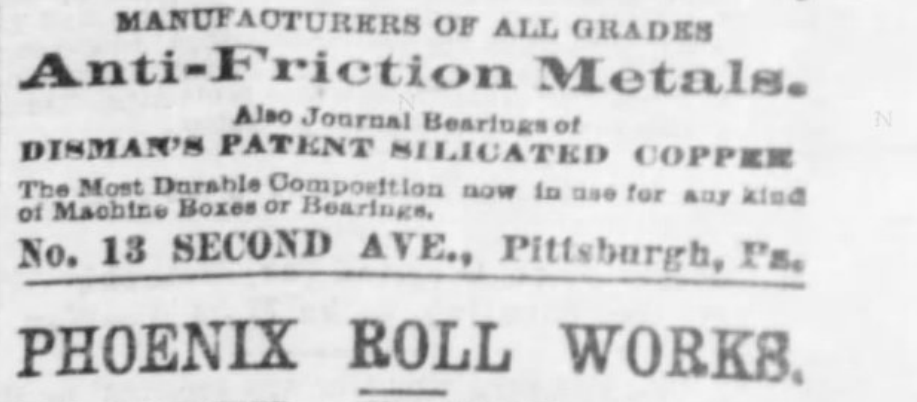

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SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FINE S

CITY MATTERS

Letters Held for Postage.

PITTSBURGH, October 5, 1873.

	Cents
Bentley, Gildersleeve & Co., New York	3
Brydon & Campbell, Coultersville, Pa	3
Bailey, Mrs. C., De Witt, Illinois	3
Coy, David, Covode, Pa	3
Dougherty, R., Waynesburg, Pa	3
Dice, James, Youngstown, O.	3
Dougherty, Miss L., Allegheny, Pa	3
French & Quay, Beaver, Pa	1
Fulchen, Wm., Allegheny, Pa	3
Gomley, Mr., City, Pa	2
Gott, Lizzie, Philadelphia, Pa	3
Green, Simon, Cleveland, O	3
Green, Sarah, Brooklyn, N. Y.	1
Gotce, Ed., Braddock's, Pa	1
Gray, Jno. A., Sewickley, Pa	1
Greason, Holmes & Co., N. Y.	3
Hufnaten, Mr., City, Pa	1
Hall, Lyman, Marietta, O	3
Huckestein, John, Allegheny, Pa	1
Jordon, Wm., Mt. Pleasant, Pa	1
Long & Grandin, Tidioute, Pa	1
Lewis, R., Catasauqua, Pa	3
Lyons, A., Sharpsburg, Pa	1
Levy, H., Penn Station, Pa	1
Lemmi, E., Cincinnati, O.	3

E. R. PETHERBRIDGE, Acting P. M.

Death of an Old Soldier.

We learn from the Evansville *Journal* of the 3d inst., of the death of Mr. James R. Kirkpatrick in that place. Mr. Kirkpatrick was born near Pittsburgh in 1780 and removed to Kentucky and thence, in 1821 to Evansville, where he resided since that date. He was a soldier of the war of 1812 and one of the oldest settlers of Vanderberg county.

Pocket Picked.

On Friday evening Mrs. Wm. E. Long, residing on Fourth avenue, visited the market, having, besides the change in her hand, fifty dollars in greenbacks in her pocket, tied in a handkerchief. On Saturday she found the handkerchief and contents missing. It is supposed to have been stolen in the market, and, of course, their is no clue to the thief.

The County Prison Board.

The Allegheny County Prison Board held its quarterly meeting on Saturday morning, in the office of Controller Warner. The bills for the quarter ending September 30th were approved and ordered to be paid. The Quarterly Committee was then appointed. A warrant was ordered on the license fund, in the hands of the County Treasurer, for $10,000, to fill the estimates of the Board of Managers of the County Workhouse.

Pittsburgh Typographical Union.

A regular meeting of this Union was held at their rooms on Saturday evening. An election was held for officers, with the following result:

President—George W. Hartman.
Vice President—George R. Dabney.
Recording Secretary—William Wallace.
Financial Secretary—Thomas Brennan.
Corresponding Secretary—Thomas J. Dicus.
Treasurer—Samuel Charlton.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Harry Palmer.
Trustees—Hugh Adams, Jere. Mahoney and W. S. Meek.

Trial and Sufferings of Jane McKim.

Jane McKim, being drunk and disorderly withal, was arrested on Saturday night in the usually quiet and peaceable city of Allegheny. On Sunday morning, by due course of law, she got around to acting Mayor Neillie's court. His honor, after hearing the evidence adduced, decreed an exile of thirty days at Claremont to the unfortunate Jane. This sentence seemed to knock the senses as well as the politeness out of the prisoner at the bar, for she read a lesson to the Mayor which he, nor any who heard it, will soon forget. Sixty days were promptly added to the first mentioned term of imprisonment. This was fuel to Jane's fire and she railed deeper and more loudly than before. The Mayor at once changed his mind again as to the length of Jane's residence at Claremont, and gave her four months. It is said by those who were near the prisoner that she shook like Wales when confronted with the deadly sulphuric. She shook—but hasn't lately expressed her opinion of Mayor Neillie.

The Accident Near Swissvale.

The coroner held an inquest Saturday morning on the body of the unknown man killed Friday afternoon near Swissvale by the Cincinnati express.

The engineer testified that the accident occurred about five hundred yards east of the Swissvale station. The train was running twenty-five to twenty-seven miles an hour. As the engine entered the curve a freight train passed on the other track. He noticed three men walking in single file on the end of the ties, blew the whistle and applied the air-brakes. Two of the men stepped off the track, but the one in the rear continued walking on the ties, and was struck by the engine and thrown some distance. He struck on his head and was instantly killed. The body was conveyed to Brinton's station. The three men seemed to be vagrants, and neither of the survivors knew anything of his deceased companion. One of them said he went by the name of Charley.

The body was brought to this city and deposited at Devore's undertaking establishment. No clue has been obtained to the identity of the deceased, and he was buried yesterday morning. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Mr. Lawrence Barrett closed his very successful engagement of two weeks on Saturday night. Both performances of Saturday were given to crowded houses. We have seldom seen so many bonnets in the Opera House as at the matinee. Mr. Barrett takes with him the entire approval of our most critical people, and he will be welcomed here at any time with such houses as have enjoyed his superb acting during the past fortnight.

This evening Mr. Dominick Murray appears at the Opera House in his drama of "Escaped from Sing Sing." In this drama Mr. Murray appears in five characters, giving full scope to his remarkable powers of dialect acting. His rendition of these characters is no new sensation here, but it is one which has universally drawn large houses. We expect nothing less this week.

Academy of Music.

The Chapman Sisters closed an engagement at this house on Saturday, which was highly successful in every way except financially. This must have been owing to the stringency of the money market, as the attractions offered were the best of the kind ever given in this city. We hope the pleasing sisterhood may visit us again, and under more favorable auspices. They play in Steubenville to-night.

This evening Madame Kathi Lanner and her Coreographic Combination, made up of the most graceful dancers and most successful pantomimists in Europe and America, will begin a limited season, opening with the comic ballet, in three acts, entitled "Sitala, or the Juggler's Daughter." This entertainment has been received with much favor in the Eastern cities, where it enjoyed an extensive "run." The organization is particularly strong in the matter of the ballet, and the admirers of "the poetry of motion" should not lose the opportunity now afforded of feasting their eyes to repletion.

In addition to the above, Mr. V. E. Beamer, the enterprising caterer for the amusement of the people, has engaged the world famous Peak family, who are capable of getting more and better music from their silver bells than any similar troupe of the kind in the world. They comprise among their number several excellent singers, who will give some of the popular ballads of the day each evening. Then there is a performer on the harp, whose solos are very highly extolled by the press.

As there will be a rush for seats, those who go earliest will fare best. The box-office at the Academy will be open every day from nine until four o'clock.

Alms's American Theater.

The Lina Edwin burlesque troupe, well known as a capable company, head the list of new attractions at Alma's theater this week. Lina Edwin and Bland Holt are the leaders. Billy Noonan, Alice Bateman, the Adams brothers and Harry Hart are the other new stars. George S. Knight, Sally Mason, Dolly May, Malinda Nagle, Frank Christie, George Wilson, E. D. Gooding, James Douglas and Ben Hayes stay another week. The burlesque announced for to-night is "The Thieves of Bagdad." The olio will be very fine. Matinees on Wednesday and Saturday.

Trimble's Varieties.

"No pent up Utica" contracts the endeavors of the managers of this popular theater to secure novelties for the entertainment of their patrons. Ling Look, a child of the sun, otherwise a heathen Chinee, said to do some most astonishing things, will make his salaam this evening. Yamadivi, the man serpent, and a "regular rattler;" Little Dot, the almost infinitessimal comic singer, and Miss Abbie Farnsworth, a versatile actress, have been added to a company including such people as the O'Donohue, John Gilbert, *et al.* There will be the usual variety business, and a sensation drama. Matinees on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

Library Hall.

On Monday evening of next week, the celebrated Vokes family, aided and abetted by the Union Square Theater company of New York, will endeavor to "corner" the button market by giving the first of their excruciatingly funny performances at Library Hall, under the management of Mr. Beamer.

Pantomime.

Old folk, as well as young, will be pleased to learn that Maffit and Bartholomew, with their large company of pantomimic artists, will give several performances at the Academy of Music, beginning on Monday evening, 13th inst.

IS IT MURDER.

A Woman Found Drowned in a Well.

About noon yesterday, word came to the Mayor's office, that a woman named Mrs. Appel had been found dead in a well attached to her residence, at Cork's Run, below Temperanceville, and the services of the Coroner were wanted. Coroner West was out of town until evening, and, consequently no investigation of the case has yet been had. The report was that there might have been foul play but it had nothing further by way of substantiation than that Mr. Appel, the husband, had come home on Saturday afternoon under the influence of liquor and had smashed some of the furniture in the house. The woman was not seen after about five o'clock Saturday evening and her body was found on Sunday morning. Mr. Appel is not such a man as would on sight cause be suspected of the deed. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

THE THEATRICAL LAW SUIT.

Bartley Campbell in Answer to the Claim for "Through Fire."

On Saturday, Bartley F. Campbell, author, filed his answer to the petition of Isaac N. Gotthold, filed in the U. S. District Court in May last, for possession of the play of "Through Fire," and praying for an injunction to restrain Campbell from producing the play. The petitioner claims an ownership in the play, the right to which is denied by the respondent. Mr. Campbell, as is well known, is the author of the play, and while admitting that the petitioner once had a certain interest in the manuscript, the answer denies that the play, or any part thereof, was ever sold. There was an agreement to sell on certain terms, but as the conditions of the proposed sale were never complied with, there was no transfer of any share or interest in the play. It is also asserted that subsequent to drafting the articles of agreement for a sale, petitioner prayed Campbell to release him from his contract, which was complied with, thus annulling the agreement under which a share of ownership in the play is claimed. On these points the defense rely for judgment.

THE YELLOW FEVER.

Assistance Wanted for Memphis—Public Meeting to be Held To-Day.

The following telegram was received by Mayor Blackmore on Saturday evening:

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 4, 1873.

To the Mayor of Pittsburgh:

The sickness so fatal in our afflicted city, and the great suffering for want of nurses and funds with which to meet the hourly demands upon me, compels me to ask the assistance of the liberal and charitable of other and more favorably located communities, hoping that you will make known to your citizens our wants, in behalf of our sick and suffering. I ask such assistance as you can render us.

JOHN JOHNSTON, Mayor.

In compliance with the request contained in the above telegram, Mayor Blackmore has issued the following

PROCLAMATION.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, October 4, 1873.

Citizens of Pittsburgh:

An appeal for aid having been received from the city of Memphis, now suffering from the ravages of that dreadful epidemic, yellow fever, which is prostrating business and striking terror to that afflicted community, I hereby recommend that a public meeting be held in the Common Council chamber of the city on Monday, October 6, at two o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of taking measures for their behalf.

JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

It is to be hoped that citizens of Pittsburgh will give heed to the call, and by prompt action relieve the sufferers.

SECOND AVENUE.

The Conference with the Connellsville Railroad—A Conference Meeting.

On Saturday afternoon a committee composed of two members each from the committees on Streets, Roads and Surveys, held a meeting at Municipal Hall to consider the difficulty, in regard to Second avenue, existing between the Commissioners for its improvement and the Connellsville Railroad Company. There were present Messrs. E. P. Jones, Mr. Finley, Gen. Pearson, David Kirk, R. B. Brown and John Fleming, of the Councils; W. J. Lewis, Esq., President of the Second Avenue Improvement Commission; Geo. T. Oliver, Secretary of the Commission; and Mr. McDowell, engineer of the improvement, City Attorney Bigelow, and President Cohen, of the Railroad Company.

The first matter brought up for consideration was the bridge at Cross street and the fill at Everson & Preston's mill.

Mr. Oliver, on the part of the Commission, proposed that the railroad company build the bridge as proposed by the Commission; make what terms they can with Everson & Preston, and the city will release them from all liability for the grading under the ordinance of 1868.

The President of the Railroad Company, Mr. Cohen, held that the bridge as at present constructed, was built in accordance with the ordinance, and they should not be required to rebuild it, and if a change in the grade was made the Railroad Company should be released from the payment of damages. He desired that the committee would block out and submit to the company what concessions they were willing to make and what they would require the company to do.

The City Attorney, Mr. Bigelow, in answer to a question, stated that it would require the assent of the Railroad Company to make a change in the grade at this place, and further action on this point was deferred.

At the point above the dam the Commissioners asked that the Railroad Company be required to build a retaining wall on the line of the avenue, in order to prevent their roadbed from slipping, and avoid the necessity of so great a slope, which at this point extends some distance into the street.

Mr. Bigelow, City Attorney, in answer to a question, said, "That the Railroad Company has the right to occupy the street, but must conform to the grade."

Mr. Cohen asked what the company had to do, which was answered as follows: Build a retaining wall at the points necessary. The city to widen the street on the south side in the portions where the railroad interferes. The Railroad Company to pay the damages thus caused, and then to be allowed to remain at the grade where they are. The Board of Viewers to assess and report the damages before final action.

The committee proceeded to consider the several points in conflict, viz: At Brady street, Breckinridge street, Pittsburgh Gas Company's property, and from Bates street to Greenfield avenue.

The Committee asked that the Company build a bridge across Boundary street, and a proposition was made to dispense with the opening of Sylvan avenue, and connect it with Boundary street. It was stated that the Railroad Company is bound by an agreement with the Schenley's to leave an opening for Sylvan and Greenfield avenues and Boundary street.

Mr. Lewis, on the part of the Commission, said that they wanted possession of the avenue to go on with the work, and asked prompt action in the matter, and that they concede no right to any portion of Second avenue to the railroad company.

Mr. Cohen said that there was not sufficient data before the committee to determine the point of difference on the bridge at Cross street; that they claimed to have conformed, in the building of the present bridge, to the ordinance of 1868; that at the other points it might only be a question of coming down to the grade or building walls, of which he was not fully satisfied. That he would like to have the demand of the city reduced to writing, that it might be considered by the railroad authorities, and that he had no doubt that a compromise could be agreed upon.

The following proposition was, after some discussion, agreed to be recommended to the joint committees for their action:

The railroad company to extend the bridge at Cross street and build the walls where necessary, and a bridge at Boundary street.

The city to relieve the company from the payment of damages caused by the grade at Everson's mill, and change the location of Second avenue in front of Connolly's property, at Soho, and the gas works.

A meeting of the joint committee was ordered to be called for Tuesday (to-morrow) evening, at 7½ o'clock, when the above proposition will be submitted.

HITE'S STATION.

The Republican Meeting on Friday Evening—Speeches by Captain Haymaker, W. F. Austin, Esq., and Colonel Richard Realf—Much Enthusiasm—A Musical Prodigy, &c., &c.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

HITE'S STATION, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., October 3, 1873.

A rousing mass meeting of the Republicans of East Deer township was held at this place last evening, the audience being addressed by Captain J. S. Haymaker, W. F. Austin, Esq., and Colonel Richard Realf, all of your city. The assemblage was large and enthusiastic, and there need be no fears that the Republican voters of this part of the county will fail to discharge their whole duty at the coming election. If every other voting district shall do as well, Allegheny county will distance the combined opposition out of sight.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. Hugh Woods, with Captain A. V. Kipp as Vice President, and Mr. Josiah Rose, Secretary. The proceedings were enlivened by some excellent music from the East Deer Mining Cornet Band, an organization of which our people are particularly and justly proud. One of the members of this band, Samuel Pearce, a little boy only ten years of age, who plays the second horn, is really a musical prodigy; his proficiency in musical science, and his thorough mastery over his instrument, being something unusually remarkable. We are not a little vain of our bright-eyed, modest little pet, and we believe he is destined to produce a decided impression in the musical world before many years shall have passed over his head.

The speech of Captain Haymaker, who is an old favorite in this section, was one of uncommon piquancy as well as power; being pervaded throughout with a subtile, essential humor whose aroma is as incapable of being carried over into print as is the Democratic party of catching the inspiration of the century or of keeping abreast with the advancing spirit of the age. His address had a great effect upon the multitude of eager listeners.

Mr. Austin's effort was more brief, but pointed, pithy, and directly to the purpose, like the steady blows of a hammer upon a nail. He drove his arguments effectively home.

The remarks of Col. Realf, also, were exceedingly well received. All the speakers discussed with clearness and impartiality the salient characteristics of the two great parties, and the claims of their respective candidates upon the people; showing conclusively that all the interests of the Keystone State—material and otherwise—called as strongly as ever before for the continuance of a Republican administration.

There was a time when it looked as though the so-called "Labor Reform" ticket would receive a number of votes hereabouts; but that probability has almost entirely passed away. Our population, which is chiefly composed of miners, constitute as thoughtful and intelligent a community as is to be found anywhere in the State, and they see that the amelioration of condition for which they hope will be far more likely to come to them through Republican channels than any other political agency they can select, no matter by whatsoever taking designation it may be called.

This is also a temperance community, but the Prohibitory ticket will not poll the vote of a corporal's guard. Our people consider that the leaders of the movement were bound, for the time being, to abide by the decision of the majority with respect to Local Option, and that in reopening the question at this juncture they have been guilty of bad faith, for which they deserve rebuke.

B. F. Kennedy, Esq., Republican candidate for Prothonotary, was present at the meeting, and in response to loud calls made brief acknowledgments to our people, by whom he is well known and highly respected.

The speakers were handsomely entertained over night at the residence of Robert Kennedy, Esq.

REPUBLICAN.

THE MUTILATED LETTERS.

Information for Owners.

It has already been reported that many mutilated letters that had been despoiled of their contents were found about the Postoffice building. For information of those who has lost letters the following list of marks found has been made out:

Dated Philadelphia, September 11, 1873, No. 1311 Buttonwood street; addressed to Louis Wagner, Allegheny city; signed, "Your Brother."

Dated August 12, 1873; addressed to Sherm. M. Stevens, Union Depot, Pittsburgh; signed "Hattie Gardner."

German letter, postmarked Mt. Vernon, Ind., September 5, 1873.

Letter dated Wapello, September 11, 1873; signed, "Dennis Ryan."

Letter dated Millerstown, Pa., August 12, 1873; addressed to G. W. Hull, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Signed, "W. P. Book."

Letter dated Mattoon, Illinois, September 12th, 1873; signed, "W. H. Laumry."

Letter dated McKeesport, Pa., June 14, 1873; addressed to Hugh Kelley; signed, "S. M. Soamad."

Letter dated Greensburg, Pa., August 7, 1873; signed, "Clara Hoffman."

German letter, dated Ottawa, September 8, 1873.

Letter from firm of J. A. Boyder, 62 Water Street, New York. No address.

Letter post marked Nelsonville, Ohio, June 15, 1873; addressed to R. D. Grayburn; no signature.

Letter dated New Brunswick, New Jersey, August 21st, 1873; signed, "H. S. Manning."

Letter dated Nashville, Tennessee; no address or signature.

Letter dated Philadelphia, Pa., September 13, 1873; addressed to E. T. Dobbins, Pittsburgh; signed "Robert H. Walch."

Letter dated Pittsburgh, September 5, 1873; signed Harry H. Reynolds, 37 Center avenue.

Letter dated Washington, July 18, 1873; signed, F. H. Moore.

Letter dated Cincinnati, O., August, 1873, addressed to B. D. Moore, Pittsburgh, Pa.

German letter, dated Osceola, O., August 7, 1873; signed, Michael Beck.

Letter, dated Leavenworth City, Kansas, August 28, 1873; no address; signed, Mary McLJarkey.

Foreign letter dated Abbey, August 23, 1873.

Letter dated Sioux City, August 23, 1873; no address or signature.

Letter, addressed David S. McCurdy, Esq., Cash. Div. Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.; letter badly torn, and not all found.

Letter, dated Xenia, Ohio, August 26, 1873; addressed to Miss Kate Stuard, No. 19 Stockton avenue, Allegheny City, Pa., signed Wm. Brady.

Letter, dated Wood's Run, Pa., July 17, 1873, addressed to Wm. J. Kusock, No. 9 Bedford street, Pittsburgh, Pa.; no signature.

Envelopes have been found addressed as below, without letter:

James Williams, Bennett's postoffice, Allegheny county, Pa.; post-marked Apollo, Pa., August 29, 1873.

Henry De Bow, Esq., No. 13, Federal street, Pittsburgh, Pa.; post-marked, New York, August 19, 10:30 A. M.

R. D. Grayburn, Pittsburgh, Pa.; post-marked, Nelsonville, Ohio, June 15.

Miss Jane J. Murphy, 619, Liberty street, Pittsburgh Pa; post-marked Washington, D. C., September 11, 1873.

Charles Ferguson, Pittsburgh, Pa., post-marked Port Jarvis, New York, September 2, 1873.

Foreign post mark, August 11, 1873, Charles Ferguson, Port Jarvis, Orange county, New York.

STREET SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Man Shot on Wood Street by a Woman—She Escapes.

About eight o'clock last evening considerable excitement was created at Wood street and Sixth avenue by the shooting of a man by a woman. The circumstances, as related by parties witnessing the affair, are substantially these: Thomas Mann and "Pony" Smith, employed at the Fifth Avenue House, were walking along Wood street toward Liberty street, with several gentlemen friends a short distance in the rear. When on the pavement of the new iron bank block, between Sixth avenue and Liberty street, a woman suddenly came behind Mann and Smith, and a loud report from a pistol was heard, and Mann said, putting his hand to his left side, "I believe I am shot." The report of course attracted the attention of all within hearing, and Smith, turning round, saw a woman draw a shawl over her head and run across the street and then up Sixth avenue. No attempt was made to stop the woman until too late, but she was observed to get upon a car going to Birmingham, at Smithfield street. Mr. Mann was taken to the office of Dr. Floyd, on Sixth avenue, and upon examination the wound was found to be comparatively slight. The ball struck and glanced from a leather pipe case in the pocket of the coat and then passed under the skin for several inches, but did not enter the chest. It was extracted without much difficulty, and the wound being dressed Mr. Mann was able to go about as usual.

Officer Long started in search of the woman, but at this writing she has not been arrested. Mr. Mann states that he does not know who she is. It is not certain which car she took; some say it was No. 11 and others No. 17. The affair is a mysterious one, and was the subject of much comment in police circles. The intention was, certainly, to kill, and if the woman shot at the party she meant to kill, she must have been on his track for some time, although those who were in company with Mann had not noticed her. She was dressed in black, and was observed after the shooting. It is said that a suit was recently entered before an Alderman which may give some clue to the affair.

THE DEATH OF WRIGHT.

Further Investigation by the Coroner—The Testimony Not Conclusive—Verdict of Murder Against Unknown Persons.

On Saturday Coroner West resumed the investigation into the death of James M. Wright, which occurred on September 2, from injuries received under suspicious circumstances below the Allegheny Railroad bridge the night previous. The testimony was concluded and the evidence and verdict will be found below:

Domineck Nagle, sworn—I am a stone mason; work at present at a school house in Allegheny; I recollect seeing the deceased lying at a point near the bridge; was unloading stones under the bridge; deceased was lying one hundred feet below the bridge; don't know anything about the boat at the bridge; saw about eight or ten feet of a track as though a man had been dragged along the bank from the bridge; the marks were about eight feet above the pier; it was seven o'clock in the morning when I saw the deceased; I spoke to him, and he asked me to pick up these rags (a handkerchief) and put them over his face; the flies bothered him; thought he was drunk; he seemed unable to move; I think he was unconscious after he asked for the handkerchief; deceased was lying under the upper end of the bridge, and the tracks extended down the river some ten feet; I had no previous conversation with deceased; I did not tell any one at a ball that the track was thirty yards long; I did not mention to a Mrs. Buchanan at my sister-in-law's wedding that statement; only said that nothing as yet had been found out about the matter; deceased said nothing about having fallen or been thrown from the bridge; my statement to officer Cupples that the track was ten yards long was incorrect; it was ten feet. (The testimony of this witness was translated by officer Messner.)

Rose Hastings sworn—I reside at 43 Liberty street; my acquaintance with Cal McQuiston is slight; I know Miss Emma McGraw; she came to my house about the time of the murder; she was covered with mud and water, and said she had been thrown off the boat and that some of the mill hands had rescued her; I took her in and treated her well on account of a favor done me by her mother; she was drunk at the time; I gave her money to buy underclothing, &c., and begged her to reform; she went to New York; I knew nothing of the murder at the time, nor did she; Emma said nothing of having been put off the boat by reason of her knowing of the murder; I did not pay her fare to New York; I don't know who did; it was after dark when she came to my house, and it was on Monday night; I don't think she was sober enough to know anything about the murder; I had not seen Emma McGraw for years, not since she was six years old; do not know of a man named Wright having been in my house and got into a quarrel and threatened with death; Emma was on the boat on Saturday, she said, and I suppose she was on Monday; Cal McQuiston did not give her the money to go East, nor did Starkey; don't know who did.

Margaret McWilliams, sworn—I reside at 127 Webster avenue; know Cal. and Starkey; washed for them; and went for my money two or three times in a week; knew nothing of the murder until the following Tuesday; I stopped going to the boat then; Cal. never told me why she had sworn to a lie; she was generally in a hurry when at my house; she has been at my house twice since the affair; I spoke to Ella Hamilton about it; she thought Cal. was at times insane; my husband was at home on the night of the murder.

Annie Brant, sworn—I reside at 127 Webster avenue; I went to the boat after one of the hearings before the Coroner, and took Ella Hamilton away; she said she was afraid of Cal.; I took her home, and she slept with me; Ella did not say she knew why Cal. swore to a lie; I have seen Cal. since, but had no conversation about this matter; I can't believe Cal.; she is almost always in liquor; she said nothing of a woman being thrown off the boat; Emma Blasus (McGraw) was on the boat one time when I went on board; I think Mrs. Cook (Hastings) was to send her to New York; I do not know whether she went or not.

James McKenna, sworn—I reside at 127 Webster street; know Starkey and Cal slightly; heard of the accident the next day; was hauling sand; I have not spoken to Starkey for a long time; had not been to the boat for six weeks; Cal has stated to me that she didn't own a stick in the boat; I never saw deceased either before or after his death.

At this point the investigation closed, and the jury came to the conclusion that the prospects just now for further developments are not favorable, but that the testimony thus far warranted it in rendering the following verdict, which it did, and then adjourned finally:

James M. Wright came to his death September 2, 1873, from injuries received on September 1, 1873, from some person or persons unknown to the jury.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the matter of Isaac T. Keene, bankrupt, it appearing that the bankrupt has in all things conformed to his duty under the act, it was ordered that he be discharged.

In the case of Demas Zollars, of Washington, bankrupt, the rule was granted on Jacob Wise to show why the confirmation of a certain sale to him by the assignee should not be taken off and the sale set aside, returnable on the 24th inst.

John Kelly was adjudged a bankrupt, on the petition of W. W. Wenton, and the matter referred to Register Willard.

In the matter of W. W. Wall, of Dalton, Luzerne county, bankrupt, the choice of John J. Shook as assignee, and of the appointment by the Register of M. J. Wilson, Esq., of Scranton, as Solicitor in the matter, was approved.

In the matter of Samuel H. Baird, bankrupt, of this city, on petition of the assignee of said bankrupt, leave was granted him to sign the compromise agreement signed and agreed to by the other creditors of Thomas Carroll, bankrupt, of Allegheny city.

On application of the assignee an order was made for the examination of Rogers, Wallace & Co., of this city, bankrupts, and other witnesses necessary, before Register Harper, at his office, at such time or times as he shall designate.

C. Otto Hartung, bankrupt, of this city, presented a petition for final discharge, and the usual order for examination before Register Harper was made.

In the case of Roberts & Co. vs. Collins Bros., of Titusville, leave was granted the creditors to file a supplemental and amended petition.

The firm of Moss & Knapp, of New Milford, Susquehanna county, R. S. & R. A. Reynolds, of Luzerne county, filed petitions for the adjudication of themselves in bankruptcy, and the matters were referred to Register Willard, of Scranton.

In the case of T. Fawcett & Sons vs. the steamboat Stella, the Court appointed John W. Wyley, Esq., of this city, commissioner to take testimony.

In the case of the United States vs. the drugs et al., owned by Wm. M. Beachley, an information for forfeiture was filed by United States Attorney Swoope, process of attachment and monition was issued, returnable on the first Monday of November.

A libel in forfeiture was filed by United States Attorney Swoope, in the case of the United States vs. 240 tons of iron ore, being the cargo of the barge D. Andrews, and said to be owned by Shoenberger, Blair & Co., of Pittsburgh. Process of attachment and monition was issued returnable on the 1st of November.

Martin H. Phillips, of Titusville, filed a petition for the adjudication of himself in bankruptcy, which was referred to Register Rodgers, of Franklin.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

On petition of L. E. Johns, a rule was granted on Francis A. O'Hara and Michael O'Hara, her husband, Samuel Plumer, A. A. Plumer and H. B. Plumer, executors of Hon. Arnold Plumer, deceased, to show cause why the Recorder should not assign certain real estate to George Shiras, Jr.

Petition of Thomas Crawford, praying leave to adopt Mary Agnes McKain. The Court ordered that the prayer of petitioner be granted, and that the said Mary Agnes McKain shall assume the name of and have all the rights and be subject to the duties of petitioner.

Frederick S. Lorence filed a petition in divorce from his wife, Sarah E. Lorence, on the grounds of adultery. The usual subpœna was awarded returnable the first Monday in December.

Alfred D. Lytle vs Mary Ann Lytle, petition for divorce on grounds of desertion. Subpœna awarded.

Alexander Thomas vs. Melissa Thomas, petition for divorce on the grounds of desertion. Subpœna awarded.

Julius Steiner vs. Regina Steiner, petition in divorce on grounds of cruel and barbarous treatment. Subpœna awarded.

Joseph W. Dilkes vs. Ann Dilkes, petition in divorce on the grounds of adultery. Subpœna awarded.

Mrs Anna Lambert filed a petition asking for the benefits of the acts securing to married women their separate earnings, that she might go into business on her own account. The petition was granted.

A petition was filed for the incorporation of the Oakdale Mutual Fire Insurance Company. A preliminary order was granted.

C. W. Robb filed a petition in behalf of Jacob Porter, editor of the *Catholic*, for a preliminary injunction restraining the city from proceeding with the improvement of Thirty-third street under the Penn avenue act. The question of the constitutionality of the Penn avenue act, which provides for assessing the property abutting on the street for a main thoroughfare, is to be tested, it being held that the true principle and only just manner of assessment for all leading avenues, is upon the parties benefited thereby. It is stated that similar injunctions will be asked for against other leading avenues.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

Jeremiah Collins, convicted on a charge of entering a building with intent to commit a felony, was sentenced to one year in the Workhouse. Wm. Brackin, convicted on the same charge, was sentenced to three months in the Workhouse, and Daniel Collins, a boy, was sent to the House of Refuge.

Edward Smith and Charles Clark, who plead *nolo contendere* to the charge of receiving stolen goods, were sentenced to pay a fine of six and one-fourth cents each and costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for twenty-four hours. On another and a similar indictment they were each sentenced to a term of four months in the Workhouse.

Jas. Cummings plead guilty to the charge of larceny, made on oath of A. C. Silverman, and was sentenced to the Workhouse for three months.

Leopold Hart, charged by Samuel Matthews with felonious assault and battery, was found guilty of unlawful cutting, and sentenced to the Workhouse for ten months.

William P. McElroy plead *nolo contendere* to the charge of illegal liquor selling, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs.

Frederick Miller and John Demling, the former found guilty of receiving stolen goods, and the latter of the last named charge, were sentenced as follows: Miller to the Workhouse for one year, and Demling to jail for ten days.

"Buck" Shaner and John Johnston, convicted of larceny on oath of Herman Beck, were sentenced, the first to two years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary, and Johnston to one year in the Workhouse.

A nol. pros. in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Philip B. Weil, charged with assault and battery by Adolph G. Zwanzig.

George Hazel, of Harrison township, was fined fifty dollars for illegal liquor selling, on one indictment, and on another was released upon payment of costs.

Frederick Morgan, of Harrison, for selling liquor to minors, was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars.

Mary S. Steel, of Braddocks, was fined the same amount for illegal liquor selling on one indictment, and a nol. pros. was allowed in the other similar cases against her.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Wm. Powers, charged with assault and battery, a nol. pros. was allowed upon the payment of the costs by the defendant.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth vs.

McWilliams & Myers,
M. W. Dallas,
Elizabeth McCreary,
Annie Miller,
James McGinty,
P. J. Way,
John Brown,
Jeremiah Tower,
John Eakin,
S. S. North,
Sullivan & McCleary,
John Deaney,
Thos. Lynch,
Annie Gray,
Geo. Jackson,
Mary King,
James Cunningham,
Geo. Fry.

A STABBING AFFRAY.

Man Cut in East Liberty.

On Saturday evening a row occurred in a saloon in East Liberty, which resulted in the serious cutting of a man named Christopher Bushberger. From the statements that have been received, one Frank Buxster had a difficulty with some parties, and in a scuffle his hat was knocked off. Mr. Bushberger, who, it is said, had nothing to do with the difficulty, lifted the hat and handed it to the owner. Thereupon Buxster, it is alleged, drew a knife and stabbed Busberger in the abdomen, inflicting a serious wound. An information was made before Deputy Mayor Irwin for felonious assault and battery, and, in default of bail, Buxster was committed to jail.

Art Education.

The lectures of Miss Potter, of Boston, before school directors and pupils, and her lesson to teachers in drawing and designing have attracted much attention. The Allegheny *Mail*, in referring to her lecture in the Fifth ward school, says: "What was needed was more brains in all our pursuits. The demand for skilled labor was far in excess of the supply, and for superior skilled labor the market was world-wide. It was a humiliating confession that nearly all our architects and artists were foreigners. She referred to the elaborate and elegant structure of Trinity church, Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh. Not a design or plan was made—not a blow was struck or a nail driven—but by foreign hands. In the advanced works of art, we, as a people, were away behind other nations. To supply this want, the fair lecturer would introduce drawing into our schools. She enforced her views with an intelligent discussion of Art Education; and insisted that in order to have skilled artists at home, they must be properly educated in schools where proper attention is paid to this technical branch."

Her lecture was received here, as in all other places where she has lectured, with genuine satisfaction.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE Fire Department of Allegheny cost $2,600 for the month of September.

THE Prohibitionists announce a mass convention at Lafayette Hall to-day.

THE Panhandle Railroad Company find difficulty in furnishing enough freight cars.

DR. I. C. PERSHING officiated at the dedication of the West Clearfield M. E. church yesterday.

THE communion offerings at St. Andrew's church, yesterday, will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers at Shreveport.

BARTLEY CAMPBELL'S success as a playwright, may be inferred from the fact that during week before last his plays were on the boards at nine theaters throughout the country.

IN spite of Cincinnati's hollow pig-tails, Pittsburgh has taken the first premium in sausage stuffers at the Cincinnati exposition.

A GRAND Republican mass meeting is talked of, to be held on Saturday evening next in front of Hare's Hotel. Hon. John W. Forney has been invited to address the meeting.

THE season is fast approaching when the husband without any discipline in his family must arise betimes and with chattering teeth, and fingers all benumbed, proceed to light the kitchen fire.

A MEETING of the Republican County Executive Committee will be held to-morrow, Tuesday, at two o'clock P. M. A full attendance is requested. The tickets for the county districts will be ready for distribution at that time.

THE Walton hose truck met with an accident on the way to the fire on the South Side Friday evening. The horse became unmanageable and ran over a small embankment opposite the Point, badly wrecking the carriage. The horse was unhurt.

THERE is to be a grand pigeon shooting tournament at Meadville on Wednesday. Five prizes are offered, four of silver ware and the fifth the hotel keepers' purse. Twelve hundred wild birds are on hand. Professionals are not invited.

TWO buggies, on account of fast driving, collided yesterday afternoon on Penn avenue, near Winebiddle's, and were smashed almost to pieces. A lady who occupied a seat in one of the vehicles had an ugly tumble, but fortunately no one was hurt.

RATHER a good joke was practiced upon a Wood street merchant last Saturday. He entertained a man for an hour and a half under the idea that he was a prospective customer, and found out at the end of that time that he was the agent for a new stove polish.

JOSEPH MANGS was arrested at an early hour on Saturday morning on a charge of stabbing a man named Richards in a difficulty on the hill. After a night's lodging he was discharged, no prosecutor appearing and there being no evidence against him. The parties are colored.

POSTMASTER Negley expresses a wish to give the public every postal facility and accommodation in his power, and asks their cordial cooperation in his endeavors. A complaint book has been opened, wherein all complaints will be entered and each will receive prompt investigation.

A LITTLE daughter of a prominent citizen, who had great kindness of heart for all the animal creation, the other day saw a hen preparing to gather her chickens under her sheltering wings, and shouted earnestly: "Oh! don't sit down on those beautiful little birds, you great, ugly, old rooster!"

MAYOR BLACKMORE yesterday committed Thomas Thomas to the Workhouse for thirty days for disorderly conduct. On Saturday night he attempted to shoot Mr. Morgan, the proprietor of the Morgan House, on Penn street. Mr. Morgan declined to prosecute, and hence the action of the Mayor.

THE Pittsburgh Locomotive and Car Works will not suspend, but the employees are being reduced in number. It is the intention of the company to discharge the unmarried men, that they may be able to pay the Benedicts. Not more than a hundred men will be thrown out of employment by the application of this rule.

UNITED States postal agent Petherbridge states that the petition of South side citizens for letter carriers on the South Side was never presented to the Department. Maj. Petherbridge will take the matter in charge. When the carriers are put on every city district the postoffice in Birmingham—Buchanan P. O.—will be abolished.

GENERALLY speaking, a man who wilts on all occasions is not apt to make much headway in the world, whether in business affairs or otherwise. This, however, is not the case with Mr. Wilts, the popular upholsterer, of 44 Smithfield street, who is as successful in his business as enterprise, integrity and obligingness can make him.

WE are pained to announce the death of Captain Charles Matthews at Henderson, Ky., on the third instant. Captain Matthews was a well known river man, and a brother of Mr. E. C. Matthews, the bank examiner of this district. The funeral will take place at the residence of Mr. Matthews, No. 26 Federal street, this morning at ten o'clock.

THERE are confined in our county jail at the present time, one hundred and sixty-five prisoners. Of this number there are one hundred and sixteen United States and State Court prisoners awaiting trial, ten females being among the latter number, and the rest male and female vagrants. The health of the inmates is reported very good.

THAT young scamp Woods was committed to the Reform School on Saturday evening, by Acting Mayor Neillie, of Allegheny. The complaint was made by the boy's uncle, who stated that the father was deceased; that the youth had run away from his mother's home; was a common vagrant, totally without the control of guardians or parent.

A LOCAL politician of some celebrity went home from his "club" somewhat late and somewhat elated a few nights ago, and after he got there, being hungry, began crumbling some bread into a bowl of starch which his wife, who had retired, had placed in the pantry, saying there was nothing like bread and milk after all. He found bread and starch was not, at all events.

TWO CARPENTERS named Taylor Shafer and Henry Derby, fell from a scaffolding at Homewood, on Friday, the former receiving injuries from which it is feared he may die. Mr. Shafer was conveyed to his boarding house on Sheridan avenue, where he was attended by a physician. His injuries are about the head and he is in a critical state. Mr. Derby sustained no serious injuries.

PETER CONLON and James Wright got into a difficulty on Saturday evening on Fulton street, which resulted in their being arrested by officer William McClean. Wright drew a knife on Conlon and the latter struck the former on the head with a chair. Conlon left $15 for his appearance but forfeited the money, while Wright, unless the proper fine is forthcoming, goes thirty days to the Workhouse.

A BUGGY containing a lady and gentleman was wrecked on Federal street, near North avenue, Allegheny city, yesterday afternoon between one and two o'clock. The couple were thrown with some force to the ground and considerably bruised. Dr. Cole attended to their injuries. The buggy lost its wheels and top and will never again be worth any extended notice in the public prints. The proprietor of the establishment refused to speak his name, and the reporter blushes to say he didn't know him.

REV. DE WITT C. BYLLESBY, for about three years past rector of the St. James Episcopal church, corner of Penn avenue and Sixteenth street, preached his farewell sermon yesterday to a large congregation. Mr. B. has labored faithfully and successfully to build up his church, and severs his connection with it with much regret, but the health of his family required a change of climate. He has accepted a call from Grace church, Allentown, and goes thither to-day to assume his new pastoral relations. The best wishes of a large circle of friends will accompany Mr. Byllesby.

POLITICAL.

State.

The Scranton *Republican* has reliable assurances that the Republicans will achieve very decisive victories in Schuylkill and Carbon counties at the ensuing election.

The Democratic party in Clearfield county have caught the contagion so prevalent in that party of disintegration. It seems that Dr. Porter and Messrs. Savage and Wise, leading Democrats, have become dissatisfied with the primary elections, and have, with their followings, gone over to the camp of the Republicans.

The Gettysburg *Star and Sentinel* says: "Although the present political campaign is unusually free from excitement, there is no reason why the Republicans of the county should not poll a full vote. With the disaffection existing in the Democratic ranks, with proper efforts we can elect a portion of, if not the entire, Republican ticket."

In Bradford county the Democracy are very anxious to have the temperance men believe that they are the only and the true friends of the local option law, while in Dauphin county the Democracy passed a resolution pledging their candidates for the Assembly for its repeal. The distance of a few miles and geographical locations make a vast difference in Democratic doctrines.

Judge Gordon is fully appreciated by the great mass of the people—by the men who have struggled with fortune all their lives, and won success only through honest toil. He is one of the few who has shed honor on this class. He has passed through the fiery furnace, and he knows how to sympathise with and comprehend their wants and necessities. Experience and study have fitted him for the bench; but they have not blotted out nor dimmed his recollections of his earlier years of manual labor. He is the son of toil as well as of the schools; and the people in electing him to the Supreme Bench will be able to realize that they are not merely choosing a fit man for the place, but are choosing one of themselves to the highest place in their gift.—*Harrisburg State Journal.*

Ohio.

JUDGE COLLINS ON THE SITUATION.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

CANTON, O., October 4, 1873.

Judge Collins, the People's candidate for Governor, addressed a very fair audience in Schaffer's Opera House last evening. After explaining the political situation and their platform, Judge Collins made some very sensible remarks in regard to the present financial troubles, advising all to guard against being panic stricken, repose a reasonable confidence in the banks, and that the banks should resume payments as soon as possible. Confidence would then soon be restored. He spoke for nearly two hours, and was followed in a short address by General Willich.

Dubuque, Iowa.

DUBUQUE, IA., October 3.—The investigation into the affairs of the suspended Merchants' Union bank by the directors shows that a system of frauds have been perpetrated upon the stockholders and patrons by the officers of the bank, which never have been exceeded in a concern of its size. The amount abstracted by the bank reaches $329,478. Of this amount H. A. H. Sheffield, President, has obtained $62,188, and Babbage, Cashier, $267,209. These sums have been abstracted by means of notes and bills, by overdraws and by direct steals, covered by false entries. The directors will publish a statement to-morrow.

The *Mining Journal* is of opinion that one effect of the financial disturbance will be to compel railroads to pay cash for iron hereafter, as manufacturers will not any more put faith in paper which is so liable to sudden depreciation, even when given by the very best roads.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., PITTSBURGH, PA., October 5, 1873.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M.:

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R.		CHANGE —OR+		DIRECT'N OF WIND.	STATE WEAT
	Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.		
Cincinnati	3	9	—0	1	W.	Fair.
Davenport	2	0	+0	2	N.	Fair.
Evansville	1	3	0	1	N.	L'ht rain
Herrmann	1	8	+0	3	N.	Cloudy.
Kansas City	5	10	—0	3	N. E.	Cloudy.
Keokuk	1	2	+0	1	N. W.	Cloudy.
LeClaire	2	+0	+0	1	N. W.	Clearing.
LaCrosse	2	5	..	0	..	Cloudy.
Louisville	2	5	..	0	N. W.	Fair.
Memphis	2	9	—0	1	S. W.	Fair.
Nashville	1	0	..	0	S. W.	Fair.
New Orleans	12	4	+0	1	S. E.	Clear.
Oil City	1	9	0	1	W.	Cloudy.
Pittsburgh	0	2	—0	1	W.	Cloudy.
St. Louis	1	3	—0	2	N. W.	H'vy R'n.
St. Paul	6	9	..	2	N. W.	Cloudy.
Yankton	4	9	..	2	N.	Cloudy.

JAMES B. MURRAY, Observer Signal Service, U. S. A.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, October 5.—River three feet nine and stationary.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, October 5.—No change in river; the marks show this evening twenty-six inches in the canal and twenty-eight inches on Portland bar. Weather cloudy and damp; heavy rain set in this evening. Twenty-five thousand tons of iron are on the levee awaiting shipment. Arrivals—Pat Rogers, Cincinnati; J. D. Parker, Cincinnati. Departures—Pat Rogers, Cincinnati; J. D. Parker, Cincinnati.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, October 5.—Raining since three P. M. steadily and hard; mercury 54 to 72, now 60 and falling. River fallen one inch. Port list—Up—Frank P. Gracy and Rapidan No. 2. Down—Gracy and John S. Bransford. Little business. Strong wind from northwest. Heavy fog last night.

Cairo.

CAIRO, October 5.—No arrivals except local packets. Departed—Belle Memphis. River stationary. Rain with a heavy gale from the north; cooler.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, October 5.—Arrived—Bertram, Keokuk; City of Chester, Memphis; Susie Silver, New Orleans. Departed—Bertram, Keokuk. River falling slowly here, but the Missouri and Upper Mississippi are rising. Rain this afternoon, since when it has become much colder.

Railroad Accident.

On Friday afternoon, as the first section of a mixed train was going southward on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and shortly after ten o'clock had reached a point near Rosston, ten miles from West Penn Junction, an axle broke and a wreck ensued. The friction of the truck upon the rails produced sparks which set fire to the crude oil with which the car was loaded. The engine and several of the cars were detached and saved, but we learn that five or six tank cars of oil, four of lumber and one of potatoes were consumed. The track was cleared of the debris as soon as possible and by five o'clock trains were running as usual.

Quarterly Report of the Local Inspectors.

Messrs. Neeld and Atkinson, the United States Local Inspectors for the Seventh district, report to Supervising Inspector J. S. Devenny, for the quarter ending September 30th, that they have issued licenses as follows:

Masters, 26; mates, 17; pilots, 28; first engineers, 31; second engineers, 16. They have also made the following inspections:

Passenger steamers, 4; ferryboats, 4; towboats, 19; freight boats, 1. Total 27. Tonnage of steamers of all classes inspected, 4,040 10 100 tons.

FALL CAMPAIGN OF THE HOMESTEAD BANK.

AUCTION SALES OF THE BEST SUBURBAN PROPERTIES NOW FOR SALE IN THE COUNTY.

Also, 80x150 feet and ONE TO THREE ACRE LOTS AT HOMESTEAD PARK, MONDAY AFTERNOON, OCTOBER 6TH.

Special trains from Union Depot at 1 o'clock P. M., sharp.

In the face of extravagant, not to say preposterous and mendacious claims put forth for properties in no way comparable to Homestead Park, we shall attempt no description of its beauties or advantages, but simply ask all who contemplate suburban investment, either for use or speculation, to COME OUT AND LOOK AT IT, and we challenge intelligent criticism not only of the property, but of the assertion that the likelihood of LARGE PROFIT TO PURCHASERS is greater at Homestead Park than at any other equally distant property now in the market.

ALSO, 60x120 FEET, AND 1 TO 3 ACRE LOTS, AT HOMESTEAD TERRACE, on Monday afternoon, October 13. Special train on Allegheny Valley Railroad, at 1 o'clock P. M., sharp.

Accessible from the city by the Allegheny Valley Railroad and the new driving road, Wildwood avenue, HOMESTEAD TERRACE is destined to become a center of suburban improvement. It is, in truth, the first eligible site for a village outside the city, and is two miles nearer the city than Verona or any of the suburbs of that village.

To all those whose business will permit a residence on the A. V. R. R., the Terrace offers advantages not to be found further away from the city, where as much is asked for 25 by 100—2,500 square feet—as will buy 60 by 120—7,200 square feet—at Homestead Terrace.

The terms of sale at Homestead Park and Homestead Terrace is one-tenth cash, balance in nine equal payments without interest. Second mortgage privilege to those who build; free life insurance to those of suitable age and health.

A. PATTERSON, Secretary.

At Auction, on Monday Afternoon,

At 2 P. M., the valuable lots on Butler street, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, Eighteenth ward, late Lawrenceville. Seven years time to pay. A. J. Pentecost, Auctioneer.

No Middle Man

Or speculator's profit to come out of the proceeds of the Winder's estate next Monday.

Lay Up Your Treasures

Where stocks and gould will not corrupt at the executor's sale of Winder's estate next Monday.

A Rush

On Maury Lots, to-day at 2 P. M. Take Penn street cars to Fifty-first street, Eighteenth ward. Auction sale of fine lots. Nicholson pavement running directly past the property. A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

Broilers.

The Universal Broiler is the latest and best broiler made. It can be used equally well on the top or in front of the stove or range. Sold by Demmler Bros., 126 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

Invest Every Dollar

You can get in the Maury Lots on Butler street, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, Eighteenth ward. Terms easy. Go by Penn street cars. A. J. Pentecost, Auctioneer.

To Save Time and Trouble

Deposit your money at the Farmers and Mechanics Bank, South Side, where you can draw it without previous notice.

To Capitalist.

If you have money to invest, I would respectfully call your attention to the following desirable property for sale:

Nos. 163 and 165 Smithfield street together 40 by 90 feet, with buildings; price $50,000; terms easy. This is the cheapest property in the market.

60 feet front on Fifth avenue, extending back 240 feet to Virgin alley. Price $130,000, rents now for over ten per cent. of the amount.

Wood street and Liberty street business property. I have also, several fine residences on the parks in Allegheny, for sale cheap. Thos. F. Stewart, No. 45 Fifth avenue. tf.

Fine Dwelling At Auction To-morrow Morning.

At 10 A. M., On the premises, No. 50 Western avenue, Allegheny. Also the Furniture. A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

The Weber Piano,

At C. Retter's, 29 Fifth avenue.

Purchasers

At the big sale of the Winders estate can have a guarantee that the investment wont default or embezzle.

At a Special Meeting

of St. Paul's Total Abstinence and Benevolent Society, held on Sunday, October 5th, 1873, the following was unanimously adopted:

"WHEREAS, The members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians have kindly proffered their assistance to St. Paul's Total Abstinence and Benevolent Society in making the forthcoming lecture, to be delivered by Very Rev. J. Hickey, for the benefit of the Catholic Library, a financial success. Therefore, be it

"*Resolved*, That we cheerfully accept the proposed aid, and unite with the Lecture Committee of said Library in indorsing the sentiments expressed by the Hibernians in their kindly offer; extending to them our hearty thanks, and assuring them of our sincere desire upon some future occasion to reciprocate the charitable feelings and generous impulses which have prompted them in their course."

Attend the Great Sale

Maury Lots! To-DAY! TWO P. M. On Butler Street, Eighteenth Ward Eighteenth Ward. Take Penn Street Cars. A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

An Unusual Variety.

No stock of goods is more constantly changed from day to day than is the stock of Messrs. Workman & Davis, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, and Nos. 46, 47 and 48 Arch street, Allegheny. An elegant variety of goods is constantly kept on hand, and no one can possibly visit this establishment without being satisfied of the immense stock therein contained, and it is also impossible to go away and not be pleased. Messrs. Workman and Davis are old in their business, and, together with their ample means of filling all orders, enough inducements are thus offered to make the sales of the firm still greater. It is only necessary to give them a call to be satisfied.

The New Colonnade Hotel,

Philadelphia, Pa., is only two blocks from the Academy of Music.

Attend the Sale To-morrow

at 10 A. M., That fine residence, No. 50 Western avenue, Allegheny, to be sold to the highest bidder. Also the furniture. A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

Six Tons Grape Sugar.

1 barrel American Isinglass,
1 bale prime St. John's Bread,
4 bales prime Licorice Root,
5 gross Brown's Ginger,
5 gross Husb. Magnesia,
5 gross Hubbel's Wheat,
25 cases Speer's Port Wine,

just received and for sale at lowest rates by W. H. BRILL & Co., Druggists, 63 Federal street, Allegheny.

Attend the Great Sale

TO-DAY, at 2 P. M., Between Fifty-first and Fifty-second streets, Eighteenth Ward. Seven years to pay. Take Penn street cars. A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

Pure Medicinal Liquors.

In purchasing an article for medicinal purposes, it is a matter of the first importance that it should be perfectly pure and of the best quality. Inferior articles of medicines are not only dangerous, but they do not perform what is expected; consequently, the best are the cheapest. With the above facts in view, our stock of liquors for medicinal use are the best that it is possible to obtain, and we specially recommend the following:

Very choice old Otard Brandy, pale.
Fine Martell and Pinet Brandies.
Extra choice Topaz Sherry Wine.
Pure Juice Port, very fine.
Dutch East India Company Gin.
Old Rye Whisky (Gilt Edge), finest in the market.
Fine Madeira Wine and old Jamaica Rum.
Catawba Wine, still.
Claret wine, fine grade.

All of the above goods we guarantee of a pure vintage, and unsurpassed for quality and flavor. Call at McClarran & McKennan's Drug stores, 86 Market street, and opposite Postoffice.

The Argand

Is a base burner, designed for heating purposes, and has advantages over similar stoves which place it among the best stoves for burning hard coal yet invented.

Queensware, Fall Stock.

Buyers will serve their own interests by calling at No. 100 Wood street before purchasing elsewhere. Best goods at fair prices. RICHARD E. BREED & CO.

The Safest Investment.

Maury Lots, on Butler street, at auction, to-day at 2 P. M. Take Penn street cars. Terms easy. A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

Executor's Sale,

Winder's estate, Monday, October 6th, 1873. See advertisement.

Put Your Money

Where "panics" wont disturb it. Sale of Winder's estate, Monday, October 6th, 1873.

Don't Put Your Cash in a Stocking,

Where it will be stolen, but stock it in a nice building site, at the executor's sale of Winder's estate, next Monday.

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers,

Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for all diseases incident to the period of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother. Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." For sale by all Druggists. MWS

Livingston & Co., Manufacturers of LIGHT Grey Iron CASTINGS, Plain, Japanned, Bronzed, Coppered or Galvanized. Light Work our Specialty. Office and Works near Outer Depot, ALLEGHENY CITY. Postoffice address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa. MWF

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL. R. WATSON.

Phoenix Steam Brewery, SPENCER, McKAY & CO., MALTSTERS AND BREWERS, Ale, Porter and Brown Stout, PITTSBURGH, PA. ROBT. WATSON, Manager.

Dodds & Caskey, Importers of Scotch Granite and manufacturers of American Granite in all styles of monumental art, corner Penn avenue and 32d street, Pittsburgh.

DIED:

MATTHEWS—At Henderson, Kentucky, on Friday, October 3d, at 12 M., Captain CHARLES MATTHEWS. The funeral will take place from the residence of his brother, E. C. Matthews, No. 26 Federal street, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY MORNING, 6th inst., at 10 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

ASKINE—WM. ASKINE, aged 69 years, at 3:15 P. M. Sunday. Funeral will take place from his late residence, Hazelwood, TUESDAY, 7th inst., at 10 A. M. Carriages will leave Fairman & Samson's, 19 Seventh avenue, at 9 A. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RODY PATTERSON, JR., UNDERTAKER, 177 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America. ASSETS, $6,337,489 83. Ins. Co. of North America OF PHILADELPHIA. Losses adjusted and paid by WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. V. E. BEAMER .... Manager. MONDAY EVENING, October 6, and during the week, Two Grand Combinations, Kathi Lanner Coreographic Combination SITALA; or, the Juggler's Daughter. Grand Comic Ballet in Three Acts; and the only Original and celebrated Peak Family, Swiss Bell Ringers, Vocalists and Harpists. Box sheet open during the day.

Pittsburgh Opera House, ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD .... Managers. MONDAY EVENING, October 6th, 1873, Engagement of the popular character actor, Dominick Murray, Who will appear in his Drama ESCAPED FROM SING SING. DOMINICK MURRAY, IN FIVE CHARACTERS. Saturday, Grand Matinee.

LIBRARY HALL. V. E. BEAMER .... Manager. ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY. THE Vokes! Vokes! Vokes! The Manager is proud to be able to announce that an engagement has been effected with the celebrated Vokes Family, Supported by a Selected Company from the Union Square Theater, New York, who will appear for ONE WEEK, commencing MONDAY, October 13, 1873, in a Rich, Racy and Recherche entertainment, consisting of two magnificent comedies, NAVAL ENGAGEMENTS, AND The Belles of the Kitchen. Box sheet open for the sale of reserved seats at Hale's Music Store, 103 Smithfield street, Friday morning, October 10, at 9 o'clock.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER, R. GARDNER & TRIMBLE .... Lessees and Managers. H. W. WILLIAMS .... Stage Manager. To-night—The Chinese Wonder, LING LOOK. The Man Serpent Yama Diva, Little Dot, Miss Abbie Farnsworth, Lulu Delmar, O'Donohue, John Gilbert, &c., &c. A New Olio and a Sensation Drama. Ladies' Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

PROF. DeLONG'S Fashionable Dancing Academy AT LAFAYETTE HALL. Masters' and Misses' class will commence SATURDAY, October 4, at 3 o'clock P. M., with a Grand Matinee. Ladies and Gentlemen's Evening Class will commence THURSDAY, October 2, at 8 o'clock P. M. Each gent has the privilege of bringing a lady without extra charge of tuition. It is necessary that all new beginners should commence at the opening. All the latest dances have been procured and will be taught in rapid succession. This Academy offers the greatest inducements, as Prof. DeLong is the only teacher in the city capable of giving a thorough course in dancing in all its branches, including Ball Room, Parlor, Characteristic and Fancy Dancing, Beautiful Divertisements, &c., together with graceful deportment and elegance of manners. For particulars call for circulars at Music Stores. N. B.—The Hall has been thoroughly renovated, decorated and refurnished at great expense.

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, 29 and 31 Fifth Avenue. ALL BRANCHES OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC taught by the BEST MASTERS IN THE COUNTRY. Circulars at the office and Music Stores. Early application will secure a choice of hours.

Grandest Scheme Ever Known. Fourth Grand Gift Concert! FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY. 12,000 Cash Gifts $1,500,000. $250,000 for $50! [illegible] WEDNESDAY, December 31, 1873. ONLY SIXTY THOUSAND TICKETS WILL BE SOLD [illegible] $1,500,000, [illegible] LIST OF GIFTS. One Grand Cash Gift $250,000 [illegible] Total, 12,000 Gifts, all Cash $1,500,000. PRICE OF TICKETS. [illegible] THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent Public Lib. Ky. and Manager Gift Concert, [illegible]

NEW ESTABLISHMENT, 193 LIBERTY ST. FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF Marbleized Mantels, [illegible] HOT AIR FURNACES, [illegible]

WHO KILLED THEM? ABEL'S VERMIN EXTERMINATOR IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR BANISHING Rats, Mice or Roaches. SOLD EVERYWHERE! TRY IT! MANUFACTURED BY C. ABEL & CO., 116 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh.

SOUTH SIDE CEMETERY. This place of Interment IS NOW OPEN to public use. [illegible]

Mackeown, Thompson & Co. Successors to W. MACKEOWN & BRO. Wholesale Drugs and Oils 195 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa. MWF

AUCTION SALES.

Greatest Sale of the Season! BY Penn Avenue Building and Loan Association. On the Upper and most desirable portion of the celebrated Mowry Homestead PROPERTY, Situated in the EIGHTEENTH WARD, PITTSBURGH Consisting of 164 LOTS To be Sold at Public Auction, on Thursday next, October 9, AT 1:30 P. M. [illegible] Large Lots, Broad Streets, Wide Alleys, [illegible] J. W. DRAPE & CO., Auctioneers, 47½ FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor. [illegible]

INMAN LINE For Queenstown and Liverpool. Royal Mail Steamers Sail every THURSDAY and SATURDAY, From Pier 45, North River, New York. [illegible]

White Star U. S. Mail Line, THE FASTEST FLEET AFLOAT Between New York and Liverpool, [illegible]

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ROOFING! Gravel Roofing Applied Promptly either in City or Country. Roofing Materials Of all kinds always on hand and for Sale. REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE. Wm. B. Lupton & Co., 354 Penn Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Hugh Woodside, ROOFER AND DEALER IN SLATE! Office, 370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot, PITTSBURGH, PA. All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by Experienced Workmen.

AIKEN & CO., DEALERS IN NORTHAMPTON, VERMONT AND PEACH BOTTOM ROOFING SLATE Also, Slating Nails and Felt, Corner Eleventh and Liberty Streets, Opposite the Union Depot. SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.

THE BECKWITH $20 Portable FAMILY SEWING MACHINE On 30 Days' Trial, [illegible] No Toilsome Tread of the Treadle. [illegible]

Anthracite Coal [illegible] HUNTSMAN, MILLER & CO., [illegible]

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Reese & Bissell, MANUFACTURERS OF CORRUGATED SHEET IRON, For Roofs and Sides of Buildings. OFFICE AND WORKS: No. 877 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

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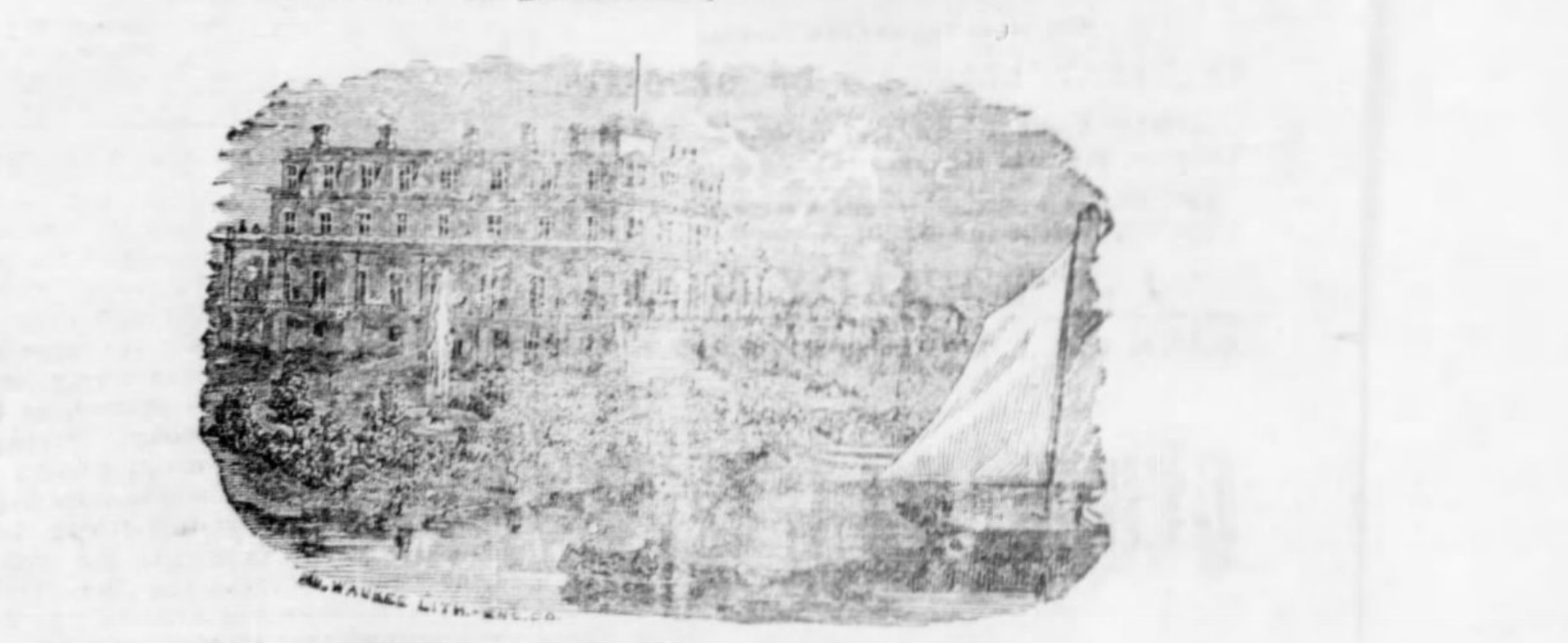

C. T. P. BUCK, Manager Hotel. C. P. BROWN, Consulting Physician and Genl. Superintendent. The most popular Summer Resort in the Northwest. SPLENDID HOTEL AND BATH HOUSE. FISHING, ROWING, SAILING, AND STEAMBOATING. [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

GREAT AUCTION SALE ON Monday, October 6, at 2 P. M. 95 Valuable Lots ON THE LOWER PART OF THE Mowry Property, [illegible] C. Siebert, 406 Penn Street, or P. Keil, 349 Liberty Street, or John Siebert, 449 Penn Street. A. J. Pentecost, AUCTIONEER.

EAGLE Rolling Mills AND NAIL FACTORY FOR SALE. [illegible]

FIFTH AVENUE AND WOOD STREET PROPERTY FOR SALE. [illegible] HERRON & BATES, REAL ESTATE DEALERS, 83 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE. BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED Building Lots AT LEETSDALE, [illegible]

COAL PROPERTY FOR SALE— [illegible]

FOR SALE— A Warehouse on Liberty Street. [illegible]

Robt. H. Patterson & Co., LIVERY, SALE AND COMMISSION STABLES, Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Get the Best HOWE STANDARD SCALES [illegible]

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD— [illegible]

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, [illegible]

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. [illegible]

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PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. [illegible]

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KINDER BLAIR, MANUFACTURER OF Fine French Confectionery, Celebrated Walnut Candy, [illegible] Fruits, Nuts, Sauces, Jellies, Catsups, &c. 62 FIFTH AVE.

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